

Reprinted March 30, 2007

## **ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1557**

DIGEST OF HB 1557 (Updated March 29, 2007 2:49 pm - DI 101)

**Citations Affected:** IC 4-21.5; IC 5-11; IC 5-22; IC 24-4.5; IC 24-7; IC 26-2; IC 28-1; IC 28-2; IC 28-5; IC 28-6.1; IC 28-7; IC 28-8; IC 28-10; IC 28-11; IC 28-12; IC 28-13; IC 28-15.

Synopsis: Various financial institutions matters. Makes various changes to the laws concerning: (1) financial institutions; and (2) persons licensed under the Uniform Consumer Credit Code.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2007.



## Burton, Bardon

(SENATE SPONSOR — PAUL)

January 23, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions. February 1, 2007, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 19, 2007, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed. February 20, 2007, engrossed. February 22, 2007, read third time, passed. Yeas 91, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 27, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions.
March 22, 2007, reported favorably — Do Pass.
March 29, 2007, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1557

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 4-21.5-3-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.222-2005
SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) To qualify for review of a personnel action
to which IC 4-15-2 applies, a person must comply with IC 4-15-2-35
or IC 4-15-2-35.5. To qualify for review of any other order described
in section 4, 5, or 6 of this chapter, a person must petition for review in
a writing that does the following:

- (1) States facts demonstrating that:
  - (A) the petitioner is a person to whom the order is specifically directed;
  - (B) the petitioner is aggrieved or adversely affected by the order; or
  - (C) the petitioner is entitled to review under any law.
- (2) Includes, with respect to determinations of notice of program reimbursement and audit findings described in section 6(a)(3) and 6(a)(4) of this chapter, a statement of issues that includes:
  - (A) the specific findings, action, or determination of the office

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1	of Medicaid policy and planning or of a contractor of the
2	office of Medicaid policy and planning from which the
3	provider is appealing;
4	(B) the reason the provider believes that the finding, action, or
5	determination of the office of Medicaid policy and planning or
6	of a contractor of the office of Medicaid policy and planning
7	was in error; and
8	(C) with respect to each finding, action, or determination of
9	the office of Medicaid policy and planning or of a contractor
10	of the office of Medicaid policy and planning, the statutes or
11	rules that support the provider's contentions of error.
12	Not more than thirty (30) days after filing a petition for review
13	under this section, and upon a finding of good cause by the
14	administrative law judge, a person may amend the statement of
15	issues contained in a petition for review to add one (1) or more
16	additional issues.
17	(3) Is filed:
18	(A) if with respect to an order described in section 4, 5,
19	6(a)(1), or $6(a)(2)$ , or $6(a)(5)$ of this chapter, with the ultimate
20	authority for the agency issuing the order within fifteen (15)
21	days after the person is given notice of the order or any longer
22	period set by statute; or
23	(B) if with respect to a determination described in section
24	6(a)(3) or 6(a)(4) of this chapter, with the office of Medicaid
25	policy and planning not more than one hundred eighty (180)
26	days after the hospital is provided notice of the determination.
27	The issuance of an amended notice of program reimbursement by
28	the office of Medicaid policy and planning does not extend the
29	time within which a hospital must file a petition for review from
30	the original notice of program reimbursement under clause (B),
31	except for matters that are the subject of the amended notice of
32	program reimbursement.
33	If the petition for review is denied, the petition shall be treated as a
34	petition for intervention in any review initiated under subsection (d).
35	(b) If an agency denies a petition for review under subsection (a)
36	and the petitioner is not allowed to intervene as a party in a proceeding
37	resulting from the grant of the petition for review of another person, the
38	agency shall serve a written notice on the petitioner that includes the
39	following:
40	(1) A statement that the petition for review is denied.
41	(2) A brief explanation of the available procedures and the time

limit for seeking administrative review of the denial under



1	subsection (c).
2	(c) An agency shall assign an administrative law judge to conduct
3	a preliminary hearing on the issue of whether a person is qualified
4	under subsection (a) to obtain review of an order when a person
5	requests reconsideration of the denial of review in a writing that:
6	(1) states facts demonstrating that the person filed a petition for
7	review of an order described in section 4, 5, or 6 of this chapter;
8	(2) states facts demonstrating that the person was denied review
9	without an evidentiary hearing; and
10	(3) is filed with the ultimate authority for the agency denying the
11	review within fifteen (15) days after the notice required by
12	subsection (b) was served on the petitioner.
13	Notice of the preliminary hearing shall be given to the parties, each
14	person who has a pending petition for intervention in the proceeding,
15	and any other person described by section 5(d) of this chapter. The
16	resulting order must be served on the persons to whom notice of the
17	preliminary hearing must be given and include a statement of the facts
18	and law on which it is based.
19	(d) If a petition for review is granted, the petitioner becomes a party
20	to the proceeding and the agency shall assign the matter to an
21	administrative law judge or certify the matter to another agency for the
22	assignment of an administrative law judge (if a statute transfers
23	responsibility for a hearing on the matter to another agency). The
24	agency granting the administrative review or the agency to which the
25	matter is transferred may conduct informal proceedings to settle the
26	matter to the extent allowed by law.
27	SECTION 2. IC 5-11-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.4-2005,
28	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. (a) The state examiner, personally or through
30	the deputy examiners, field examiners, or private examiners, shall
31	examine all accounts and all financial affairs of every public office and
32	officer, state office, state institution, and entity.
33	(b) An examination of an entity deriving:
34	(1) less than fifty percent (50%); or
35	(2) at least fifty percent (50%) but less than one hundred thousand
36	dollars (\$100,000) if the entity is organized as a not-for-profit
37	corporation;
38	of its disbursements during the period of time subject to an
39	examination from appropriations, public funds, taxes, and other sources
40	of public expense shall be limited to matters relevant to the use of the
41	public money received by the entity.

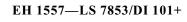
(c) The examination of an entity described in subsection (b) may be



1	waived or deferred by the state examiner if the state examiner
2	determines in writing that all disbursements of public money during the
3	period subject to examination were made for the purposes for which the
4	money was received. However, the:
5	(1) Indiana economic development corporation created by
6	IC 5-28-3 and the corporation's funds, accounts, and financial
7	affairs; and
8	(2) department of financial institutions established by
9	IC 28-11-1-1 and the department's funds, accounts, and
10	financial affairs;
11	shall be examined biennially by the state board of accounts.
12	(d) On every examination under this section, inquiry shall be made
13	as to the following:
14	(1) The financial condition and resources of each municipality,
15	office, institution, or entity.
16	(2) Whether the laws of the state and the uniform compliance
17	guidelines of the state board of accounts established under section
18	24 of this chapter have been complied with.
19	(3) The methods and accuracy of the accounts and reports of the
20	person examined.
21	The examinations shall be made without notice.
22	(e) If during an examination of a state office under this chapter the
23	examiner encounters an inefficiency in the operation of the state office,
24	the examiner may comment on the inefficiency in the examiner's report.
25	(f) The state examiner, deputy examiners, any field examiner, or any
26	private examiner, when engaged in making any examination or when
27	engaged in any official duty devolved upon them by the state examiner,
28	is entitled to do the following:
29	(1) Enter into any state, county, city, township, or other public
30	office in this state, or any entity, agency, or instrumentality, and
31	examine any books, papers, documents, or electronically stored
32	information for the purpose of making an examination.
33	(2) Have access, in the presence of the custodian or the
34	custodian's deputy, to the cash drawers and cash in the custody of
35	the officer.
36	(3) During business hours, examine the public accounts in any
37	depository that has public funds in its custody pursuant to the
38	laws of this state.
39	(g) The state examiner, deputy examiner, or any field examiner,
40	when engaged in making any examination authorized by law, may issue
41	subpoenas for witnesses to appear before the examiner in person or to

produce books, papers, or other records (including records stored in







1	electronic data processing systems) for inspection and examination.
2	The state examiner, deputy examiner, and any field examiner may
3	administer oaths and examine witnesses under oath orally or by
4	interrogatories concerning the matters under investigation and
5	examination. Under the authority of the state examiner, the oral
6	examinations may be transcribed with the reasonable expense paid by
7	the examined person in the same manner as the compensation of the
8	field examiner is paid. The subpoenas shall be served by any person
9	authorized to serve civil process from any court in this state. If a
.0	witness duly subpoenaed refuses to attend, refuses to produce
.1	information required in the subpoena, or attends and refuses to be
2	sworn or affirmed, or to testify when called upon to do so, the examiner
.3	may apply to the circuit court having jurisdiction of the witness for the
4	enforcement of attendance and answers to questions as provided by the
.5	law governing the taking of depositions.
6	SECTION 3. IC 5-22-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2005,
7	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
. 8	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. Except as provided in this article, this article
9	does not apply to the following:
20	(1) The commission for higher education.
21	(2) A state educational institution. However, IC 5-22-15 applies
22	to a state educational institution.
23	(3) Military officers and military and armory boards of the state.
24	(4) An entity established by the general assembly as a body
2.5	corporate and politic. However, IC 5-22-15 applies to a body
26	corporate and politic.
27	(5) A local hospital authority under IC 5-1-4.
28	(6) A municipally owned utility under IC 8-1-11.1 or IC 8-1.5.
29	(7) Hospitals established and operated under IC 16-22-1 through
0	IC 16-22-5, IC 16-22-8, IC 16-23-1, or IC 16-24-1.
1	(8) A library board under IC 36-12-3-16(b).
32	(9) A local housing authority under IC 36-7-18.
33	(10) Tax exempt Indiana nonprofit corporations leasing and
34	operating a city market owned by a political subdivision.
55	(11) A person paying for a purchase or lease with funds other than
66	public funds.
37	(12) A person that has entered into an agreement with a
8	governmental body under IC 5-23.
19	(13) A municipality for the operation of municipal facilities used

for the collection, treatment, purification, and disposal in a

sanitary manner of liquid and solid waste, sewage, night soil, and



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industrial waste.

1	(14) The department of financial institutions established by	
2	IC 28-11-1-1.	
3	SECTION 4. IC 24-4.5-1-102, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
4	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 102. Purposes; Rules of Construction—(1) This	
6	article shall be liberally construed and applied to promote its	
7	underlying purposes and policies.	
8	(2) The underlying purposes and policies of this article are:	
9	(a) to simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing retail	
10	installment sales, consumer credit, small loans, and usury;	
11	(b) to provide rate ceilings to assure an adequate supply of credit	
12	to consumers;	
13	(c) to further consumer understanding of the terms of credit	
14	transactions and to foster competition among suppliers of	
15	consumer credit so that consumers may obtain credit at	_
16	reasonable cost;	
17	(d) to protect consumer buyers, lessees, and borrowers against	
18	unfair practices by some suppliers of consumer credit, having due	
19	regard for the interests of legitimate and scrupulous creditors;	
20	(e) to permit and encourage the development of fair and	
21	economically sound consumer credit practices;	
22	(f) to conform the regulation of consumer credit transactions to	
23	the policies of the Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act; and	
24	(g) to make uniform the law including administrative rules among	_
25	the various jurisdictions.	
26	(3) A reference to a requirement imposed by this article includes	
27	reference to a related rule of the department adopted pursuant to this	
28	article.	
29	(4) A reference to a federal law in IC 24-4.5 is a reference to the law	
30	in effect December 31, <del>2005.</del> <b>2006.</b>	
31	SECTION 5. IC 24-4.5-1-201, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
32	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
33	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 201. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this	
34	section, this article applies to sales, leases, and loans made in this state	
35	and to modifications, including refinancings, consolidations and	
36	deferrals, made in this state, of sales, leases, and loans, wherever made.	
37	For purposes of this article, the following apply:	
38	(a) A sale or modification of a sale agreement is made in this state	
39	if the buyer's agreement or offer to purchase or to modify is	
40	received by the seller or a person acting on behalf of the seller in	
41	this state.	

(b) A lease or modification of a lease agreement is made in this



1	state if the lessee's agreement or offer to lease or to modify is
2	received by the lessor or a person acting on behalf of the lessor in
3	this state. <del>and</del>
4	(c) A loan or modification of a loan agreement is made in this
5	state if a writing signed by the debtor and evidencing the debt is
6	received by the lender or a person acting on behalf of the lender
7	in this state.
8	(d) A sale, lease, or loan transaction occurs in Indiana if a
9	consumer who is a resident of Indiana enters into a consumer
10	sale, lease, or loan transaction with a creditor in another state
11	and the creditor has advertised or solicited sales, leases, or
12	loans in Indiana by any means, including by mail, brochure,
13	telephone, print, radio, television, the Internet, or electronic
14	means. However, during the period beginning July 1, 2007,
15	and ending June 30, 2009, this subdivision does not apply to
16	an affiliate or a subsidiary of a financial corporation issued a
17	certificate of authority to operate as an industrial loan and
18	investment company under IC 28-5 if all of the following
19	apply:
20	(i) The industrial loan and investment company notifies the
21	department in writing that an affiliate or a subsidiary of
22	the industrial loan and investment company engages or
23	plans to engage in activity involving Indiana residents at
24	an out of state location. The notification required by this
25	clause must list all states other than Indiana in which
26	consumer loans may be made and must describe the nature
27	of the proposed transactions.
28	(ii) The industrial loan and investment company provides
29	written consent allowing the department to consult with
30	and review information provided by other state regulators,
31	as may be requested by the department, concerning the
32	activities identified in clause (i) of any affiliate or
33	subsidiary engaging in consumer lending to Indiana
34	residents in the states identified under clause (i).
35	For purposes of subdivisions (a) through (c), an offer is received by
36	a creditor in Indiana if the offer is physically delivered, or
37	otherwise transmitted or communicated, to a person who has
38	actual or apparent authority to act for the creditor in Indiana,
39	regardless of whether approval, acceptance, or ratification by any
40	other agent or representative of the creditor in another state is
41	necessary to give legal consequence to the consumer credit



transaction.

	With respect to sales made pursuant to a revolving charge
accou	int (IC 24-4.5-2-108), this article applies if the buyer's
comn	nunication or indications of the buyer's intention to establish the
accou	ant is received by the seller in this state. If no communication or
indica	ation of intention is given by the buyer before the first sale, this
article	e applies if the seller's communication notifying the buyer of the
privil	ege of using the account is mailed or personally delivered in this
state.	
(3)	With respect to loans made pursuant to a lender credit card or
simila	ar arrangement, this article applies if the debtor's communication
or ind	lication of the debtor's intention to establish the arrangement with
the le	nder is received by the lender in this state. If no communication
or ind	lication of intention is given by the debtor before the first loan,
this a	rticle applies if the lender's communication notifying the debtor
of the	e privilege of using the arrangement is mailed or personally
delive	ered in this state.
<del>(4)</del>	(2) IC 24-4.5-5-101 through IC 24-4.5-5-108 apply to actions or
other	proceedings brought in this state to enforce rights arising from
consu	imer credit sales, consumer leases, or consumer loans, or
extort	tionate extensions of credit, wherever made.
<del>(5)</del>	) If a consumer credit sale, consumer lease, or consumer loan, or
modi	fication thereof, is made in another state to a person who is a
reside	ent of this state when the sale, lease, loan, or modification is made,
the fo	ollowing provisions apply as though the transaction occurred in
this st	tate:
+	(a) a seller, a lessor, a lender, or an assignee of the seller's,
1	lessor's, or assignee's rights, may not collect charges through
7	actions or other proceedings in excess of those permitted by
}	IC 24-4.5-2, IC 24-4.5-3, or IC 24-4.5-7; and
1	(b) a seller, a lessor, a lender, or an assignee of the seller's,
1	lessor's, or assignee's rights, may not enforce rights against the
	buyer, lessee, or debtor, with respect to the provisions of
	agreements which violate the provisions on limitations on
	agreements and practices of IC 24-4.5-2, IC 24-4.5-3, or
	IC 24-4.5-7.
<del>(6)</del>	(3) Except as provided in subsection (4), (2), a sale, lease, loan,
	dification thereof, made in another state to a person who was not

loan, as not a resident of this state when the sale, lease, loan, or modification was made is valid and enforceable in this state according to its terms to the extent that it is valid and enforceable under the laws of the state applicable to the transaction.

(7) (4) For the purposes of this article, the residence of a buyer,











lessee, or debtor is the address given by the buyer, lessee, or debtor as the buyer's, lessee's, or debtor's residence in any writing signed or electronic communication made by the buyer, lessee, or debtor in connection with a credit transaction. Until the buyer, lessee, or debtor notifies the creditor of a new or different address, the given address is presumed to be unchanged.

(7.5) With respect to a consumer credit sale, consumer lease, or consumer loan, or modification thereof, to which this article does not otherwise apply by reason of subsections (1) through (3), if pursuant to a solicitation relating to a consumer credit sale, consumer lease, or consumer loan, a person who is a resident of this state sends a signed writing evidencing the obligation or offer of the person to a creditor in another state and receives the goods or service purchased, the goods leased, or the cash proceeds of the loan in this state:

(a) a seller, a lessor, a lender or an assignee of the seller's, lessor's, or lender's rights may not contract for or receive charges in excess of those permitted by IC 24-4.5-2, IC 24-4.5-3, or IC 24-4.5-7; (b) the provisions of IC 24-4.5-2-301, IC 24-4.5-3-301, and IC 24-4.5-7-301 shall apply as though the sale, lease, or loan were made in this state; and

(c) the provisions of IC 24-4.5-6-101 through IC 24-4.5-6-117 shall apply as though the sale, lease, or loan were made in this state.

(7.6) For the purpose of this section, a solicitation, relating to a consumer credit sale, consumer lease, or consumer loan, includes: (a) with respect to sales and leases, an offer by a catalog, pamphlet, flier, letter, or similar written material to sell or lease goods or to sell services if the terms for the extension of credit are contained therein and regardless of whether or not the instrument of solicitation is sent or delivered at the request of the buyer or lessee; (b) with respect to loans, an offer by pamphlet, flier, letter, or similar written material to make loans if the terms for the extension of credit are contained therein and regardless of whether or not the instrument of solicitation is sent or delivered at the request of the debtor; and (c) with respect to sales, leases, and loans, an offer by telephone to extend credit if initiated by the seller, lessor, or lender.

(8) (5) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section:

(a) except as provided in subsection (4), (2), this article does not apply if the buyer, lessee, or debtor is not a resident of this state at the time of a credit transaction and the parties then agree that the law of the buyer's, lessee's, or debtor's residence applies; and (b) this article applies if the buyer, lessee, or debtor is a resident

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1	of this state at the time of a credit transaction and the parties then
2	agree that the law of this state applies.
3	(9) (6) Except as provided in subsection (8), (5), the following
4	agreements by a buyer, lessee, or debtor are invalid with respect to
5	consumer credit sales, consumer leases, consumer loans, or
6	modifications thereof, to which this article applies:
7	(a) that the law of another state shall apply;
8	(b) that the buyer, lessee, or debtor consents to the jurisdiction of
9	another state; and
10	(c) that fixes venue.
11	(10) (7) The following provisions of this article specify the
12	applicable law governing certain cases:
13	(a) applicability (IC 24-4.5-6-102) of the provisions on powers
14	and functions of the department; and
15	(b) applicability (IC 24-4.5-6-201) of the provisions on
16	notification and fees.
17	(8) If a creditor has violated the provisions of this article that
18	apply to the authority to make consumer loans (IC 24-4.5-3-502),
19	the loan is void and the debtor is not obligated to pay either the
20	principal or loan finance charge, as set forth in IC 24-4.5-5-202.
21	SECTION 6. IC 24-4.5-2-202 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 202. (1) In addition to
23	the credit service charge permitted by IC 24-4.5-2-201 through
24	IC 24-4.5-2-210, a seller may contract for and receive any of the
25	following additional charges in connection with a consumer credit sale:
26	(a) Official fees and taxes.
27	(b) Charges for insurance as described in subsection (2).
28	(c) Notwithstanding provisions of the Federal Consumer Credit
29	Protection Act concerning disclosure, charges for other benefits,
30	including insurance, conferred on the buyer, if the benefits are of
31	value to him the buyer and if the charges are reasonable in
32	relation to the benefits, are of a type which is not for credit and
33	are excluded as permissible additional charges from the credit
34	service charge. With respect to any additional charge not
35	specifically provided for in this section, to be a permitted charge
36	under this subsection the seller must submit a written explanation
37	of the charge to the department indicating how the charge would
38	be assessed and the value or benefit to the buyer. Supporting
39	documents may be required by the department. The department
40	shall determine whether the charge would be of benefit to the
41	buyer and is reasonable in relation to the benefits.

(d) A charge not to exceed twenty twenty-five dollars (\$20) (\$25)



1	for each return by a bank or other depository institution of a
2	dishonored check, negotiable order of withdrawal, or share draft
3	issued by the debtor.
4	(e) Annual or periodic participation fees assessed in connection
5	with a revolving charge account. Annual participation fees
6	must:
7	(i) be reasonable in amount;
8	(ii) bear a reasonable relationship to the seller's costs to
9	maintain and monitor the charge account; and
10	(iii) not be assessed for the purpose of circumvention or
11	evasion of this article, as determined by the department.
12	(2) An additional charge may be made for insurance written in
13	connection with the sale, other than insurance protecting the seller
14	against the buyer's default or other credit loss:
15	(a) with respect to insurance against loss of or damage to
16	property, or against liability, if the seller furnishes a clear and
17	specific statement in writing to the buyer, setting forth the cost of
18	the insurance if obtained from or through the seller and stating
19	that the buyer may choose the person, subject to the seller's
20	reasonable approval, through whom the insurance is to be
21	obtained; and
22	(b) with respect to consumer credit insurance providing life,
23	accident, unemployment or other loss of income, or health
24	coverage, if the insurance coverage is not a factor in the approval
25	by the seller of the extension of credit and is clearly disclosed in
26	writing to the buyer, and if, in order to obtain the insurance in
27	connection with the extension of credit, the buyer gives specific,
28	affirmative, written indication of the desire to do so after written
29	disclosure of the cost.
30	(3) With respect to a debt secured by an interest in land, the
31	following closing costs, if the costs are bona fide, reasonable in
32	amount, and not for the purpose of circumvention or evasion of this
33	article:
34	(a) fees for title examination, abstract of title, title insurance,
35	property surveys, or similar purposes;
36	(b) fees for preparing deeds, mortgages, and reconveyance,
37	settlement, and similar documents;
38	(c) notary and credit report fees;
39	(d) amounts required to be paid into escrow or trustee accounts if
40	the amounts would not otherwise be included in the loan finance
41	charge; and
42	(e) appraisal fees.



1	SECTION 7. IC 24-4.5-3-202 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 202. (1) In addition to
3	the loan finance charge permitted by IC 24-4.5-3-201 through
4	IC 24-4.5-3-210, a lender may contract for and receive the following
5	additional charges in connection with a consumer loan:
6	(a) Official fees and taxes.
7	(b) Charges for insurance as described in subsection (2).
8	(c) Annual or periodic participation fees assessed in connection
9	with a revolving loan account. Annual participation fees must:
10	(i) be reasonable in amount;
11	(ii) bear a reasonable relationship to the lender's costs to
12	maintain and monitor the loan account; and
13	(iii) not be assessed for the purpose of circumvention or
14	evasion of this article, as determined by the department.
15	(d) With respect to a debt secured by an interest in land, the
16	following closing costs, if they are bona fide, reasonable in
17	amount, and not for the purpose of circumvention or evasion of
18	this article:
19	(i) Fees for title examination, abstract of title, title insurance,
20	property surveys, or similar purposes.
21	(ii) Fees for preparing deeds, mortgages, and reconveyance,
22	settlement, and similar documents.
23	(iii) Notary and credit report fees.
24	(iv) Amounts required to be paid into escrow or trustee
25	accounts if the amounts would not otherwise be included in
26	the loan finance charge.
27	(v) Appraisal fees.
28	(e) Notwithstanding provisions of the Federal Consumer Credit
29	Protection Act concerning disclosure, charges for other benefits,
30	including insurance, conferred on the debtor, if the benefits are of
31	value to the debtor and if the charges are reasonable in relation
32	to the benefits, are of a type which is not for credit and are
33	excluded as permissible additional charges from the loan finance
34	charge. With respect to any other additional charge not
35	specifically provided for in this section to be a permitted charge
36	under this subsection, the creditor must submit a written
37	explanation of the charge to the department indicating how the
38	charge would be assessed and the value or benefit to the debtor.
39	Supporting documents may be required by the department. The
40	department shall determine whether the charge would be of
41	benefit to the debtor and is reasonable in relation to the benefits.

(f) A charge not to exceed twenty twenty-five dollars (\$20) (\$25)



1	for each return by a bank or other depository institution of a
2	dishonored check, negotiable order of withdrawal, or share draft
3	issued by the debtor.
4	(g) With respect to a revolving loan account, a fee not to exceed
5	twenty twenty-five dollars (\$20) (\$25) in each billing cycle
6	during which the balance due under the revolving loan account
7	exceeds by more than one hundred dollars (\$100) the maximum
8	credit limit for the account established by the lender.
9	(h) With respect to a revolving loan account, a transaction fee that
0	may not exceed the lesser of the following:
1	(i) Two percent (2%) of the amount of the transaction.
2	(ii) Ten dollars (\$10).
3	The additional charges provided for in paragraphs subdivisions (f), (g),
4	and (h) are not subject to refund or rebate.
5	(2) An additional charge may be made for insurance in connection
6	with the loan, other than insurance protecting the lender against the
7	debtor's default or other credit loss:
.8	(a) with respect to insurance against loss of or damage to property
9	or against liability, if the lender furnishes a clear and specific
20	statement in writing to the debtor, setting forth the cost of the
21	insurance if obtained from or through the lender and stating that
22	the debtor may choose the person, subject to the lender's
23	reasonable approval, through whom the insurance is to be
24	obtained; and
2.5	(b) with respect to consumer credit insurance providing life,
26	accident, unemployment or other loss of income, or health
27	coverage, if the insurance coverage is not a factor in the approval
28	by the lender of the extension of credit and this fact is clearly
29	disclosed in writing to the debtor, and if, in order to obtain the
0	insurance in connection with the extension of credit, the debtor
31	gives specific affirmative written indication of the desire to do so
32	after written disclosure of the cost of the insurance.
33	SECTION 8. IC 24-4.5-3-402 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 402. (1) Except as
55	provided in IC 24-9-4-3 with respect to a high cost home loan (as
66	defined in IC 24-9-2-8), with respect to a consumer loan, other than
57	one pursuant to a revolving loan account or one on which only loan
8	finance charges are payable prior to the time that the final scheduled
9	payment is due, if any scheduled payment is more than twice as large

as the average of earlier scheduled payments, the debtor has the right to refinance the amount of that payment at the time it is due without

penalty. The terms of the refinancing shall be no less favorable to the

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1	debtor than the terms of the original loan. This section does not apply
2	to the extent that the payment schedule is adjusted to the seasonal or
3	irregular income of the debtor.
4	(2) For the purposes of this section, "terms of the refinancing"
5	means:
6	(a) in the case of a fixed-rate consumer loan, the individual
7	payment amounts, the charges as a result of default by the debtor,
8	and the rate of the loan finance charge; and
9	(b) in the case of a variable rate consumer loan, the method used
10	to determine the individual payment amounts, the charges as a
11	result of default by the debtor, the method used to determine the
12	rate of the loan finance charge, the circumstances under which the
13	rate of the loan finance charge may increase, and any limitations
14	on the increase in the rate of the loan finance charge.
15	(3) If a consumer loan is made under the authority of the
16	Alternative Mortgage Transaction Parity Act (12 U.S.C. 3802 et
17	seq.), the note evidencing the mortgage must contain a reference to
18	the applicable federal law.
19	SECTION 9. IC 24-4.5-3-503, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
20	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 503. License to Make Consumer Loans—(1) The
22	department shall receive and act on all applications for licenses to
23	make consumer loans. Applications must be as prescribed by the
24	director of the department of financial institutions.
25	(2) A license shall not be issued unless the department finds that the
26	financial responsibility, character, and fitness of the applicant and of
27	the members of the applicant (if the applicant is a copartnership or an
28	association) and of the officers and directors of the applicant (if the
29	applicant is a corporation) are such as to warrant belief that the
30	business will be operated honestly and fairly within the purposes of this
31	article. The director is entitled to request evidence of compliance with
32	this section at:
33	(a) the time of application;
34	(b) the time of renewal of a license; or
35	(c) any other time considered necessary by the director.
36	(3) Evidence of compliance with this section may include:
37	(a) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
38	history check by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
39	(b) credit histories; and
40	(c) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
41	(4) The department may deny an application under this section if the

director of the department determines that the application was



1	submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not	
2	qualify for a license.	
3	(5) Upon written request, the applicant is entitled to a hearing on the	
4	question of the qualifications of the applicant for a license as provided	
5	in IC 4-21.5.	
6	(6) The applicant shall pay the following fees at the time designated	
7	by the department:	
8	(a) An initial license fee as established by the department under	
9	IC 28-11-3-5.	
10	(b) An initial investigation fee as established by the department	
11	under IC 28-11-3-5.	
12	(c) An annual renewal fee as established by the department under	
13	IC 28-11-3-5.	
14	(d) (7) A fee as established by the department under IC 28-11-3-5	
15	may be charged for each day the annual renewal fee under subsection	
16	(6)(c) is delinquent.	
17	(7) (8) The applicant may deduct the fees required under subsection	
18	(6)(a) through (6)(c) from the filing fees paid under IC 24-4.5-6-203.	
19	(8) (9) A loan license issued under this section is not assignable or	
20	transferable.	
21	(10) Subject to subsection (11), the director may designate an	
22	automated central licensing system and repository, operated by a	
23	third party, to serve as the sole entity responsible for:	
24	(a) processing applications and renewals for licenses under	
25	this section; and	
26	(b) performing other services that the director determines are	,
27	necessary for the orderly administration of the department's	
28	licensing system.	
29	(11) The director's authority to designate an automated central	
30	licensing system and repository under subsection (10) is subject to	
31	the following:	
32	(a) The director or the director's designee may not require	
33	any person exempt from licensure under this article, or any	
34	employee or agent of an exempt person, to:	
35	(i) submit information to; or	
36	(ii) participate in;	
37	the automated central licensing system and repository.	
38	(b) Information stored in the automated central licensing	
39	system and repository is subject to the confidentiality	
40	provisions of IC 28-1-2-30 and IC 5-14-3. A person may not:	
41	(i) obtain information from the automated central licensing	
42	system and repository, unless the person is authorized to	



1	do so by statute; or	
2	(ii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained	
3	from the automated central licensing system if the	
4	information is not otherwise available to the person under	
5	any other state law; or	
6	(iii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained	
7	from the automated central licensing system if the person	
8	could not have initiated the action based on information	
9	otherwise available to the person under any other state	
0	law.	
1	(c) Documents, materials, and other forms of information in	
2	the control or possession of the automated central licensing	
.3	system and repository that are furnished by the director, the	
4	director's designee, or a licensee, or that are otherwise	
.5	obtained by the automated central licensing system and	
6	repository, are confidential and privileged by law and are not:	
7	(i) subject to inspection under IC 5-14-3;	
. 8	(ii) subject to subpoena;	
9	(iii) subject to discovery; or	
20	(iv) admissible in evidence in any civil action.	
21	However, the director or the director's designee may use the	
22	documents, materials, or other information available to the	
23	director or the director's designee in furtherance of any	
24	action brought in connection with the director's duties under	
25	this article.	
26	(d) Disclosure of documents, materials, and information:	
27	(i) to the director or the director's designee; or	
28	(ii) by the director or the director's designee;	V
29	under this subsection does not result in a waiver of any	
30	applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality with respect to	
31	the documents, materials, or information.	
32	(e) Information provided to the automated central licensing	
33	system and repository is subject to IC 4-1-11.	
34	(f) This subsection does not limit or impair a person's right to:	
35	(i) obtain information;	
66	(ii) use information as evidence in a civil action or	
37	proceeding; or	
8	(iii) use information to initiate a civil action or proceeding;	
9	if the information may be obtained from the director or the	
10	director's designee under any law.	
1	(g) The director may require a licensee required to submit	
12	information to the automated central licensing system and	



repository to	pay a	processing	fee considered	reasonable	by
the director.					

SECTION 10. IC 24-4.5-3-504 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 504. Revocation or Suspension of License—(1) The department may issue to a person licensed to make consumer loans an order to show cause why the license should not be revoked or suspended for a period determined by the department. The order shall state the place and time for a hearing and set a time for the hearing meeting with the department that is no less than ten (10) days from the date of the order. After the hearing, meeting, the department shall revoke or suspend the license if the department finds that:

- (a) the licensee has repeatedly and willfully violated this article or any rule or order lawfully made pursuant to this article; or
- (b) facts or conditions exist which would clearly have justified the department in refusing to grant a license had these facts or conditions been known to exist at the time the application for the license was made.
- (2) Except as provided in section 503.5 of this chapter, no revocation or suspension of a license is lawful unless prior to institution of proceedings by the department notice is given to the licensee of the facts or conduct which warrant the intended action, and the licensee is given an opportunity to show compliance with all lawful requirements for retention of the license.
- (3) If the department finds that probable cause for revocation of a license exists and that enforcement of this article requires immediate suspension of the license pending investigation, the department may, after a hearing meeting with the licensee upon five (5) days written notice to the licensee, enter an order suspending the license for not more than thirty (30) days.
- (4) Whenever the department revokes or suspends a license, the department shall enter an order to that effect and forthwith notify the licensee of the revocation or suspension. Within five (5) days after the entry of the order the department shall deliver to the licensee a copy of the order and the findings supporting the order.
- (5) Any person holding a license to make consumer loans may relinquish the license by notifying the department in writing of its relinquishment, but this relinquishment shall not affect the person's liability for acts previously committed.
- (6) No revocation, suspension, or relinquishment of a license shall impair or affect the obligation of any preexisting lawful contract between the licensee and any debtor.













1	(7) The department may reinstate a license, terminate a suspension,
2	or grant a new license to a person whose license has been revoked or
3	suspended if no fact or condition then exists which clearly would have
4	justified the department in refusing to grant a license.
5	(8) If the director:
6	(a) has just cause to believe an emergency exists from which it is
7	necessary to protect the interests of the public; or
8	(b) determines that the license was obtained for the benefit of, or
9	on behalf of, a person who does not qualify for a license;
10	the director may proceed with the revocation of the license under
11	IC 4-21.5-3-6.
12	SECTION 11. IC 24-4.5-3-505 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 505. Records; Annual
14	Reports—(1) Every licensee shall maintain records in conformity with
15	generally accepted accounting principles and practices in a manner that
16	will enable the department to determine whether the licensee is
17	complying with the provisions of this article. The record keeping
18	system of a licensee shall be sufficient if the licensee makes the
19	required information reasonably available. The department shall
20	determine the sufficiency of the records and whether the licensee has
21	made the required information reasonably available. The department
22	shall be given free access to the records wherever located. The records
23	pertaining to any loan shall be retained for two (2) years after making
24	the final entry relating to the loan, but in the case of a revolving loan
25	account the two (2) years is measured from the date of each entry.
26	(2) Every licensee shall file with the department a composite report
27	as required by the department, but not more frequently than annually,
28	in the form prescribed by the department relating to all consumer loans
29	made by the licensee. The department shall consult with comparable
30	officials in other states for the purpose of making the kinds of
31	information required in the reports uniform among the states.
32	Information contained in the reports shall be confidential and may be
33	published only in composite form. The department may impose a fee
34	of five dollars (\$5) in an amount fixed by the department under
35	IC 28-11-3-5 for each day that a licensee fails to file the report
36	required by this subsection.
37	(3) Every licensee shall file notification with the department if the
38	licensee:
39	(a) has a change in name, address, or principals;
40	(b) opens a new branch, closes an existing branch, or relocates an
41	existing branch;



(c) files for bankruptcy or reorganization; or

1	(d) is subject to revocation or suspension proceedings by a state
2	or governmental authority with regard to the licensee's activities;
3	not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the event described in
4	this subsection.
5	(4) Every licensee shall file notification with the department if a key
6	officer or director of the licensee:
7	(a) is under indictment for a felony indictment related to the
8	<del>licensee's</del> activities; involving fraud, deceit, or
9	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
0	jurisdiction; or
1	(b) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere
2	to a felony related to the licensee's activities; involving fraud,
3	deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any
4	other jurisdiction;
.5	not later than thirty (30) days after the date of the event described in
6	this subsection.
7	SECTION 12. IC 24-4.5-4-108 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 108. Refund or Credit
9	Required; Amount — (1) Upon prepayment in full of a consumer credit
20	sale or consumer loan by the proceeds of consumer credit insurance,
21	the debtor or the debtor's estate is entitled to a refund of:
22	(a) any portion of a separate charge for insurance which by reason
23	of prepayment is retained by the creditor or returned to the
24	creditor by the insurer unless the charge was computed from time
25	to time on the basis of the balances of the debtor's account; and
26	(b) any portion of an additional charge that is:
27	(i) assessed in accordance with IC 24-4.5-2-202 or
28	IC 24-4.5-3-202; and
29	(ii) subject to rebate upon prepayment.
0	(2) This chapter does not require a creditor to grant a refund or
1	credit to the debtor if all refunds and credits due to the debtor under
32	this chapter amount to less than one dollar (\$1), and except as provided
3	in subsection (1) does not require the creditor to account to the debtor
4	for any portion of a separate charge for insurance because:
55	(a) the insurance is terminated by performance of the insurer's
6	obligation;
37	(b) the creditor pays or accounts for premiums to the insurer in
8	amounts and at times determined by the agreement between them;
9	or
10	(c) the creditor receives directly or indirectly under any policy of
1	insurance a gain or advantage not prohibited by law.
12	(3) Except as provided in subsection (2), the creditor or the



1	creditor's assignee shall promptly make an appropriate refund or credit
2	to the debtor for any separate charge made for insurance if:
3	(a) the insurance is not provided or is provided for a term shorter
4	than the term for which the charge to the debtor for insurance was
5	computed; or
6	(b) the insurance terminates prior to the end of the scheduled term
7	of the insurance because of prepayment in full or otherwise.
8	(4) A refund or credit required by subsection (3) is appropriate as to
9	amount if it is computed according to a method prescribed or approved
10	by the insurance commissioner or a formula filed by the insurer with
11	the insurance commissioner at least thirty (30) days before the debtor's
12	right to a refund or credit becomes determinable, unless the method or
13	formula is used after the insurance commissioner notifies the insurer
14	that it is disapproved.
15	(5) If a refund or credit required by subsection (3) (1) is not made
16	to the debtor within sixty (60) days after the date the insurance debt is
17	terminated, due to prepayment in full or otherwise, the creditor shall
18	pay to the debtor for each day after the sixty (60) day period has
19	expired an amount equal to the daily interest at the contracted annual
20	percentage rate on the amount of the <del>credit insurance premium</del> refund
21	required by subsection (1) due at the time of prepayment or
22	termination. The director may impose an additional civil penalty of
23	not greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per occurrence if a
24	creditor engages in a pattern or practice of failing to comply with
<b>24</b>	creditor engages in a pattern or practice or failing to compry with
25	the subsection.
25	the subsection.
25 26	the subsection. SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25 26 27	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to
25 26 27 28	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the
25 26 27 28 29	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:
25 26 27 28 29 30	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings on the department's own initiative;
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings on the department's own initiative;  (b) counsel persons and groups on their rights and duties under
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings on the department's own initiative;  (b) counsel persons and groups on their rights and duties under this article;
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings on the department's own initiative;  (b) counsel persons and groups on their rights and duties under this article;  (c) establish programs for the education of consumers with
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings on the department's own initiative; (b) counsel persons and groups on their rights and duties under this article; (c) establish programs for the education of consumers with respect to credit practices and problems;
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	the subsection.  SECTION 13. IC 24-4.5-6-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) In addition to other powers granted by this article, the department within the limitations provided by law may:  (a) receive and act on complaints, take action designed to obtain voluntary compliance with this article, or commence proceedings on the department's own initiative;  (b) counsel persons and groups on their rights and duties under this article;  (c) establish programs for the education of consumers with respect to credit practices and problems;  (d) make studies appropriate to effectuate the purposes and

procedural rules, orders, policies, and forms to carry out the



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provisions of this article;

1	(f) maintain more than one (1) office within Indiana; and
2	(g) appoint any necessary attorneys, hearing examiners, clerks,
3	and other employees and agents and fix their compensation, and
4	authorize attorneys appointed under this section to appear for and
5	represent the department in court.
6	(2) No liability is imposed under this article for an act done or
7	omitted in conformity with a rule, written notice, written opinion,
8	written interpretation, or written directive of the department
9	notwithstanding that after the act or omission the rule, written notice,
10	written opinion, written interpretation, or written directive may be
11	amended or repealed, or be determined by judicial or other authority to
12	be invalid for any reason.
13	SECTION 14. IC 24-4.5-6-106, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
14	SECTION 14. IC 24-4.3-0-100, AS AMENDED BY 1.E.37-2000, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 106. Examinations—(1) In administering this
	article and in order to determine whether the provisions of this article
16	1
17	are being complied with by persons engaging in acts subject to this
18	article, the department may examine the books and records of persons
19	and may make investigations of persons as may be necessary to
20	determine compliance. Records subject to examination under this
21	section include the following:
22	(a) Training, operating, and policy manuals.
23	(b) Minutes of:
24	(i) management meetings; and
25	(ii) other meetings.
26	(c) Other records that the department determines are
27	necessary to perform its investigation or examination.
28	The department may also administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena
29	witnesses, compel their attendance, adduce evidence, and require the
30	production of any matter which is relevant to the investigation. The
31	department shall determine the sufficiency of the records maintained
32	and whether the person has made the required information reasonably
33	available. The records pertaining to any transaction subject to this
34	article shall be retained for two (2) years after making the final entry
35	relating to the consumer credit transaction, but in the case of a
36	revolving loan account or revolving charge account, the two (2) years
37	is measured from the date of each entry.
38	(2) If the department:
39	(a) investigates; or
40	(b) examines the books and records of;

a person that is subject to IC 24-4.5-6-201, IC 24-4.5-6-202, and

IC 24-4.5-6-203, the person shall pay all reasonably incurred costs of



41

the investigation or examination in accordance with the fee schedule adopted by the department under IC 28-11-3-5. However, the person is liable for the costs of an investigation or examination under this subsection only to the extent that the costs exceed the amount of the filing fees paid most recently under IC 24-4.5-6-203. Any costs required to be paid under this subsection shall be paid not later than sixty (60) days after the person receives a notice from the department of the costs being assessed. The department may impose a fee, in an amount fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5, for each day that the assessed costs are not paid, beginning on the first day after the sixty (60) day period described in this subsection.

- (3) The department shall be given free access to the records wherever located. If the person's records are located outside Indiana, the records shall be made available to the department at a convenient location within Indiana, or the person shall pay the reasonable and necessary expenses for the department or its representative to examine them where they are maintained. The department may designate comparable officials of the state in which the records are located to inspect them on behalf of the department.
- (4) Upon failure without lawful excuse to obey a subpoena or to give testimony and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby, the department may apply to (any civil) court for an order compelling compliance.
- (5) The department shall not make public the name or identity of a person whose acts or conduct the department investigates pursuant to this section or the facts disclosed in the investigation, but this subsection does not apply to disclosures in actions or enforcement proceedings pursuant to this article.

SECTION 15. IC 24-4.5-6-113 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 113. Civil Actions by Department—(1) After demand, the department may bring a civil action against a creditor for making or collecting charges in excess of those permitted by this article. An action may relate to transactions with more than one debtor. If it is found that an excess charge has been made, the court shall order the respondent to refund to the debtor or debtors the amount of the excess charge. If a creditor has made an excess charge in deliberate violation of or in reckless disregard for this article, or if a creditor has refused to refund an excess charge within a reasonable time after demand by the debtor or the department, the court may also order the respondent to pay to the debtor or debtors a civil penalty in an amount determined by the court not in excess of the











greater of either the amount of the credit service or loan finance charge or ten (10) times the amount of the charge. Refunds and penalties to which the debtor is entitled pursuant to this subsection may be set off against the debtor's obligation. If a debtor brings an action against a creditor to recover an excess charge or civil penalty, an action by the department to recover for the same excess charge or civil penalty shall be stayed while the debtor's action is pending and shall be dismissed if the debtor's action is dismissed with prejudice or results in a final judgment granting or denying the debtor's claim. With respect to excess charges arising from sales made pursuant to revolving charge accounts or from loans made pursuant to revolving loan accounts, no action pursuant to this subsection may be brought more than two (2) years after the time the excess charge was made. With respect to excess charges arising from other consumer credit sales or consumer loans, no action pursuant to this subsection may be brought more than one (1) year after the due date of the last scheduled payment of the agreement pursuant to which the charge was made. If the creditor establishes by a preponderance of evidence that a violation is unintentional or the result of a bona fide error, no liability to pay a penalty shall be imposed under this subsection.

- (2) The department may bring a civil action against a creditor or a person acting in his behalf to recover a civil penalty for willfully violating this article, and if the court finds that the defendant has engaged in a course of repeated and willful violations of this article, it may assess a civil penalty of no more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). No civil penalty pursuant to this subsection may be imposed for violations of this article occurring more than two (2) years before the action is brought or for making unconscionable agreements or engaging in a course of fraudulent or unconscionable conduct.
- (3) If the department determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that a person has violated this article, the department may, in addition to or instead of all other remedies available under this section, impose upon the person a civil penalty not greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per violation.

SECTION 16. IC 24-4.5-6-201, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 201. (1) This section, IC 24-4.5-6-202, and IC 24-4.5-6-203 apply to a person, including a supervised financial organization, but not including a collection agency licensed under IC 25-11-1, engaged in Indiana in any of the following:

(a) Making consumer credit sales, consumer leases, or consumer loans.

EH 1557—LS 7853/DI 101+











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1	(b) Taking assignments of rights against debtors that arise from
2	sales, leases, or loans by a person having an office or a place of
3	business in Indiana.
4	(c) Undertaking direct collection of payments from the debtors or
5	enforcement of rights against the debtors.
6	(d) Placing consumer credit insurance, receiving commissions for
7	consumer credit insurance, or acting as a limited line credit
8	insurance producer in the sale of consumer credit insurance.
9	(e) Selling insurance or other benefits, the charges for which
10	are approved by the department as additional charges under
11	IC 24-4.5-2-202 or IC 24-4.5-3-202.
12	(2) This section, IC 24-4.5-6-202, and IC 24-4.5-6-203 are not
13	applicable to a seller whose credit sales consist entirely of sales made
14	pursuant to a seller credit card issued by a person other than the seller
15	if the issuer of the card has complied with the provisions of this
16	section, IC 24-4.5-6-202, and IC 24-4.5-6-203.
17	(3) This section, IC 24-4.5-6-202, and IC 24-4.5-6-203 apply to a
18	seller whose credit sales are made using credit cards that:
19	(a) are issued by a lender;
20	(b) are in the name of the seller; and
21	(c) can be used by the buyer or lessee only for purchases or leases
22	at locations of the named seller.
23	SECTION 17. IC 24-4.5-6-202 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 202. (1) Persons, other
25	than applicants for a license under IC 24-4.5-3-502(3), that are
26	subject to IC 24-4.5-6-201, this section, and IC 24-4.5-6-203 shall file
27	notification with the department within thirty (30) days after
28	commencing business in this state, Indiana and thereafter on or before
29	January 31 of each year an annual basis, on the date set forth in
30	subsection (2). The notification shall state the:
31	(a) name of the person;
32	(b) name in which business is transacted if different from
33	subdivision (a);
34	(c) address of principal office, which may be outside this state;
35	Indiana; and
36	(d) address of all offices or retail stores, if any, in this state
37	Indiana at which consumer credit sales, consumer leases, or
38	consumer loans are made, or in the case of a person taking
39	assignments of obligations, the offices or places of business
40	within this state Indiana at which business is transacted.

(2) If information in a notification becomes inaccurate after filing,

no further notification is required until the following



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(2) A person	required to be licensed under this article shall file
the notification	required by subsection (1) not later than December
31 of each year	c. All other persons subject to this section shall file
the notification	required by subsection (1) not later than January 3
of each year.	
(3) Persons s	subject to IC 24-4.5-6-201, IC 24-4.5-6-203, and this
section shall no	tify the department not later than thirty (30) days afte
the person:	
(a) has a cl	hange in name, address, or principals;
(b) opens a	new branch, closes an existing branch, or relocates ar
existing br	ranch;
(c) files for	r bankruptcy or reorganization;

- (d) is notified that the person is subject to revocation or suspension proceedings by a state or governmental authority with regard to the person's activities;
- (e) is under indictment for a felony indictment related to the person's activities; involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or
- (f) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony related to the person's activities. involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.

SECTION 18. IC 24-4.5-6-203 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 203. (1) Persons required to file notification who are sellers, lessors, or lenders shall pay a fee in an amount and at intervals to be prescribed by the department. director under IC 28-11-3-5. The fee shall be a uniform amount for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or part thereof, in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), of the original unpaid balances arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made in this state within the preceding calendar year Indiana and held either by the seller, lessor, or lender for more than thirty (30) days after the inception of the sale, lease, or loan giving rise to the obligations, or by an assignee who has not filed notification. A refinancing of a sale, lease, or loan resulting in an increase in the amount of an obligation is a new sale, lease, or loan to the extent of the increase. In prescribing the fee, the department shall consider the costs and expense incurred or estimated to be incurred by the department in the administration of this article, including, but not limited to, the supervision, regulation, and examination of persons subject to the provisions of the article.



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(2) Persons required to file notification who are assignees shall pay a fee as prescribed and fixed by the department under subsection (1) on the unpaid balances at the time of the assignment of obligations arising from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made in this state Indiana taken by assignment during the preceding calendar year, but an assignee need not pay a fee with respect to an obligation on which the assignor or other person has already paid a fee.  (3) Persons required to file notification who are assignors shall pay a fee as prescribed by the department under subsection (1) on the unpaid balances at the time of the assignment of obligations arising
from consumer credit sales, consumer leases, and consumer loans made
in Indiana during the preceding calendar year unless the assignee has
already paid the fees.
(4) Persons required to renew a license by under IC 24-4.5-3-503
may deduct the fees paid under IC 24-4.5-3-503(4)(a)

- IC 24-4.5-3-503(6)(a) through IC  $\frac{1}{24-4.5-3-503(4)(c)}$ IC 24-4.5-3-503(6)(c) from fees paid under this section.
- (5) A person that is required to file notification under IC 24-4.5-6-202 shall pay a fee at the same rate as prescribed and fixed by the department under subsection (1) on the **original** unpaid balances of all closed end credit obligations originating from the person's place of business during the calendar year time preceding the notification as specified under subsection (1), unless the fees for the obligations have been paid by another person.

SECTION 19. IC 24-4.5-6-204 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 204. IC 24-4.5-3-502, IC 24-4.5-6-201, IC 24-4.5-6-202, and IC 24-4.5-6-203 are not applicable to payment for services performed by attorneys.

SECTION 20. IC 24-4.5-7-102, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 102. (1) Except as otherwise provided, all provisions of this article applying to consumer loans apply to small loans, as defined in this chapter.

- (2) This chapter applies to:
  - (a) a lender or to any person who facilitates, enables, or acts as a conduit for any person who is or may be exempt from licensing under IC 24-4.5-3-502;
  - (b) a bank, savings association, credit union, or other state or federally regulated financial institution except those that are specifically exempt regarding limitations on interest rates and fees; or
- (c) a person, if the department determines that a transaction is:



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1	(i) in substance a disguised loan; or
2	(ii) the application of subterfuge for the purpose of avoiding
3	this chapter.
4	(3) A loan that:
5	(a) does not qualify as a small loan under IC 24-4.5-7-104;
6	(b) is for a term shorter than that specified in
7	IC 24-4.5-7-401(1); or
8	(c) is made in violation of IC 24-4.5-7-402;
9	is subject to this article. The department may conform the finance
10	charge for a loan described in this subsection to the limitations set
11	forth in IC 24-4.5-3-508.
12	SECTION 21. IC 24-4.5-7-104 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 104. (1) "Small loan"
14	means a loan:
15	(a) with a principal loan amount that is at least fifty dollars (\$50)
16	and not more than five hundred <b>fifty</b> dollars (\$500); (\$550); and
17	(b) in which the lender holds the borrower's check or receives the
18	borrower's written authorization to debit the borrower's account
19	under an agreement, either express or implied, for a specific
20	period before the lender:
21	(i) offers the check for deposit or presentment; or
22	(ii) exercises the authorization to debit the borrower's account.
23	(2) The amount of five hundred fifty dollars (\$550) in subsection
24	(1)(a) is subject to change under the provisions on adjustment of
25	dollar amounts (IC 24-4.5-1-106). However, notwithstanding
26	IC 24-4.5-1-106(1), the Reference Base Index to be used under this
27	subsection is the Index for October 2006.
28	SECTION 22. IC 24-4.5-7-201, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2005,
29	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 201. (1) Finance charges on the first two hundred
31	fifty dollars (\$250) of a small loan are limited to fifteen percent (15%)
32	of the principal.
33	(2) Finance charges on the amount of a small loan greater than two
34	hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and less than or equal to four hundred
35	dollars (\$400) are limited to thirteen percent (13%) of the amount over
36	two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and less than or equal to four hundred
37	dollars (\$400).
38	(3) Finance charges on the amount of the small loan greater than
39	four hundred dollars (\$400) and less than or equal to five hundred <b>fifty</b>
40	dollars (\$500) (\$550) are limited to ten percent (10%) of the amount
41	over four hundred dollars (\$400) and less than or equal to five hundred



fifty dollars (\$500). (\$550).

1	(4) The amount of five hundred fifty dollars (\$550) in subsection	
2	(3) is subject to change under the provisions on adjustment of	
3	dollar amounts (IC 24-4.5-1-106). However, notwithstanding	
4	IC 24-4.5-1-106(1), the Reference Base Index to be used under this	
5	subsection is the Index for October 2006.	
6	SECTION 23. IC 24-4.5-7-202 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 202. (1)	
8	Notwithstanding any other law, the only fee that may be contracted for	
9	and received by the lender on a small loan is a charge, not to exceed	
10	twenty twenty-five dollars (\$20), (\$25), for each:	1
11	(a) return by a bank or other depository institution of a:	- 1
12	(i) dishonored check;	
13	(ii) negotiable order of withdrawal; or	
14	(iii) share draft issued by the borrower; or	
15	(b) time an authorization to debit the borrower's account is	
16	dishonored.	1
17	This additional charge may be assessed one (1) time regardless of how	,
18	many times a check or an authorization to debit the borrower's account	
19	may be submitted by the lender and dishonored.	
20	(2) A lender may:	
21	(a) present a borrower's check for payment; or	
22	(b) exercise a borrower's authorization to debit the	
23	borrower's account;	
24	not more than three (3) times.	
25	SECTION 24. IC 24-4.5-7-401, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
26	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
27	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 401. (1) A small loan may not be made for a term	,
28	of less than fourteen (14) days.	_
29	(2) After the borrower's fifth If five (5) consecutive small loan, loans have been made to a borrower after the borrower's initial	
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31	small loan, another small loan may not be made to that borrower	
32 33	within seven (7) days after the fifth consecutive small loan is paid in	
34	full. After the borrower's fifth consecutive small loan, the balance must be paid in full. However, the borrower and lender may agree to enter	
35 36	into a simple interest loan, payable in installments, under IC 24-4.5-3	
	within seven (7) days after the due date of the fifth consecutive small	
37 38	loan. (3) Subject to subsection (4) whenever a horrower has entered	
39	(3) Subject to subsection (4), whenever a borrower has entered into an initial small loan followed by three (3) consecutive small	
	into an initial small loan followed by three (3) consecutive small loans, the lender shall offer the borrower the option to repay:	
40 41	(a) the third consecutive small loan; and	
† 1	(a) the third consecutive small loan; and	

(b) subject to subsection (2), any small loan entered into after



1	the third consecutive small loan;
2	under an extended payment plan. At the time of execution of a
3	small loan described in subdivision (a) or (b), the lender shall
4	disclose to the borrower the extended payment plan option by
5	providing the borrower a written description of the extended
6	payment plan option in a separate disclosure document approved
7	by the director.
8	(4) A lender shall offer an extended payment plan under
9	subsection (3) under the following terms and conditions:
10	(a) A borrower shall be permitted to request an extended
11	payment plan at any time during the term of a third or
12	subsequent consecutive small loan if the borrower has not
13	defaulted on the outstanding small loan.
14	(b) An extended payment plan must allow the outstanding
15	small loan to be paid in at least four (4) equal installments
16	over a period of not less than sixty (60) days.
17	(c) The lender may not assess any fee or charge on a borrower
18	for entering into an extended payment plan.
19	(d) An agreement for an extended payment plan must be in
20	writing and acknowledged by both the borrower and the
21	lender.
22	(e) A borrower may not enter into another small loan
23	transaction while engaged in an extended payment plan.
24	(5) An agreement for an extended payment plan under
25	subsection (3):
26	(a) shall be considered an extension of the outstanding small
27	loan; and
28	(b) may not be considered a new loan.
29	SECTION 25. IC 24-4.5-7-402 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 402. (1) A lender is
31	prohibited from making a small loan to a borrower if the total of:
32	(a) the payable principal amount and finance charges of the
33	small loan to be issued; plus
34	(b) any other small loan balances that the borrower has
35	outstanding with any lender;
36	exceeds fifteen twenty percent (15%) (20%) of the borrower's monthly
37	gross income.
38	(2) A small loan may be secured by only one (1) check or
39	authorization to debit the borrower's account per small loan. The check
40	or electronic debit may not exceed the amount advanced to or on behalf
41	of the borrower plus loan finance charges contracted for and permitted.

(3) A borrower may make partial payments in any amount on the



small loan without charge at any time before the due date of the smal
loan. After each payment is made on a small loan, whether the paymen
is in part or in full, the lender shall give a signed and dated receipt to
the borrower making a payment showing the amount paid and the
balance due on the small loan.

- (4) The lender shall provide to each borrower a copy of the required loan documents before the disbursement of the loan proceeds.
- (5) A borrower may rescind a small loan without cost not later than the end of the business day immediately following the day on which the small loan was made. To rescind a small loan, a borrower must:
  - (a) inform the lender that the borrower wants to rescind the small loan; and
  - (b) return the cash amount of the principal of the small loan to the lender.
- (6) A lender shall not enter into a renewal with a borrower. If a loan is paid in full, a subsequent loan is not a renewal.

SECTION 26. IC 24-4.5-7-404, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 404. (1) As used in this section, "commercially reasonable method of verification" means one (1) or more private consumer credit reporting services that the department determines to be capable of providing a lender with adequate verification information necessary to ensure compliance with subsection (4).

- (2) With respect to a small loan, no lender may permit a person to become obligated under more than one (1) loan agreement with the lender at any time.
- (3) A lender shall not make a small loan that, when combined with the outstanding balance on another outstanding small loan owed to another lender, exceeds a total of five hundred fifty dollars (\$500), when the face amounts of the checks written or debits authorized in connection with each loan are combined into a single sum. (\$550), excluding finance charges. A lender shall not make a small loan to a borrower who has two (2) or more small loans outstanding, regardless of the total value of the small loans. The amount of five hundred fifty dollars (\$550) in this subsection is subject to change under the provisions on adjustment of dollar amounts (IC 24-4.5-1-106). However, notwithstanding IC 24-4.5-1-106(1), the Reference Base Index to be used under this subsection is the Index for October 2006.
- (4) A lender complies with subsection (3) if the borrower represents in writing that the borrower does not have any outstanding small loans with the lender, another lender, an affiliate of the lender or another

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1	lender, or a separate entity involved in a business association with the
2	lender or another lender in making small loans, and the lender
3	independently verifies the accuracy of the borrower's written
4	representation through a commercially reasonable method of
5	verification. A lender's method of verifying whether a borrower has any
6	outstanding small loans will be considered commercially reasonable if
7	the method includes a manual investigation or an electronic query of:
8	(a) the lender's own records, including both records maintained at
9	the location where the borrower is applying for the transaction
.0	and records maintained at other locations within the state that are
.1	owned and operated by the lender; and
.2	(b) available third party databases provided by private
.3	consumer reporting services.
4	(5) The department shall monitor the effectiveness of private
.5	consumer credit reporting services in providing the verification
.6	information required under subsection (4). If the department
7	determines that one (1) or more commercially reasonable methods of
. 8	verification are available, the department shall:
9	(a) provide reasonable notice to all lenders identifying the
20	commercially reasonable methods of verification that are
21	available; and
22	(b) require each lender to use, consistent with the policies of the
23	department, one (1) of the identified commercially reasonable
24	methods of verification as a means of complying with subsection
2.5	(4).
26	(6) If a borrower presents evidence to a lender that a loan has
27	been discharged in bankruptcy, the lender shall cause the record
28	of the borrower's loan to be updated in the database described in
29	subsection (4)(b) to reflect the bankruptcy discharge.
30	(7) A lender shall cause the record of a borrower's loan to be
31	updated in the database described in subsection (4)(b) to reflect:
32	(a) presentment of the borrower's check for payment; or
33	(b) exercise of the borrower's authorization to debit the
34	borrower's account.
35	If a check is returned or an authorization is dishonored because of
56	insufficient funds in the borrower's account, the lender shall
57	reenter the record of the loan in the database.
8	(8) A lender shall update information in a database described in
19	subsection (4)(b) to reflect partial payments made on an
10	outstanding loan, the record of which is maintained in the
.1	database.

(9) If a lender ceases doing business in Indiana, the director may



1	require one (1) or more operators of databases described in
2	subsection (4)(b) to remove records of the lender's loans from the
3	operator's database.
4	(10) The director may impose a civil penalty not to exceed one
5	hundred dollars (\$100) for each violation of:
6	(a) this section; or
7	(b) any rule or policy adopted by the director to implement
8	this section.
9	(6) (11) The excess amount of loan finance charge provided for in
10	agreements in violation of this section is an excess charge for purposes
11	of the provisions concerning effect of violations on rights of parties
12	(IC 24-4.5-5-202) and the provisions concerning civil actions by the
13	department (IC 24-4.5-6-113).
14	SECTION 27. IC 24-7-1-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. Rental purchase
16	agreements involving:
17	(1) motor vehicles (as defined in IC 9-13-2-105(a)); or
18	(2) other titled property;
19	are prohibited under this article.
20	SECTION 28. IC 24-7-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. (a) "Rental purchase
22	agreement" means an agreement between a lessor and a lessee that:  (1) provides for the use of personal property by an individual
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24	primarily for personal, family, or household purposes;  (2) has an initial period of four (4) months or loss:
25	<ul><li>(2) has an initial period of four (4) months or less;</li><li>(3) is automatically renewable with each rental payment; and</li></ul>
26 27	
28	<ul><li>(4) permits the lessee to become the owner of the property.</li><li>(b) The term includes:</li></ul>
29	(1) an agreement; or
30	(2) a transaction;
31	that the director determines to be a rental purchase agreement,
32	despite efforts by a person to structure the transaction in a manner
33	that the director determines is being used to avoid application of
34	this article.
35	SECTION 29. IC 24-7-5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) The parties may
37	contract for late charges or delinquency fees as follows:
38	(1) For rental purchase agreements with monthly renewal dates,
39	a late charge not exceeding five eight dollars (\$5) (\$8) may be
40	assessed on any rental payment not made within five (5) days
41	after:
42	(A) the renewal date for the agreement; or



1	(B) the return of the property is required under the rental
2	purchase agreement.
3	(2) For rental purchase agreements with weekly or biweekly
4	renewal dates, a late charge not exceeding the amount specified
5	in subsection (e) may be assessed on any rental payments not
6	made within three (3) two (2) days after:
7	(A) the renewal date for the agreement; or
8	(B) the return of the property is required under the rental
9	purchase agreement.
10	(b) A late charge on a rental purchase agreement may be collected
11	only once on any accrued rental payment, no matter how long it
12	remains unpaid.
13	(c) A late charge may be collected at any time after it accrues.
14	(d) A late charge may not be assessed against a rental payment that
15	is timely made, even though an earlier late charge has not been paid in
16	full.
17	(e) The amount that may be assessed under subsection (a)(2) is as
18	follows:
19	(1) One dollar (\$1) Three dollars (\$3) for any payment not
20	greater than nine dollars and fifty cents (\$9.50). twenty dollars
21	(\$20).
22	(2) Two dollars (\$2) for any payment greater than nine dollars and
23	fifty cents (\$9.50) but not greater than nineteen dollars and fifty
24	<del>cents (\$19.50).</del>
25	(3) Three (2) Five dollars (\$3) (\$5) for any payment greater than
26	nineteen dollars and fifty cents (\$19.50). twenty dollars (\$20).
27	SECTION 30. IC 24-7-5-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
28	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
29	1, 2007]: Sec. 5.5. A lessor may contract for and receive a charge
30	not to exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each return by a bank or
31	other depository institution of a dishonored check, negotiable order
32	of withdrawal, or share draft issued by the lessee.
33	SECTION 31. IC 26-2-7-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
34	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
35	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this chapter, "financial
36	institution" refers to a financial institution (as defined in IC 28-1-1-3).
37	that accepts deposits.
38	(b) The term does not include a person licensed under IC 24-4.5.
39	SECTION 32. IC 28-1-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. Unless a different
41	meaning is required by the context, the following definitions apply



throughout this article:

1	(1) "Financial institution" means any bank, trust company,
2	corporate fiduciary, savings association, credit union, savings
3	bank, bank of discount and deposit, or industrial loan and
4	investment company organized or reorganized under the laws of
5	this state, and includes a consumer finance institution licensed to
6	make supervised or regulated loans under IC 24-4.5.
7	(2) "Bank" or "bank or trust company" means a financial
8	institution organized or reorganized as a bank, bank of discount
9	and deposit, or trust company under the laws of this state with the
10	express power to receive and accept deposits of money subject to
11	withdrawal by check, and possessing such other rights and powers
12	granted by the provisions of this article in express terms or by
13	implication. The term "bank" or "bank or trust company" does not
14	include a savings association, credit union, or industrial loan and
15	investment company.
16	(3) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation formed under the
17	laws of this state, and "foreign corporation" means every other
18	corporation.
19	(4) "Articles of incorporation" includes both the original articles
20	of incorporation and any and all amendments thereto, except
21	where the original articles of incorporation only are expressly
22	referred to, and includes articles of merger and consolidation, and,
23	in the case of corporations organized before July 1, 1933, articles
24	of reorganization, and all amendments thereto.
25	(5) "Incorporator" means one (1) of the signers of the original
26	articles of incorporation.
27	(6) "Subscriber" means one who subscribes for shares of stock in
28	a financial institution.
29	(7) "Shareholder" means one who is a holder of record of shares
30	of stock in a financial institution.
31	(8) "Capital stock" means the aggregate amount of the par value
32	of all shares of capital stock.
33	(9) "Capital" means the aggregate amount paid in on the shares of
34	capital stock of a financial institution issued and outstanding.
35	(10) "Sound capital" means and includes the paid-in and
36	unimpaired capital, the unimpaired surplus, and the unimpaired
37	proceeds of the notes and debentures of any bank which have
38	been issued under the authority and with the approval, in writing,
39	of the department.
40	(10) "Capital and surplus" or "unimpaired capital and
41	unimpaired surplus" has the meaning set forth in 12 CFR



32.2.

1	(11) "Assets" includes all of the property and rights of every kind
2	of a financial institution, and the term "fixed assets" means such
3	assets as are not intended to be sold or disposed of in the ordinary
4	course of business.
5	(12) "Principal office" means that office maintained by the
6	financial institution in this state, the address of which is required
7	by the provisions of this article to be kept on file in the office of
8	the secretary of state.
9	(13) "Subscription" means any written agreement or undertaking,
10	accepted by a financial institution, for the purchase of shares of
11	capital stock in the financial institution.
12	(14) "Department" means the department of financial institutions.
13	(15) "Member" means a member of the department of financial
14	institutions.
15	(16) "Branch" means any office, agency, or other place of
16	business, other than the principal office of a financial institution,
17	at which deposits are received, checks paid, or money lent.
18	(17) "Subsidiary" means any foreign or domestic corporation or
19	limited liability company in which the parent bank, savings bank,
20	savings association, or industrial loan and investment company
21	had at least eighty percent (80%) ownership before July 1, 1999,
22	or is formed or acquired in accordance with IC 28-13-16 after
23	June 30, 1999.
24	(18) "Savings bank" means a financial institution that:
25	(A) was organized, reorganized, or operating under IC 28-6
26	(before its repeal) before January 1, 1993;
27	(B) is formed as the result of a conversion under:
28	(i) IC 28-1-21.7;
29	(ii) IC 28-1-21.8;
30	(iii) IC 28-1-21.9; or
31	(iv) IC 28-1-30; or
32	(C) is incorporated under IC 28-12.
33	(19) "Corporate fiduciary" means a financial institution whose
34	primary business purpose is to engage in the trust business (as
35	defined in IC 28-14-1-8) and the execution and administration of
36	fiduciary accounts as a nondepository trust company incorporated
37	under Indiana law.
38	SECTION 33. IC 28-1-2-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 23. (a) A corporation
40	or an individual acting directly, indirectly, or through or in concert with
41	one (1) or more other corporations or individuals may not acquire
42	control of any bank, trust company, stock savings bank, holding



1 2	company, corporate fiduciary, or industrial loan and investment company unless the department has received an application for change
3	in control by which the department is given one hundred twenty (120)
4	days prior written notice of the proposed change in control and within
5	that time the department has issued a notice approving the proposed
6	change in control. The application shall contain the name and address
7	of the corporation, individual, or individuals who propose to acquire
8	control.
9	(b) The period for approval under subsection (a) may be extended:
10	(1) in the discretion of the director for an additional thirty (30)
11	days; and
12	(2) not to exceed two (2) additional times for not more than
13	forty-five (45) days each time if:
14	(A) the department determines that the corporation, individual,
15	or individuals who propose to acquire control have not
16	submitted substantial evidence of the qualifications described
17	in subsection (c);
18	(B) the department determines that any material information
19	submitted is substantially inaccurate; or
20	(C) the department has been unable to complete the
21	investigation of the corporation, individual, or individuals who
22	propose to acquire control because of any delay caused by or
23	the inadequate cooperation of the corporation, individual, or
24	individuals.
25	(c) The department shall issue a notice approving the application
26	only after it has become satisfied that both of the following apply:
27	(1) The corporation, individual, or individuals who propose to
28	acquire control are qualified by competence, experience,
29	character, and financial responsibility to control and operate the
30	bank, trust company, stock savings bank, bank holding company,
31	corporate fiduciary, or industrial loan and investment company in
32	a legal and proper manner.
33	(2) The interests of the stockholders, depositors, and creditors of
34	the bank, trust company, stock savings bank, bank holding
35	company, corporate fiduciary, or industrial loan and investment
36	company and the interests of the public generally will not be
37	jeopardized by the proposed change in control.
38	(d) As used in this section, "holding company" means any company
39	(as defined in IC 28-2-15-5 before July 1, 1992, and as defined in
40	IC 28-2-16-5 beginning July 1, 1992) that directly or indirectly controls
41	one (1) or more state chartered financial institutions.

(e) As used in this section, "control", "controlling", "controlled



1	by", or "under common control with" means possession of the	
2	power directly or indirectly to:	
3	(1) direct or cause the direction of the management or policies	
4	of a bank, a trust company, a holding company, a corporate	
5	fiduciary, or an industrial loan and investment company, whether	
6	through the beneficial ownership of voting securities, by	
7	contract, or otherwise; or	
8	(2) vote at least twenty-five percent (25%) of any class of voting	
9	securities of a bank, a trust company, a holding company, a	,
10	corporate fiduciary, or an industrial loan and investment	4
11	company, whether the voting rights are derived through the	
12	beneficial ownership of voting securities, by contract, or	`
13	otherwise.	
14	(f) Subsection (a) does not apply to any transaction in which the	
15	director determines that the relative direct or beneficial ownership	
16	of the bank, trust company, stock savings bank, holding company,	4
17	corporate fiduciary, or industrial loan and investment company	
18	does not change.	
19	(f) (g) The president or other chief executive officer of a financial	
20	institution or holding company shall report to the director of the	
21	department any transfer or sale of shares of stock of the financial	
22	institution or holding company that results in direct or indirect	
23	ownership by a stockholder or an affiliated group of stockholders of at	
24	least ten percent (10%) of the outstanding stock of the financial	
25	institution or holding company. The report required by this section	
26	must be made not later than ten (10) days after the transfer of the shares	_
27	of stock on the books of the financial institution or holding company.	1
28	SECTION 34. IC 28-1-7.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) The bank, trust	
30	company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank and the holding	
31	company shall file with the department three (3) copies of the plan of	
32	exchange certified by an officer of each as having been approved in	
33	accordance with section 3 of this chapter. They shall also file a	
34	statement which includes:	
35	(1) information as to the earnings and financial condition of the	
36	bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank as	
37	of the end of its last preceding year as filed with the department,	
38	and similar information, to the extent readily available, as of a	
39	date not earlier than one hundred twenty (120) days before the	
40	filing of the plan of exchange;	
41	(2) a balance sheet of the holding company as of the date of the	

most recent statement of condition of the bank, trust company,



1	corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank required by subdivision	
2	(1);	
3	(3) a pro forma balance sheet of the holding company based on	
4	the assumption that the plan of exchange was effective as	
5	proposed at the date of the balance sheet of the holding company	
6	required by subdivision (2);	
7	(4) a description of the business intended to be done by the	
8	holding company and of any plans or proposals that the holding	
9	company may have to sell its assets or merge or consolidate with	
10	any other person, or to make any other material change in its	
11	investment policy, business, corporate structures, or management;	
12	(5) a list of all persons who are or who have been selected to	
13	become directors or officers of the holding company, a	
14	description of their principal occupations, a list of all offices and	
15	positions held by them during the past five (5) years, and	
16	information about any convictions of those persons for crimes	
17	other than minor traffic violations during the last ten (10) years;	
18	whether any of them:	
19	(A) is under indictment for;	
20	(B) has been convicted of; or	
21	(C) has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to:	
22	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under	
23	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.	
24	(6) a description of any plans or proposals that the holding	
25	company may have to liquidate the bank, trust company,	
26	corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank to sell its assets or	
27	merge or consolidate it with any person, or to make any other	
28	material change in its investment policy, business, corporate	
29	structure, or management;	
30	(7) a copy of a preliminary proxy or information statement	
31	prepared for distribution to the shareholders of the bank, trust	
32	company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank setting forth	
33	all material facts relating to the holding company and the	
34	proposed plan of exchange; and	
35	(8) such other information as the director may prescribe.	
36	(b) The statement must:	
37	(1) assert the completeness and accuracy of the information	
38	referred to in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(8); and	
39	(2) be made under oath or affirmation by an officer of the bank,	
40	trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank and an	
41	officer of the holding company.	



with the department, an amendment setting forth the change, together with copies of all documents and other material relevant to the change, shall be filed with the department within five (5) business days after the parties learn of the change.

SECTION 35. IC 28-1-7.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) If a plan of exchange is approved by the department, the plan shall be submitted to a vote of the shareholders of the bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank and, if the articles of incorporation of the holding company are to be amended in the plan, to a vote of the shareholders of the holding company, at the meeting or meetings of the shareholders directed by the resolutions of the board of directors of the corporation approving the plan of exchange. Each shareholder of the bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank shall be provided with a copy of a proxy or information statement setting forth material facts regarding the holding company and the plan of exchange at the same time as the shareholder is provided with the notice of the meeting. Three (3) copies of the definitive proxy or information statement, one (1) of which shall be marked to indicate the changes from the preliminary statement filed under section 4 of this chapter, shall be filed with the department by the bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank not later than the date the statement is first sent, given, or delivered to shareholders.

- (b) Each outstanding share of the bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank and, if the articles of incorporation of the holding company are to be amended in the plan, the holding company, is entitled to one (1) vote, regardless of class, on the approval of the plan of exchange unless the articles of incorporation in effect at the time of the vote provide for special, conditional, or limited voting rights, or for no right to vote. The holders of the outstanding shares of a class of the bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank and, if the articles of incorporation of the holding company are to be amended in the plan, the holding company are entitled to vote as a separate class on a proposed plan of exchange if the plan would:
  - (1) increase or decrease the aggregate number of authorized shares of the class;
  - (2) effect an exchange or reclassification of all or part of the shares of the class into shares of another class;
  - (3) effect an exchange or reclassification, or create the right of exchange, of all or part of the shares of another class into shares of the class;









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1	(4) change the designation, rights, preferences, or limitations
2	of all or part of the shares of the class;
3	(5) change the shares of all or part of the class into a different
4	number of shares of the same class;
5	(6) create a new class of shares having rights or preferences
6	with respect to distributions or to dissolution that are prior,
7	superior, or substantially equal to the shares of the class;
8	(7) increase the rights, preferences, or number of authorized
9	shares of any class that, after giving effect to the amendment,
10	have rights or preferences with respect to distributions or to
11	dissolution that are prior, superior, or substantially equal to
12	the shares of the class;
13	(8) limit or deny an existing preemptive right of all or part of
14	the shares of the class; or
15	(9) cancel or otherwise affect rights to distributions or

all or part of the shares of the class. (b) (c) The plan of exchange is approved by the shareholders of a corporation when affirmative votes representing at least a majority (or such greater portion as the articles of incorporation may require) of the outstanding shares are received from shareholders entitled to vote on the plan. Notwithstanding shareholder adoption of the plan of exchange and at any time before the filing of articles of exchange with the secretary of state under section 9 of this chapter, the plan of exchange may be abandoned by a resolution of the board of directors of the bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, or stock savings bank or of the holding company.

dividends that have accumulated but not yet been declared on

SECTION 36. IC 28-1-11-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.1. (a) Any bank or trust company shall have the power to discount, negotiate, sell and guarantee promissory notes, bonds, drafts, acceptances, bills of exchange, and other evidences of debt; to buy and sell, exchange, coin and bullion; to loan money; to borrow money and to issue its notes, bonds, or debentures to evidence any such borrowing and to mortgage, pledge, or hypothecate any of its assets to secure the repayment thereof; to receive savings deposits and deposits of money subject to check, and deposits of securities or other personal property from any person or corporation, upon such terms as may be agreed upon by the parties; to contract for and receive on loans and discounts the highest rate of interest allowed by the laws of this state to be contracted for and received by individuals; to accept, for payment at a future date, drafts drawn upon it by its customers and to





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issue letters of credit authorizing the holders thereof to draw drafts
upon it or its correspondents at sight or on time, however, the letter of
credit must state a specific expiration date; and to exercise all the
powers incidental and proper or which may be necessary and usual in
carrying on a general banking business, but it shall have no right to
issue bills to circulate as money.

- (b) Subject to such regulations as the department finds to be necessary and proper, any bank or trust company shall have the following powers:
  - (1) To make such loans and advances of credit and purchases of obligations representing loans and advances of credit as are eligible for insurance by the federal housing administrator, and to obtain such insurance.
  - (2) To make such loans secured by mortgages on real property or leasehold, as the federal housing administrator insures or makes a commitment to insure, and to obtain such insurance.
  - (3) To purchase, invest in, and dispose of notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the federal housing administrator or debentures issued by the federal housing administrator, or bonds or other securities issued by national mortgage associations.
  - (4) To extend credit to any state agency, with the approval of the department, notwithstanding any other provisions or limitations of IC 28-1. No law of this state prescribing the nature, amount, or form of security or requiring security upon which loans or advances of credit may be made, or prescribing or limiting interest rates upon loans or advances of credit, or prescribing or limiting the period for which loans or advances of credit may be made, shall be deemed to apply to loans, advances of credit, or purchases made pursuant to subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) and this subdivision.
  - (5) To purchase, take, hold, and dispose of notes, and mortgages securing such notes, made to any joint stock land bank heretofore incorporated, in any case in which not less than ninety-nine percent (99%) of the stock of said joint stock land bank is owned by the bank or trust company at the time such notes or mortgages be acquired by the bank or trust company; and upon dissolution of any such joint stock land bank, or at any stage in the process of such dissolution, any bank or trust company then owning not less than ninety-nine percent (99%) of the stock of such joint stock land bank may take, hold, and dispose of any notes, mortgages, or other assets of such joint stock land bank of whatsoever nature,

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including real estate, wheresoever situated, which such joint stock
land bank shall assign, transfer, convey, or otherwise make over
to such bank or trust company by way of final or partial
distribution of its assets to its stockholders upon such dissolution
or in connection with the process of such dissolution. No law of
this state prescribing the nature, amount, location, or form of
security, or requiring security upon which loans or advances of
credit may be made, or prescribing or limiting interest rates upon
loans or advances of credit, or prescribing or limiting the period
for which loan or advances of credit may be made, or prescribing
any ratio between the amount of any loan and the appraised value
of the security for such loan, or requiring periodical reductions of
the principal of any loan, shall be deemed to apply to loans, notes,
mortgages, real estate, or other assets mentioned in this
subdivision.
(6) To adopt stock purchase programs for employees and to grant
options to purchase, and to issue and sell, shares of its capital

(6) To adopt stock purchase programs for employees and to grant options to purchase, and to issue and sell, shares of its capital stock to its employees, or to a trustee on their behalf (which may be the bank or trust company issuing such capital stock), without first offering the same to its shareholders, for such consideration, not less than par value, and upon such terms and conditions as shall be approved by its board of directors and by the holders of a majority of its shares entitled to vote with respect thereto, and by the department. In the absence of actual fraud in the transaction, the judgment of the directors as to the consideration for the issuances of such options and the sufficiency thereof shall be conclusive. Any bank or trust company exercising the powers granted in this subsection may, to the extent approved by the department, have authorized and unissued stock required to fulfill any stock option or other arrangement authorized herein.

- (7) Subject to such restrictions as the department may impose, to become the owner or lessor of personal or real property acquired upon the request and for the use of a customer and to incur such additional obligations as may be incident to becoming an owner or lessor of such property.
- (8) To purchase or construct buildings and hold legal title thereto to be leased to municipal corporations or other public authorities, for public purposes, having resources sufficient to make payment of all rentals as they become due. Each lease agreement shall provide that upon expiration, the lessee will become the owner of the building.
- (8.1) Subject to the prior written approval of the department, and









1	notwithstanding section 5 of this chapter, to purchase, hold, and
2	convey real estate which is:
3	(A) improved or to be improved by a single, freestanding
4	building; and
5	(B) to be used, in part, as a branch or the principal office of
6	that bank or trust company and, in part, as rental property for
7	one (1) or more lessees.
8	Unless a written extension of time is given by the department, the
9	bank or trust company shall open the branch or principal office
10	within two (2) years from the acquisition date of the real estate.
11	If the bank or trust company does not open a branch or its
12	principal office on the real estate in that time period or if the bank
13	or trust company removes its branch or principal office from the
14	real estate, the bank or trust company shall divest itself of all
15	interest in the real estate within five (5) years from the acquisition
16	date of the real estate, if a branch was not opened, or five (5)
17	years from the removal date of the branch office, whichever
18	applies. Except with the written approval of the department, the
19	sum invested in real estate and buildings used for the convenient
20	transaction of its business as provided in this subdivision shall not
21	exceed fifty percent (50%) of the sound capital and surplus of the
22	bank or trust company as provided in section 5 of this chapter.
23	(9) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), and subject
24	to subsection (e), to invest in community development
25	corporations and projects of a predominantly civic, community,
26	or public nature, including equity investments in corporations or
27	limited liability companies organized for such purposes.
28	Investments by a bank or trust company under this subdivision
29	may not exceed:
30	(A) in any one (1) project, two percent (2%); and
31	(B) in the aggregate, five percent (5%);
32	of the capital and surplus of the bank or trust company. unless the
33	director makes the determination set forth in subsection (c). As
34	used in this subdivision and in subsection (c), "capital and
35	surplus" has the meaning set forth in IC 28-1-13-1.1.
36	IC 28-1-1-3(10).
37	(10) Subject to section 3.2 of this chapter, to exercise the rights
38	and privileges (as defined in section 3.2(a) of this chapter) that
39	are or may be granted to national banks domiciled in Indiana.
40	(c) Investments by a bank or trust company under subsection (b)(9)

may exceed the limit set forth in subsection (b)(9)(B) if the director



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determines that:

1	(1) the aggregate investments by the bank or trust company under
2	subsection (b)(9) in excess of five percent (5%) of the capital and
3	surplus of the bank or trust company will not pose a significant
4	risk to the affected deposit insurance fund; and
5	(2) the bank or trust company is adequately capitalized.
6	However, in no case shall the aggregate investments by a bank or trust
7	company under subsection (b)(9) exceed ten percent (10%) of the
8	capital and surplus of the bank or trust company.
9	(d) Investments by a bank or trust company under subsection
10	(b)(9) in equity investments qualifying for the new markets tax
11	credits under 26 U.S.C. 45D:
12	(1) are not subject to the limit set forth in subsection
13	(b)(9)(A); and
14	(2) may exceed the limit set forth in subsection (b)(9)(B) if the
15	director determines that:
16	(A) the aggregate equity investments qualifying for the
17	new markets tax credit that are:
18	(i) made by the bank or trust company under subsection
19	(b)(9); and
20	(ii) in excess of five percent (5%) of the capital and
21	surplus of the bank or trust company;
22	will not pose a significant risk to the affected deposit
23	insurance fund; and
24	(B) the bank or trust company is adequately capitalized.
25	However, in no case shall the aggregate equity investments
26	qualifying for the new markets tax credit and made by a bank
27	or trust company exceed ten percent (10%) of the capital and
28	surplus of the bank or trust company.
29	(d) (e) A bank or trust company shall not make any investment
30	under subsection (b)(9) if the investment would expose the bank or
31	trust company to unlimited liability.
32	(e) (f) Any rule made and promulgated under and pursuant to this
33	section may apply to one (1) or more banks or trust companies or to one
34	(1) or more localities in the state as the department, in its discretion,
35	may determine.
36	SECTION 37. IC 28-1-11-3.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3.2. (a) As used in this
38	section, "rights and privileges" means the power:
39	(1) to:
40	(A) create;
41	(B) deliver;
42	(C) acquire; or



1	(D) sell;
2	a product, a service, or an investment that is available to or offered by;
3	or
4	(2) to engage in other activities authorized for;
5	national banks domiciled in Indiana.
6	(b) A bank that intends to exercise any rights and privileges that are:
7	(1) granted to national banks; but
8	(2) not authorized for banks under the Indiana Code (except for
9	this section) or any rule adopted under the Indiana Code;
10	shall submit a letter to the department describing in detail the requested
11	rights and privileges granted to national banks that the bank intends to
12	exercise. If available, copies of relevant federal law, regulations, and
13	interpretive letters must be attached to the letter submitted by the bank.
14	(c) The department shall promptly notify the requesting bank of the
15	department's receipt of the letter submitted under subsection (b).
16	Except as provided in subsection (e), the bank may exercise the
17	requested rights and privileges sixty (60) days after the date on which
18	the department receives the letter unless otherwise notified by the
19	department.
20	(d) The department through its members, may prohibit the bank
21	from exercising deny the requested rights and privileges only if the
22	members find department finds that:
23	(1) national banks domiciled in Indiana do not possess the
24	requested rights and privileges; or
25	(2) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the bank
26	would adversely affect the safety and soundness of the bank;
27	(3) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the
28	bank would result in an unacceptable curtailment of
29	consumer protection; or
30	(4) the failure of the department to approve the requested
31	rights and privileges will not result in a competitive
32	disadvantage to the bank.
33	(e) The sixty (60) day period referred to in subsection (c) may be
34	extended by the department based on a determination that the bank's
35	letter raised issues requiring additional information or additional time
36	for analysis. If the sixty (60) day period is extended under this
37	subsection, the bank may exercise the requested rights and privileges
38	only if the bank receives prior written approval from the department.
39	However:
40	(1) the members department must:
41	(A) approve or deny the requested rights and privileges; or
12	(R) convene a hearing:



1	not later than sixty (60) days after the department receives the
2	bank's letter; and
3	(2) if a hearing is convened, the members department must
4	approve or deny the requested rights and privileges not later than
5	sixty (60) days after the hearing is concluded.
6	(f) The exercise of rights and privileges by a bank in compliance
7	with and in the manner authorized by this section is not a violation of
8	any provision of the Indiana Code or rules adopted under IC 4-22-2.
9	(g) Whenever, in compliance with this section, If a bank exercises
10	receives approval to exercise the requested rights and privileges
11	granted to national banks domiciled in Indiana, the department shall
12	determine by order whether all banks may exercise the same rights
13	and privileges. if In making the determination required by this
14	subsection, the department by order determines must ensure that the
15	exercise of the rights and privileges by all banks would will not:
16	(1) adversely affect their safety and soundness; or
17	(2) unduly constrain Indiana consumer protection provisions.
18	(h) If the department denies the request of a bank under this section
19	to exercise any rights and privileges that are granted to national banks,
20	the bank may appeal the decision of the department to the circuit court
21	with jurisdiction in the county in which the principal office of the bank
22	is located. In an appeal under this section, the court shall determine the
23	matter de novo.
24	SECTION 38. IC 28-1-11-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) Any bank or trust
26	company shall have power to purchase, hold, and convey real estate for
27	the following purposes, and for no others:
28	(1) Such as shall be necessary for the convenient transaction of its
29	business.
30	(2) Such as shall be mortgaged to it or to its assignor immediate
31	or remote, in good faith by way of security for debts.
32	(3) Such as shall be conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts
33	contracted in the course of its dealings, or in satisfaction of debts,
34	notes, or mortgages purchased by or assigned to it, or in exchange
35	for real estate so conveyed to it.
36	(4) Such as it shall purchase at sales under judgments, decrees, or
37	mortgages held by the bank or trust company or shall purchase to
38	secure debts due it.
39	(b) Except with the approval in writing of the department, after July
40	1, 1933, the sum invested in real estate and buildings used for the
41	convenient transaction of its business shall not exceed fifty percent

(50%) of the sound capital and surplus of such bank or trust company.



1	Such investment may be made in the stock of a corporation organized	
2	to own and hold the real estate and building occupied and used wholly	
3	or in part by such bank or trust company.	
4	(c) No bank or trust company shall hold the title or possession of	
5	any real estate purchased or otherwise acquired to secure any debts due	
6	to it for a longer period than ten (10) years after such real estate is or	
7	has been purchased or otherwise acquired, or after July 1, 1933,	
8	without the consent in writing of the department.	
9	(d) For the purposes of subsection (a)(1), real estate purchased or	
10	held for the convenient transaction of the business of a bank or trust	
11	company includes the following:	
12	(1) Real estate on which the principal office or a branch office of	
13	the bank or trust company is located.	
14	(2) Real estate that is the location of facilities supporting the	
15	operations of the bank or trust company, such as parking facilities,	
16	data processing centers, loan production offices, automated teller	
17	machines, night depositories, facilities necessary for the	
18	operations of a bank or trust company subsidiary, or other	
19	facilities that are approved by the director.	
20	(3) Real estate that the board of directors of the bank or trust	
21	company expects, in good faith, to use as a bank or trust company	
22	office or facility in the future.	
23	(e) If real estate referred to in subsection (d)(3) is held by a bank or	
24	trust company for one (1) year without being used as a bank or trust	
25	company office or facility, the board of directors of the bank or trust	
26	company shall state, by resolution, definite plans for the use of the real	
27	estate. A resolution adopted under this subsection shall be made	
28	available for inspection by the department.	
29	(f) Real estate referred to in subsection (d)(3) may not be held by a	
30	bank or trust company for more than three (3) years without being used	
31	as a bank or trust company office or facility unless:	
32	(1) the board of directors of the bank or trust company, by	
33	resolution:	
34	(A) reaffirms annually that the bank or trust company expects	
35	to use the real estate as a bank or trust company office or	
36	facility in the future; and	
37	(B) explains the reason why the real estate has not yet been	
38	used as a bank or trust company office or facility; and	
39	(2) the director determines that:	
40	(A) the continued holding of the real estate by the bank or trust	
41	company does not endanger the safety and soundness of the	



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bank or trust company; and

1	(B) the bank or trust company is holding the real estate to use
2	the real estate in the future for one (1) of the purposes set forth
3	in subsection (d)(1) and (d)(2).
4	(g) Real estate referred to in subsection (d)(3) may not be held by
5	a bank or trust company for more than ten (10) years without being
6	used as a bank or trust company office or facility unless the department
7	consents in writing to the continued holding of the real estate by the
8	bank or trust company.
9	SECTION 39. IC 28-1-11-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12. Every bank or trust
11 12	company shall have power:
13	(1) to purchase and hold for the purpose of becoming a member
	of the federal reserve system:
14 15	(A) so much of the capital stock of a federal reserve bank as shall qualify it for membership, pursuant to the Federal
16	Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 221 et seq.); and
17	(B) so much of the capital stock of the Federal Deposit
18	Insurance Corporation as will qualify it for membership,
19	pursuant to the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811
20	through 1833e);
21	(2) to do anything necessary or appropriate to acquire and
22	maintain insurance of its deposits in accordance with the
23	provisions of any federal law in force on or after July 1, 1933;
24	(3) to become a member of the federal reserve system; and
25	(4) to have and exercise all powers, not in conflict with the laws
26	of this state, which are conferred upon any such member by the
27	Federal Reserve Act. With the express approval of the
28	department, and except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any
29	bank or trust company shall have the power to purchase and hold
30	shares of the capital stock, bonds, notes, debentures, or any other
31	securities or obligations issued at any time by any agency or
32	instrumentality of the federal government. After July 1, 1933, no
33	bank or trust company shall purchase the capital stock of any joint
34	stock land bank organized pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 2001 through
35	2279aa-14 and hold the stock so purchased in an amount in
36	excess of ten percent (10%) of the sound capital and surplus of
37	such bank or trust company.
38	SECTION 40. IC 28-1-13-1.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1.1. As used in this
40	chapter, "capital and surplus" or "unimpaired capital and unimpaired
41	surplus" have has the meaning set forth in 12 CFR 32. 32.2.
42	SECTION 41. IC 28-1-22-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) Any bank,
2	savings bank, trust company, corporate fiduciary, credit union,
3	industrial loan and investment company, or savings association that:
4	(1) is organized under the laws of:
5	(A) any other state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19); or
6	(B) the United States; other than those or
7	(C) any other country;
8	(2) is not domiciled in Indiana; and
9	(3) is referred to in this chapter as a corporation or foreign
10	corporation;
11	shall, before transacting business in this state, obtain a certificate of
12	admission to this state from the department, which must be filed with
13	the secretary of state. A corporation may not do business in Indiana
14	unless a certificate of admission is issued to the corporation by the
15	department.
16	(b) The activities listed in IC 23-1-49-1(b) do not constitute
17	transacting business within the meaning of subsection (a). For the
18	purposes of this section, the list of activities set forth in
19	IC 23-1-49-1(b) is not exhaustive.
20	(c) Isolated business transactions that are not regular, systematic, or
21	continuing do not constitute the transaction of business under
22	subsection (a).
23	SECTION 42. IC 28-1-29-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
24	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) No person shall operate a budget service
26	company in the state of Indiana without having obtained a license from
27	the department. For purposes of this section, a person is operating
28	in Indiana if:
29	(1) the person or any of the person's employees or agents are
30	located in Indiana; or
31	(2) the person:
32	(A) contracts with debtors who are residents of Indiana; or
33	(B) solicits business from residents of Indiana by
34	advertisements or other communications sent or delivered
35	through any of the following means:
36	(i) Mail.
37	(ii) Personal delivery.
38	(iii) Telephone.
39	(iv) Radio.
40	(v) Television.
41	(vi) The Internet or other electronic communications.



1	(b) The director may request evidence of compliance with this
2	section at:
3	(1) the time of application;
4	(2) the time of renewal of a license; or
5	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
6	(b) (c) For purposes of subsection (a), (b), evidence of compliance
7	with this section may include:
8	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
9	history check by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
10	(2) credit histories; and
11	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
12	(c) (d) The fee for a license or renewal shall be fixed by the
13	department under IC 28-11-3-5 and shall be nonrefundable. A licensee
14	failing to renew annually shall be required to pay a fee fixed by the
15	department under IC 28-11-3-5 for a new application.
16	(d) (e) If a person knowingly acts as a budget service company in
17	violation of this chapter, any agreement the person has made under this
18	chapter is void and the debtor under the agreement is not obligated to
19	pay any fees. If the debtor has paid any amounts to the person, the
20	debtor, or the department on behalf of the debtor, may recover the
21	payment from the person that violated this section.
22	(e) (f) A license issued under this section is not assignable or
23	transferable.
24	SECTION 43. IC 28-1-29-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) The department
26	may revoke or suspend any license issued under this chapter for the
27	following causes:
28	(1) Indictment for, conviction of, or a plea of guilty or nolo
29	contendere to a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral
30	turpitude. fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws
31	of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
32	(2) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter.
33	(3) Fraud or deceit in procuring the issuance of a license or
34	renewal under this chapter.
35	(4) Indulging in a continuous course of unfair conduct.
36	(5) Insolvency, bankruptcy, receivership, or assignment for the
37	benefit of creditors by a licensee.
38	(6) Licensee lending money to any debtor that has subscribed to
39	the licensee's services.
40	(7) Except as provided in subsection (c), offering to pay or give
41	any cash, fee, gift, bonus, premiums, reward, or other

compensation to any person for referring any prospective



1	customer to the licensee.
2	(8) Except as provided in subsection (d), receiving any cash, fee,
3	gift, bonus, premium, reward, or other compensation from any
4	person other than the contract debtor in connection with his
5	activities as a licensee.
6	(9) Licensee requiring a debtor to purchase or agree to purchase
7	a policy of insurance from which licensee receives a fee or other
8	remuneration.
9	(10) If the licensee violates any reasonable rule or regulation
10	made by the department under and within the authority of this
11	chapter.
12	(11) Misleading advertising or representing that the licensee can
13	provide protection from legal recourse or suits of creditors.
14	(b) Except as provided in section 4.1 of this chapter, the denial,
15	revocation, or suspension shall be made only after specific charges
16	have been filed in writing, under oath, with the department or by the
17	department, whereupon a hearing shall be had as to the reasons for
18	such denial, revocation, or suspension and a certified copy of the
19	charges shall be served on the licensee or the applicant for license not
20	less than ten (10) days prior to the hearing.
21	(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(7), a licensee may reduce the
22	fees of a contract debtor who is a client of the licensee if the contract
23	debtor refers a prospective customer to the licensee.
24	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(8), a licensee may receive a fair
25	share creditor fee, based on disbursements made to the creditor, from
26	a debtor's creditors. If any creditor refuses to pay the fair share creditor
27	fee, the creditor must still be included in the contract debtor's payment
28	plan.
29	(e) If the director of the department:
30	(1) has just cause to believe an emergency exists from which it is
31	necessary to protect the interests of the public; or
32	(2) determines that the license was obtained for the benefit of, or
33	on behalf of, a person who does not qualify for a license;
34	the director may proceed with the revocation of the license under
35	IC 4-21.5-3-6.
36	SECTION 44. IC 28-1-29-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
37	SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) Every person doing business as a budget
39	service company shall make application to the department for a license
40	to engage in such business. Such application shall be in the form

prescribed by the department and shall contain such information as the



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department may require.

1	(b) The department may not issue a license unless the department
2	finds that the financial responsibility, character, and fitness of:
3	(1) the applicant; and
4	(2) the:
5	(A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a partnership
6	or association; or
7	(B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant is a
8	corporation;
9	warrant belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly
10	under this article. The department is entitled to request evidence of an
11	applicant's financial responsibility, character, and fitness.
12	(c) An application submitted under this section must indicate
13	whether:
14	(1) any:
15	(A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a
16	partnership or association; or
17	(B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant
18	is a corporation;
19	are, at the time of the application, under indictment for a
20	felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
21	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; and
22	(2) any:
23	(A) members of the applicant, if the applicant is a
24	partnership or association; or
25	(B) officers and directors of the applicant, if the applicant
26	is a corporation;
27	have been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere
28	to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under
29	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
30	(c) (d) The department may deny an application under this section
31	if the director of the department determines that the application was
32	submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf of, a person who does not
33	qualify for a license.
34	(d) (e) Upon written request, an applicant is entitled to a hearing
35	under IC 4-21.5 on the question of the qualifications of the applicant
36	for a license.
37	SECTION 45. IC 28-1-29-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
38	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies if,
40	after a person has been issued a license or renewal license under
41	this chapter, any of the following apply:
42	(1) Any:



1	(A) members of the licensee, if the licensee is a partnership	
2	or association; or	
3	(B) officers and directors of the licensee, if the licensee is a	
4	corporation;	
5	are under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or	
6	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	
7	jurisdiction.	
8	(2) Any:	
9	(A) members of the licensee, if the licensee is a partnership	
10	or association; or	
11	(B) officers and directors of the licensee, if the licensee is a	
12	corporation;	
13	have been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere	
14	to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under	
15	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.	
16	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the	
17	department the information required under section 5(c) of this	
18	chapter:	
19	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after any person described	
20	in subsection (a):	
21	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or	
22	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo	
23	contendere to the felony;	
24	whichever applies; or	_
25	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 3(c)	
26	of this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision	
27	(1), along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under	
28	section 3(d) of this chapter.	V
29	SECTION 46. IC 28-1-29-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) A licensee (1)	
31	shall deliver to every contract debtor, at the time the contract is made,	
32	a copy of the contract, showing the:	
33	(A) (1) date executed;	
34	(B) (2) rate of charge the licensee will impose;	
35	(C) (3) initial set up fee;	
36	(D) (4) cancellation fee;	
37	(E) (5) amount of debts claimed by the contract debtor to be due	
38	his the contract debtor's creditors;	
39	(F) (6) total amount of fee to be assessed by the licensee,	
40	including the initial set up fee, but excluding the cancellation fee;	
41	and	
42	(G) (7) total amount of debt to be repaid under the contract;	



and shall immediately notify all creditors of the licensee's and debtor's relationship. The contract shall specify the schedule of payments from the debtor under the debt program.

- (2) (b) A license may take no fee unless a debt program or a finance program, or both, agreed upon by the licensee and the contract debtor, has been arranged. All creditors must be notified of the debtor's and licensee's relationship. Acceptance of a program payment constitutes agreement by the creditor to the program.
- (3) (c) A licensee shall give to the contract debtor a dated receipt for each payment, at the time of the payment, unless the payment is made by check, money order, or direct deposit.
- (4) (d) A licensee shall, upon cancellation by a contract debtor of the contract, notify immediately in writing all creditors of contract debtor.
- (5) (e) A licensee shall maintain in his the licensee's business such books, accounts, and records as will enable the department or the state's attorney general to determine whether such license is complying with this chapter. Such books, accounts, and records shall be preserved for at least three (3) years after making the final entry of any contract recorded therein.
- (6) (f) A licensee may not, except as provided in subdivision (7), subsection (g) receive a fee from the contract debtor for services in excess of fifteen percent (15%) of the amount the debtor agrees to pay through the licensee, divided into equal monthly payments over the term of the contract. The total monthly amount of fees paid by the contract debtor to the licensee plus the fair share fees paid by the contract debtor's creditors to the licensee shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the monthly amount the debtor agrees to pay through the licensee. The accrual method of accounting shall apply to the creditor's fair share fees received by the licensee. The program fee may be charged for any one (1) month or part of a month. As a portion of the total fees and charges stated in the contract, the licensee may require the debtor to pay a maximum initial payment of fifty dollars (\$50). The initial payment must be deducted from the total contract fees and charges to determine the monthly amortizable amount for subsequent fees. Unless approved by the department, the licensee may not retain in the debtor's trust account, for charges, an amount more greater than one (1) month's fee plus the close-out fee. Any fee charged by the licensee to the debtor under this section for services rendered by the licensee, other than the amount pursuant to subdivision (7), subsection (g), is not considered a debt owed by the debtor to the licensee.

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1	<del>(7)</del> <b>(g)</b> Upon:
2	(1) cancellation of the contract by a contract debtor; or
3	(2) termination of payments by a contract debtor;
4	a licensee may not withhold for his the licensee's own benefit, in
5	addition to the amounts specified in subdivision (6), subsection (f),
6	more than one hundred dollars (\$100), which may be accrued as a
7	close-out fee. The licensee may not charge the contract debtor more
8	than one (1) set up fee or cancellation fee, or both, unless the contract
9	debtor leaves the services of the licensee for more than six (6) months.
10	(8) (h) A licensee may not accept an account enter into a contract
11	with a debtor unless a thorough, written budget analysis of the debtor
12	indicates that the debtor can reasonably meet the payments required in
13	the budget analysis. under a proposed debt program or finance
14	program.
15	(9) (i) A licensee may not enter into a contract with a contract
16	debtor for a period longer than twenty-four (24) months.
17	(j) A licensee may provide services under this chapter in the
18	same place of business in which another business is operating, or
19	from which other products or services are sold, if the director
20	issues a written determination that:
21	(1) the operation of the other business; or
22	(2) the sale of other products and services;
23	from the location in question is not contrary to the best interests of
24	the licensee's contract debtors.
25	(k) A licensee without a physical location in Indiana may:
26	(1) solicit sales of; and
27	(2) sell;
28	additional products and services to Indiana residents if the director
29	issues a written determination that the proposed solicitation or sale
30	is not contrary to the best interests of contract debtors.
31	SECTION 47. IC 28-1-29-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. (a) All funds
33	received by a licensee or his the licensee's agent from and for the
34	purpose of paying bills, invoices, or accounts of a debtor shall
35	constitute trust funds owned by and belonging to the person from
36	whom they were received. All such funds received by a licensee shall
37	be separated from the funds of the licensee not later than the end of the
38	same business day following receipt by the licensee. All such funds
39	shall thereafter be kept separate and apart at all times from funds
40	belonging to the licensee or any of its officers, employees, or agents
41	and may be used for no purpose other than paying bills, invoices, or

accounts of said persons. All such trust funds received at the main or



branch offices of a licensee shall be deposited in a bank or banks in an account or accounts in the name of the licensee designated "trust account", or by some other appropriate name indicating that the funds are not the funds of the licensee or its officers, employees, or agents, on or before the close of the same banking day following receipt.

- (b) Prior to separation and deposit by the licensee, the funds may only be used by the licensee for the making of change or the cashing of checks in the normal course of its business. Such funds are not subject to attachment, levy of execution, or sequestration by order of court except by an obligor for whom a licensee is acting as an agent in paying bills, invoices, or accounts.
- (c) Each licensee shall make remittances within thirty (30) days after initial receipt of funds, and thereafter remittances shall be made within fifteen (15) days of receipt, less fees and costs, unless the reasonable payment of one (1) or more of the debtor's obligations requires that the funds be held for a longer period so as to accumulate a sum certain. For the purpose of this section, the cancellation fee set forth in section 8(7) 8(g) of this chapter shall not be deemed an obligation of the debtor.
- (d) At least once every three (3) months the licensee shall render an accounting to the debtor which shall must itemize the total amount received from the debtor, the total amount paid each creditor, the amount of charges deducted, the amount of fair share fees received by the licensee from each of the contract debtor's creditors, and any amount held in reserve. A licensee shall, in addition thereto, render such an accounting to a debtor within seven (7) days after written demand, but not more than three (3) per six (6) month period.
- (e) Upon the completion or termination of a contract between a licensee and a contract debtor, the licensee shall mail to the contract debtor a statement:
  - (1) indicating that the licensee no longer holds funds in trust for the contract debtor; and
  - (2) listing the name and address of:
    - (A) each creditor paid in full; and
    - (B) any creditors remaining unpaid.

SECTION 48. IC 28-1-29-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12. This chapter does not apply to any attorney at law authorized to practice in this state, or to any individual, partnership, association, limited liability company, or corporation doing business or operating in this state as a trust company or building and loan association, licensed lending institution, court appointed receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or any not-for-profit

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1	corporation providing the services of a budget service company which
2	does not charge the debtor any fee for such services, so long as such
3	persons comply with section 9 of this chapter and any person in charge
4	of such trust funds be bonded for the sum of at least twenty-five
5	thousand dollars (\$25,000). other than fees that are:
6	(1) incurred and documented by the person in the course of
7	providing the services, such as fees for postage or fees paid to
8	a third party; and
9	(2) bona fide and reasonable, as may be defined by a policy or
10	rule of the department.
11	SECTION 49. IC 28-1-32-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2006,
12	SECTION 491, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
13	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in
14	section 8.1 of this chapter for the conversion of a mutual savings
15	association into a federally chartered credit union, the department
16	shall prescribe procedures for the conversion of a mutual savings
17	association into a credit union under this chapter.
18	(b) The procedures prescribed by the department must include the
19	following:
20	(1) The savings association must prepare and submit to the
21	department a conversion plan that provides the terms and
22	conditions required by the department for the conversion of the
23	mutual savings association into a credit union.
24	(2) The conversion plan must be adopted by not less than a
25	majority of the board of directors of the savings association.
26	(3) Upon approval of the conversion plan by the board of
27	directors of the savings association, the conversion plan and a
28	certified copy of the resolution of the board of directors approving
29	the conversion plan must be submitted to the department for
30	approval.
31	(4) The conversion plan must be conditioned on the approval of
32	not less than a majority of the total number of votes eligible to be
33	cast at a regular or special meeting of the voting parties. The
34	director of the department must approve the method used to notify
35	the voting parties of the meeting held to consider the conversion
36	plan. The director of the department may require the converting
37	savings association to provide the voting parties with information
38	regarding the conversion plan.
39	(5) The savings association must provide to the department
40	additional relevant information requested by the department
41	regarding the conversion plan.

SECTION 50. IC 28-1-32-8.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8.1. (a) A mutual savings
3	association may convert into a federally chartered credit union by
4	complying with the following requirements:
5	(1) The mutual savings association must prepare a conversion
6	plan that provides the terms and conditions for the conversion
7	of the mutual savings association into a federal credit union.
8	(2) The conversion plan must be adopted by not less than a
9	majority of the board of directors of the mutual savings
10	association.
11	(3) Unless the articles of incorporation require a greater or
12	lesser vote, the conversion plan must be approved by not less
13	than a majority of the total number of votes eligible to be cast
14	at a regular or special meeting of the voting parties.
15	(4) If the conversion plan is approved by the voting parties
16	under subdivision (3), the mutual savings association shall, not
17	later than ninety (90) days after the plan is approved under
18	subdivision (3), take all necessary actions to effect the
19	conversion.
20	(5) Not later than ten (10) days after receipt of the federal
21	charter, the credit union resulting from the charter
22	conversion shall:
23	(A) file a copy of the federal charter with the department;
24	and
25	(B) notify the secretary of state that the conversion is
26	complete.
27	(b) Notwithstanding section 3 of this chapter, the converted
28	federal credit union ceases to be a savings association upon the
29	issuance of the federal charter, unless the federal charter provides
30	for a different effective date for the conversion.
31	SECTION 51. IC 28-1-33-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2006,
32	SECTION 492, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as provided in
34	section 8.1 of this chapter for the conversion of a mutual savings
35	bank into a federally chartered credit union, the department shall
36	prescribe procedures for charter conversions under this chapter.
37	(b) The procedures prescribed by the department must include the
38	following:
39	(1) The mutual savings bank must prepare and submit to the
40	department a conversion plan that provides the terms and
41	conditions required by the department for a charter conversion
42	under this chapter.



1	(2) The conversion plan must be adopted by not less than a	
2	majority of the board of directors of the mutual savings bank.	
3	(3) Upon approval of a plan of charter conversion by the board of	
4	directors of the savings bank, the conversion plan and a certified	
5	copy of the resolution of the board of directors approving the	
6	conversion plan must be submitted to the department for	
7	approval.	
8	(4) The conversion plan must be conditioned upon the approval	
9	of not less than a majority of the total number of votes eligible to	
10	be cast at a regular or special meeting of the voting parties. The	
11	director of the department must approve the method used to notify	
12	the voting parties of the meeting held to consider the conversion	
13	plan. The director of the department may require the converting	
14	mutual savings bank to provide the voting parties with	
15	information regarding the conversion plan.	
16	(5) The mutual savings bank must provide to the department the	
17	additional relevant information requested by the department in	
18	connection with the conversion plan.	
19	SECTION 52. IC 28-1-33-8.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
20	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8.1. (a) A mutual savings bank	
22	may convert into a federally chartered credit union by complying	
23	with the following requirements:	
24	(1) The mutual savings bank must prepare a conversion plan	_
25	that provides the terms and conditions for the conversion of	
26	the mutual savings bank into a federal credit union.	
27	(2) The conversion plan must be adopted by not less than a	
28	majority of the board of directors of the mutual savings bank.	W
29	(3) Unless the articles of incorporation require a greater or	
30	lesser vote, the conversion plan must be approved by not less	
31	than a majority of the total number of votes eligible to be cast	
32	at a regular or special meeting of the voting parties.	
33	(4) If the conversion plan is approved by the voting parties	
34	under subdivision (3), the mutual savings bank shall, not later	
35	than ninety (90) days after the plan is approved under	
36	subdivision (3), take all necessary actions to effect the charter	
37	conversion.	
38	(5) Not later than ten (10) days after receipt of the federal	
39	charter, the credit union resulting from the charter	
40	conversion shall:	
41	(A) file a copy of the federal charter with the department;	
42	and	



1	(B) notify the secretary of state that the conversion is	
2	complete.	
3	(b) Notwithstanding section 4 of this chapter, the converted	
4	federal credit union ceases to be a savings bank upon the issuance	
5	of the federal charter, unless the federal charter provides for a	
6	different effective date for the charter conversion.	
7	SECTION 53. IC 28-2-14-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) As used in this	
9	section, "affiliate" includes the following:	
10	(1) Any bank that is an affiliate under IC 28-1-18.2-1.	
11	(1) A financial institution.	
12	(2) Any company that (A) is controlled by a bank holding	
13	company; (B) is an affiliate under IC 28-1-18.2-1; and (C) is: (i)	
14	a national banking association to which the Comptroller of the	
15	Currency has issued a certificate authorizing the commencement	
16	of business, and the operations of which are required by the	
17	Comptroller of the Currency to be limited to those of a trust	U
18	company and activities related thereto; (ii) a trust company	
19	organized under the laws of any state, the operations of which are	
20	limited to those of a trust company and activities related thereto;	
21	or (iii) a corporate fiduciary organized under the laws of any state.	
22	controls a financial institution and any other company that is	
23	controlled by the company that controls a financial	
24	institution.	_
25	(3) A bank subsidiary of a financial institution.	
26	(4) Any company:	
27	(A) that is controlled directly or indirectly, by a trust or	
28	otherwise, by or for the benefit of shareholders who	V
29	beneficially or otherwise control, directly or indirectly, by	
30	trust or otherwise, the financial institution or any company	
31	that controls the financial institution; or	
32	(B) in which a majority of the company's directors or	
33	trustees constitute a majority of the persons holding any	
34	such office with a financial institution or any company that	
35	controls the financial institution.	
36	(5) Any:	
37	(A) company, including a real estate investment trust, that	
38	is sponsored and advised on a contractual basis by the	
39	financial institution or any subsidiary or affiliate of the	
40 4.1	financial institution; or	
41 42	(B) investment company with respect to which a financial	
12	institution or any affiliate of a financial institution is an	



1	investment advisor (as defined in section $2(a)(20)$ of the	
2	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a)).	
3	(6) Any company that the department determines by	
4	regulation or order to have a relationship with the financial	
5	institution or any subsidiary or affiliate of the financial	
6	institution, such that covered transactions by the financial	
7	institution or its subsidiary with that company may be	
8	affected by the relationship to the detriment of the financial	
9	institution or its subsidiary.	
10	(b) The term "affiliate" does not include the following:	
11	(1) Any company engaged solely in holding the premises of the	
12	financial institution.	
13	(2) Any company engaged solely in conducting a safe deposit	
14	business.	
15	(3) Any company engaged solely in holding obligations of the	
16	United States or its agencies or obligations fully guaranteed	
17	by the United States or its agencies as to principal and	
18	interest.	
19	(4) Any company whose control of a financial institution	
20	results from the exercise of rights arising from a bona fide	
21	debt previously contracted for. The exemption provided by	
22	this subdivision applies only:	
23	(A) for the period specifically authorized under applicable	
24	state or federal law or regulation; or	
25	(B) in the absence of a law or regulation described in	
26	clause (A), for a period of two (2) years after:	
27	(i) the date of the company's exercise of the rights arising	
28	from the debt; or	V
29	(ii) the effective date of the company's action under item	
30	(i);	
31	whichever is later.	
32	Upon application by the company or the financial institution,	
33	the department may authorize, for good cause shown, an	
34	extension of the period of exemption allowed under this	
35	subdivision. Extensions granted by the department under this	
36	subdivision may not exceed three (3) years in total.	
37	(c) As used in this section, "financial institution" means any of	
38	the following that is organized or reorganized under the laws of the	
39	United States or any state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19) and that	
40	has been granted fiduciary powers:	
41	(1) A bank.	
42	(2) A bank and trust company.	



1	(3) A savings bank.
2	(4) A trust company.
3	(5) A corporate fiduciary.
4	(6) An industrial loan and investment company.
5	(7) A savings association.
6	(8) A bank of discount and deposit.
7	(9) A loan and trust and safe deposit company.
8 9	(b) (d) As used in this section, "trust business" means all rights,
10	powers, and duties of granted to or imposed on a bank: financial institution in the exercise of its fiduciary powers, including the
11	following:
12	(1) acting The authority to act as:
13	(A) the administrator, coadministrator, executor, coexecutor,
14	trustee, or cotrustee of or in respect to any estate or trust;
15	(B) the guardian of any person or estate that is being
16	administered under Indiana law;
17	(C) an agent;
18	(D) a custodian (including custodian under the Indiana
19	Uniform Gifts to Minors Act); or
20	(E) an attorney-in-fact.
21	and The authority conferred by this subdivision includes any
22	other duties, powers, and appointments regularly administered by,
23	granted to, or conferred upon trust departments established and
24	maintained under IC 28-1-12-3(a) or the departments of national
25	banks and other financial institutions that are authorized to
26	exercise trust fiduciary powers. or
27	(2) All rights, powers, and duties arising from having been
28	named or designated as such in any capacity described in
29	subdivision (1) in any will or other writing whenever executed,
30	including wills and other writings naming the predecessor affiliate
31	that are executed after the effective date of the resolution
32	anticipated by subsection (c). (e).
33	(c) (e) The board of directors of any bank holding company or other
34	company that controls a financial institution may adopt a resolution
35	to cause an affiliate it controls to succeed to part or all of the trust
36	business of another affiliate controlled by the bank holding company.
37	it controls. If a financial institution is not controlled by another
38	company, the board of directors of the financial institution may
39	adopt a resolution to cause part or all of its trust business to
40	succeed to an affiliate. If the board of directors adopts such a
41	resolution and files a certified copy of it as required by subsection (d),

(f), the successor affiliate becomes successor fiduciary in place of the



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predecessor affiliate with all the rights, powers, and duties that were granted to or imposed on the predecessor affiliate. The rights, powers, and duties vest in the successor affiliate, after the taking effect of the succession, irrespective of the date upon which the relation is established, and irrespective of the date of any related written
agreement establishing the relationship or of the date of the death of
any decedent whose estate is being so administered. Nothing done in connection with the succession effects a renunciation or revocation of any letters of administration or letters testamentary pertaining to the
relation, nor does it effect a removal or resignation from the
executorship, trusteeship, or other fiduciary relationship.
(d) (f) If a resolution is adopted under this section, the board of
directors shall file a certified copy of the resolution with the
department. The board of directors may file the copy in person or by certified mail. The effective date of the succession to part or all of the
trust business, as set forth in the resolution, is the date provided in the
resolution, which must not be before or more than thirty (30) days after
the date of filing of the resolution. If the resolution provides no
effective date, the effective date is the date of filing.

SECTION 54. IC 28-5-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter and unless a different meaning appears from the context:

- (a) The term "capital and surplus" or "unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus" has the meaning set forth in 12 CFR 32.2.
- (a) (b) The term "company" shall mean and include any corporation to which this chapter is applicable.
- (b) (c) The term "department" means the department of financial institutions of the state of Indiana.
- (c) The term "sound capital" means and includes the paid-in and unimpaired capital, the unimpaired surplus, and the unimpaired proceeds of the capital and investment notes and capital debentures of any company which have been issued under the authority and with the approval in writing of the department together with all accrued and unpaid interest on said capital and investment notes and capital debentures which by the terms thereof is payable:
  - (i) at maturity;
  - (ii) after a one year notice in writing given by the holder to the company, except that any such company may waive such notice whenever its reserve balance exceeds the amount provided in section 13 of this chapter; or
  - (iii) at a fixed or determinable date or dates, which fixed or determinable date or dates are at intervals of not less than

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four (	$\left(4\right)$	years.
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(d) The department is hereby authorized to approve the issue of capital and investment notes and capital debentures by any company to create sound capital and surplus, but no such notes and debentures shall be authorized or approved by the department unless such notes and debentures shall, by their terms, provide that the debt, including all accrued and unpaid interest, evidenced thereby shall be subordinate, in order of priority on liquidation, to all of the obligations of the company to the holders of its installment and fully paid certificates of indebtedness or investment and creditors other than such creditors and holders who have expressly agreed otherwise and other than creditors who are such by reason of the ownership of such notes or debentures which the department is authorized to approve by this section.

SECTION 55. IC 28-5-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.235-2005, SECTION 204, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6. (a) Every company may exercise all the powers conferred upon domestic corporations by IC 23-1 but only to the extent that those powers may be necessary, convenient, or expedient to accomplish the purposes for which it is organized. Subject to the restrictions and limitations contained in this chapter, every company may exercise the following powers:

- (1) To issue, negotiate, and sell its secured or unsecured certificates of investment or indebtedness, subject to subdivision (17), (16), upon terms and conditions, in any form, and payable at times that are not inconsistent with this chapter and, subject to subsection (c), bearing a rate of interest approved by the department.
- (2) To make, purchase, discount, or otherwise acquire extensions of credit under IC 24-4.5.
- (3) To lend money without security or upon the security of comakers, personal endorsement, or the mortgage of real or personal property or the mortgage or pledge of bailment leases or rentals due and to become due thereunder and other choses in action, and to contract for interest, discount, fees, charges, or other consideration fixed or permitted by any laws of Indiana concerning interest, discount, or usury.
- (4) To discount, purchase, or otherwise acquire notes, bills of exchange, acceptances, bailment leases, and the property covered thereby or the rentals due or to become due thereunder or other choses in action and, subject to such restrictions the department imposes, to become owner or lessor of personal or real property acquired upon the request and for the use of a customer, and to

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1	incur additional obligations incident to becoming an owner or	
2	lessor of the property. The liability of a lessee under the lease	
3	does not constitute an obligation (as defined in section 8 of this	
4	chapter).	
5	(5) To purchase or construct buildings and hold legal title to them,	
6	to be leased for public purposes to municipal corporations or	
7	other public authorities having resources sufficient to make	
8	payment of all rentals as they become due. Each lease agreement	
9	shall provide that upon expiration, the lessee shall become owner	
10	of the building.	
11	(6) To invest in bonds, notes, or certificates which are:	
12	(A) the direct or indirect obligations of the United States or of	
13	the state;	
14	(B) obligations of mutual funds or financial institutions if the	
15	obligations represent a participation in a fund invested in, or	
16	are secured by, direct or indirect obligations of the United	
17	States owned by the mutual fund or financial institution;	
18	(C) the direct obligations of a civil or school county, township,	
19	city, town, other taxing district, or municipality of Indiana;	
20	(D) a special taxing district in Indiana;	
21	(E) issued by or in the name of:	
22	(i) the trustees of Indiana University;	
23	(ii) the trustees of Purdue University;	
24	(iii) the trustees of Ball State University;	
25	(iv) the trustees of Indiana State University; or	
26	(v) the Indiana health and educational facility finance	
27	authority under IC 20-12-63;	
28	(F) issued by or in the name of any municipality of Indiana and	V
29	payable from the revenues to be derived from the operation of	
30	facilities for the production or distribution of water, electricity,	
31	gas, or from the operation of sewage works; or	
32	(G) the obligations of any Indiana toll road commission, public	
33	library, or schoolhouse holding corporation first mortgage	
34	bonds;	
35	which district, municipality, taxing unit, or corporation is not then	
36	in default in the payment of either principal or interest on any of	
37	its funded obligations and has not so defaulted for a period of	
38	more than six (6) months within the five (5) year period	
39	immediately preceding the purchase of the securities.	
40	(7) To invest in bonds, notes, or debentures rated in one (1) of the	
41	first four (4) classifications established by one (1) or more	
42	standard rating services specified by the department that satisfy	



requirements of marketability prescribed periodically by the
department that are the obligations of a person, a firm, a limited
liability company, a corporation, a state, a territory, an insular
possession of the United States, or a county, township, town, city
taxing district, or municipality thereof which is not then in defaul
in the payment of either principal or interest on any of its funded
obligations and has not so defaulted within the five (5) year
period immediately preceding the purchase of the securities and
other investment securities prescribed by the department by rule
As used in this section, the term "investment securities" means
marketable obligations evidencing indebtedness of a person, firm
limited liability company, or corporation in the form of bonds
notes, or debentures commonly known as "investment securities'
and the definition of the term "investment securities" prescribed
by the department by rule. Except as is otherwise provided in this
chapter or otherwise permitted by law, nothing contained in this
subdivision authorizes the purchase by an industrial loan and
investment company of shares of stock or other securities, unless
the purchase is necessary to prevent loss under a debt previously
contracted in good faith and stocks or other securities so
purchased or acquired shall, within six (6) months from the time
of its purchase, be sold or disposed of at public or private sale
unless otherwise ordered by the department.
(8) To invest in bonds or debentures issued under and by the

- (8) To invest in bonds or debentures issued under and by the authority of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1421 through 1429), or of the Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1461 through 1468), or obligations issued by or for farm credit banks, and banks for cooperatives under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2001 through 2279aa-14).
- (9) To invest in insured shares of an insured savings association organized under the laws of Indiana, and in insured shares of an insured federal savings association whose principal place of business is located in Indiana; and in certificates of indebtedness or investment of an industrial loan and investment company organized under the laws of Indiana. However, not more than twenty percent (20%) of the resources of the company may be invested in the insured shares of any such association nor more than ten percent (10%) of sound the company's capital and surplus in such certificates of industrial loan and investment companies.
- (10) To make loans and advances of credit and purchases of obligations representing loans and advances of credit as are









1	eligible for insurance by the federal housing administrator, and to
2	obtain insurance from the administrator.
3	(11) To make loans secured by mortgage on real property or
4	leasehold if:
5	(A) the mortgage is insured by the federal housing
6	administrator; or
7	(B) the company makes a commitment to insure and to obtain
8	insurance from the administrator, if the mortgage is not
9	insured by the federal housing administrator.
10	(12) To purchase, invest in, and dispose of notes or bonds secured
11	by mortgage or trust deed insured by the federal housing
12	administrator or debentures issued by the federal housing
13	administrator, or bonds or other securities insured by national
14	mortgage associations.
15	(13) To discount, purchase, or otherwise acquire charge accounts,
16	and drafts and bills of exchange evidencing charge accounts and
17	to impose and collect monthly service charges and maintenance
18	charges on charge accounts, drafts, or bills of exchange which are
19	owned or acquired in amounts agreed upon between the company
20	and the obligor, or obligors, on charge accounts, drafts, and bills
21	of exchange.
22	(14) To purchase or otherwise acquire property, real or personal,
23	tangible or intangible, in which the company has a security
24	interest to secure a debt owing to the company contracted in good
25	faith or the purchase or acquisition of which property is
26	considered expedient to prevent loss from a debt owing to the
27	company contracted in good faith, and for such purpose to engage
28	in any lawful business considered necessary or expedient by the
29	company to preserve, protect, or make saleable the property.
30	Property thus purchased or acquired shall be sold and disposed of
31	within two (2) years, or a longer period permitted by the
32	department, after the purchase or acquisition.
33	(15) To act as trustee of a trust created in the United States and
34	forming part of a stock bonus, pension, or profit sharing plan that
35	is qualified for tax treatment under Section 401(d) of the Internal
36	Revenue Code, and to act as trustee or custodian of an individual
37	retirement account within the meaning of Section 408 of the
38	Internal Revenue Code, if the funds of that trust or account are
39	only invested in certificates of investment or indebtedness of the
40	company or in obligations or securities issued by that company.
41	All funds held under this subdivision in a fiduciary capacity may
42	be commingled by the company for appropriate investment



1	purposes. However, individual records shall be kept by the
2	fiduciary for each participant and shall show in proper detail all
3	transactions engaged in under the authority of this subdivision.
4	(16) To do anything necessary and appropriate to obtain or
5	maintain federal deposit insurance under the Federal Deposit
6	Insurance Corporation Act (12 U.S.C. 1811 through 1833e) or
7	insurance under any other federal or Indiana law providing
8	insurance for certificates of investment or indebtedness issued by
9	a company. A company that obtains and maintains federal deposit
10	insurance is not required to obtain approval from the department
11	concerning the rate of interest payable on, or the form, the terms,
12	or the conditions of the certificates of investment or indebtedness,
13	and the company may exercise all of the powers that are conferred
14	upon institutions maintaining federal deposit insurance that are
15	not in conflict with Indiana law.
16	(17) To become a member of a federal home loan bank and
17	acquire, own, pledge, sell, assign, or otherwise dispose of shares
18	of the capital stock of a federal home loan bank.
19	(18) To borrow money and procure advances from a federal home
20	loan bank and to transfer, assign to, and pledge with the federal
21	home loan bank any of the bonds, notes, contracts, mortgages,
22	securities, or other property of the company held or acquired as
23	security for the payment of the loans and advances.
24	(19) To possess and exercise all rights, powers, and privileges
25	conferred upon and do and perform all acts and things required of
26	members or shareholders of a federal home loan bank, or by the
27	provisions of 12 U.S.C. 1421 through 1449.
28	(20) Subject to section 6.3 of this chapter, to exercise the rights
29	and privileges (as defined in section 6.3(a) of this chapter) that
30	are or may be granted to national banks domiciled in Indiana.
31	(b) No law of this state prescribing the nature, amount, or form of
32	security or requiring security upon which loans or advances of credit
33	may be made, or prescribing or limiting interest rates upon loans or
34	advances of credit, or prescribing or limiting the period for which loans
35	or advances of credit may be made, applies to loans, advances of credit,
36	or purchases made pursuant to subsection $(a)(10)$ , $(a)(11)$ , or $(a)(12)$ .

(c) If any national or state chartered bank or savings association is not limited by law with regard to the rate of interest payable on any type or category of checking account, savings account, or deposit, certificate of deposit, membership share, or other account, then industrial loan and investment companies are similarly not limited with regard to the interest payable on certificates of investment or



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1	indebtedness.
2	SECTION 56. IC 28-5-1-6.3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6.3 (a) As used in this
4	section, "rights and privileges" means the power to:
5	(1) create;
6	(2) deliver;
7	(3) acquire; or
8	(4) sell;
9	a product, a service, or an investment that is available to or offered by
.0	national banks domiciled in Indiana.
1	(b) An industrial loan and investment company that intends to
2	exercise any rights and privileges that are:
3	(1) granted to national banks; but
4	(2) not authorized for industrial loan and investment companies
.5	under the Indiana Code (except for this section) or any rule
6	adopted under the Indiana Code;
.7	shall submit a letter to the department describing in detail the requested
8	rights and privileges granted to national banks that the company
9	intends to exercise. If available, copies of relevant federal law,
20	regulations, and interpretive letters must be attached to the letter
21	submitted by the company.
22	(c) The department shall promptly notify the requesting company of
23	the department's receipt of the letter submitted under subsection (b).
24	Except as provided in subsection (e), the company may exercise the
25	requested rights and privileges sixty (60) days after the date on which
26	the department receives the letter unless otherwise notified by the
27	department.
28	(d) The department through its members, may prohibit the company
29	from exercising deny the requested rights and privileges only if the
30	members find department finds that:
1	(1) national banks domiciled in Indiana do not possess the
32	requested rights and privileges; <del>or</del>
3	(2) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the
34	company would adversely affect the safety and soundness of the
55	company;
66	(3) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the
37	company would result in an unacceptable curtailment of
8	consumer protection; or
19	(4) the failure of the department to approve the requested
10	rights and privileges will not result in a competitive
1	disadvantage to the company.
12	(e) The sixty (60) day period referred to in subsection (c) may be



extended by the department based on a determination that the company's letter raised issues requiring additional information or additional time for analysis. If the sixty (60) day period is extended under this subsection, the company may exercise the requested rights and privileges only if the company receives prior written approval from the department. However:

## (1) the members department must:

- (A) approve or deny the requested rights and privileges; or
- (B) convene a hearing;

- not later than sixty (60) days after the department receives the company's letter; and
- (2) if a hearing is convened, the members department must approve or deny the requested rights and privileges not later than sixty (60) days after the hearing is concluded.
- (f) The exercise of rights and privileges by a company in compliance with and in the manner authorized by this section is not a violation of any provision of the Indiana Code or rules adopted under IC 4-22-2.
- (g) Whenever, in compliance with this section, If a company exercises receives approval to exercise the requested rights and privileges granted to national banks domiciled in Indiana, the department shall determine by order whether all industrial loan and investment companies may exercise the same rights and privileges. if In making the determination required by this subsection, the department by order determines must ensure that the exercise of the rights and privileges by all industrial loan and investment companies would will not:
  - (1) adversely affect their safety and soundness; or
  - (2) unduly constrain Indiana consumer protection provisions.
- (h) If the department denies the request of a company under this section to exercise any rights and privileges that are granted to national banks, the company may appeal the decision of the department to the circuit court with jurisdiction in the county in which the principal office of the company is located. In an appeal under this section, the court shall determine the matter de novo.

SECTION 57. IC 28-5-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection subsections (c), (d), and (e), of this section, the total obligation of any person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation to any such industrial loan and investment company shall at no time exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the amount of the sound capital and surplus of such the company.









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(b) The term "obligations" as used in this section means the direct
liability of the maker or acceptor of paper discounted with or sold to
any such company, and the liability of the indorser, drawer or guarantor
who obtains a loan from, or discounts paper with or sells paper under
his the person's guaranty to any such company, and, in the case of
obligations of a copartnership or association, includes only those
obligations of the several members thereof directly related to the
copartnership or association, and, in the case of obligations of a
corporation, includes all obligations of all subsidiaries thereof in which
such corporation owns or controls a majority interest.
(c) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to the following:
(1) Obligations arising out of the discount of commercial or
business paper actually owned by the person, firm, limited
liability company, or corporation negotiating such paper.
(2) Obligations of the United States or any instrumentality thereof
or of this state, or of any municipal corporation or taxing district
thereof, or obligations fully insured by the federal housing
administrator as to principal; however, the department may, under
such rules and regulations as it may prescribe, limit the total
amount that may be invested by any such companies industrial
loan and investment company in any one (1) obligation and or
in any class of obligations described in <del>clauses</del> <b>subdivisions</b> (1)
and (2). of this subsection.
(3) Obligations arising out of the agreement to repurchase, or the
guaranty or endorsement of, retail installment sales contracts by

- (3) Obligations arising out of the agreement to repurchase, **or** the guaranty or endorsement of, retail installment sales contracts by a retail seller or subsequent assignee; however, this clause **subdivision** does not apply in any case where such company purchasing such paper does not become the absolute owner, or in any case where installment payments are collected by a prior owner of the paper, or by a retail seller of the goods represented thereby.
- (4) Obligations arising out of the agreement to repurchase, **or** the guaranty or indorsement of, title-retaining real estate installment sales contracts by a seller, or subsequent assignees; however, this clause **subdivision** does not apply in any case where such company purchasing such contracts does not become the absolute owner, or in any case where installment payments are collected by a prior owner of the contracts or by a seller of such contracts.
- (5) Obligations of the borrower arising out of loans in which the borrower has no personal liability but which are secured by bailment leases or the rentals due and to become due thereunder; and the rights of the lessor in said leases and the property being



1	leased thereunder, and which loans are to be repaid out of said
2	rentals due and to become due under said leases; or obligations
3	arising out of the guaranty, endorsement, or assignment of
4	bailment leases or the rentals due and to become due thereunder
5	by the lessor; however, this clause subdivision does not apply in
6	any such case where such company does not have the right or
7	does not actually collect the rentals due or to become due
8	thereunder.
9	(6) (d) Obligations to the an industrial loan and investment
10	company of any subsidiary or subsidiaries of the company engaged in
11	business for the purpose provided in section 6(a)(15) of this chapter
12	shall at no time exceed in the case of one (1) subsidiary ten percent
13	(10%) of the sound capital and surplus of the company or, in the case
14	of more than one (1) subsidiary, in the aggregate twenty percent (20%)
15	of the sound capital and surplus of the company unless in either case
16	the department shall approve a larger percentage.
17	(7) (e) Obligations to the an industrial loan and investment
18	company of any subsidiary or subsidiaries of the company engaged in
19	business for the purpose provided in section 6(a)(14) of this chapter
20	shall at no time exceed in the aggregate thirty percent (30%) of the
21	amount of the sound capital and surplus of the company or such larger
22	sum as the department may approve.
23	(d) (f) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and in
24	section 9 of this chapter, no loan shall be made, directly or indirectly,
25	by any industrial loan and investment company, to any active executive
26	officer, agent, or employee thereof. The board of directors or executive
27	committee of any industrial loan and investment company may, by
28	resolution, duly entered in the records of the proceedings of the board
29	or committee, authorize loans to or extend lines of credit to:
30	(1) any active executive officer, agent, or employee of such
31	industrial loan and investment company in any amount not
32	exceeding, at any one (1) time outstanding:
33	(i) (A) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); plus
34	(ii) (B) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) (\$10,000) which
35	shall may be used for the sole purpose of educating the
36	children of such active executive officer, agent, or employee
37	as hereinafter provided; or
38	(2) directors not holding any office in such industrial loan and

investment company, and not being acting as an agent or employee thereof.

The board or committee may likewise authorize loans to or extend lines of credit to firms, limited liability companies, or corporations in which



active executive officers, agents or employees or directors may be partners, members, or stockholders, but the total amount of the obligations of all such active executive officers, agents, or employees, and directors, or other firms, limited liability companies, or corporations in which such active executive officers, agents, employees, and directors are partners, members, or stockholders, shall not at any time exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total resources of the industrial loan and investment company at the time any such loan or extension of credit is made. Loans and lines of credit permitted by this subsection shall be made only on authorization by a majority of all of the directors or members of the executive committee of such industrial loan and investment company, and by the affirmative vote of all directors or members of the executive committee present at the meeting, and such authorization may be general and need not be given for each loan or line of credit extended; however, such general authorization shall be voted upon at least annually. When a line of credit has been extended pursuant to this subsection to any such active executive officer, agent, or employee or to any such director, or to any firm, corporation, limited liability company, or partnership in which an active executive officer, agent, employee, or director may be a partner, member, or stockholder, any notes or other instruments evidencing an indebtedness to the industrial loan and investment company, and any renewals or extensions thereof, need not be authorized as otherwise required by this subsection if such loan, or any renewal or any extension thereof, is within the terms of the authorization of the line of credit theretofore extended by the directors or executive committee to such active executive officer, agent, or employee, or to such director, or to any firm, corporation, limited liability company, or partnership in which any active executive officer, agent, employee, or director may be a partner, member or stockholder. The department, under such general rules and regulations as it may prescribe, which shall apply to all industrial loan and investment companies alike, may require full collateral security for all loans of the types permitted by this subsection and, for the purpose of providing that such security may be adequate, may specify the types thereof that may be pledged. Subject to section 9 of this chapter, the limitations of this subsection shall not apply to a loan by an industrial loan and investment company to an active executive officer, agent, or employee thereof made upon the security of real estate whereupon such active executive officer, agent, or employee maintains his the person's actual residence. The term "actual residence" includes a two-family dwelling unit if one (1) of such units is occupied by the active executive officer, agent, or employee of the



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(e) (g) An officer or director of any industrial loan and investment company who knowingly violates subsection (d) of this section (f) commits a Class B felony.

SECTION 58. IC 28-5-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 11. (a) Any such company shall have the power to purchase, hold and convey real estate for the following purposes and for no others:

- (1) Such as shall be necessary for the convenient transaction of its business, but the cost or value of such real estate as carried on its books shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the amount of its sound capital and surplus, without the written consent of the department.
- (2) Such as shall be conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts or obligations previously contracted in the course of its dealings, or in exchange for real estate so conveyed to it.
- (3) Such as it shall purchase at sales under judgments or decrees of foreclosure on mortgages held by such company or shall acquire as additional security for obligations due such company.
- (4) Such as shall have been sold under a title-retaining, installment, real estate sales contract, the term of which does not exceed twelve (12) years, where such contract is either purchased by it or taken as collateral security for a loan. However, the total cost of all real estate sold on title-retaining installment sales contracts as carried on the books of the company shall not at any one (1) time exceed five percent (5%) of the total resources of the company when such real estate title-retaining installment sales contracts were acquired without the written approval of the department.
- (b) No such company shall hold the title or possession of any real estate purchased or otherwise acquired to secure any debts or obligations due to it, for a longer period than ten (10) years after such real estate is or has been purchased or otherwise acquired without the consent in writing of the department. However, any such company may sell any real estate so purchased or otherwise acquired by it under a title-retaining installment real estate sales contract, the term of which shall not exceed twelve (12) years, and hold title or possession thereof until the same is conveyed to the purchaser thereof under the terms and provisions of any such contract.
- (c) For the purposes of subsection (a)(1), real estate purchased or held for the convenient transaction of the business of a company includes the following:

EH 1557—LS 785.









1	(1) Real estate on which the principal office or a branch office of
2	the company is located.
3	(2) Real estate that is the location of facilities supporting the
4	operations of the company, such as parking facilities, data
5	processing centers, loan production offices, automated teller
6	machines, night depositories, facilities necessary for the
7	operations of a company subsidiary, or other facilities that are
8	approved by the director.
9	(3) Real estate that the board of directors of the company expects,
10	in good faith, to use as a company office or facility in the future.
11	(d) If real estate referred to in subsection (c)(3) is held by a
12	company for one (1) year without being used as a company office or
13	facility, the board of directors of the company shall state, by resolution,
14	definite plans for the use of the real estate. A resolution adopted under
15	this subsection shall be made available for inspection by the
16	department.
17	(e) Real estate referred to in subsection (c)(3) may not be held by a
18	company for more than three (3) years without being used as a
19	company office or facility unless:
20	(1) the board of directors of the company, by resolution:
21	(A) reaffirms annually that the company expects to use the real
22	estate as a company office or facility in the future; and
23	(B) explains the reason why the real estate has not yet been
24	used as a company office or facility; and
25	(2) the director determines that:
26	(A) the continued holding of the real estate by the company
27	does not endanger the safety and soundness of the company;
28	and
29	(B) the company is holding the real estate to use the real estate
30	in the future for one (1) of the purposes set forth in subsection
31	(c)(1) and $(c)(2)$ .
32	(f) Real estate referred to in subsection (c)(3) may not be held by a
33	company for more than ten (10) years without being used as a company
34	office or facility unless the department consents in writing to the
35	continued holding of the real estate by the company.
36	SECTION 59. IC 28-5-1-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 15. (a) The department
38	shall have charge of the organization, supervision, regulation,
39	examination, and liquidation of all industrial loan and investment
40	companies to which this chapter is applicable, to the same extent and

in the same manner as is provided for financial institutions in IC 28-1 and IC 28-11, and for such purpose any company to which this chapter



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1	is applicable shall be deemed to be and shall be a financial institution
2	within the meaning of the term as used in IC 28-1-2, IC 28-1-3.1, and
3	IC 28-11. The department shall be subject to the same limitations with
4	reference to the disclosure of information as is provided in
5	IC 28-11-3-3.
6	(b) In conducting an examination of an industrial loan and
7	investment company, the department shall include an examination
8	of the affairs of all the industrial loan and investment company's
9	affiliates necessary to disclose fully:
.0	(1) the relations between the industrial loan and investment
. 1	company and its affiliates; and
.2	(2) the effect of the relations described in subdivision (1) upon
.3	the affairs of the industrial loan and investment company.
.4	In conducting the examination of an affiliate of an industrial loan
.5	and investment company, the department has the same powers to
.6	examine the affiliate as the department has to examine the affairs
.7	of the industrial loan and investment company under this section.
. 8	SECTION 60. IC 28-6.1-6-24 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 24. (a) As used in this
20	section, "rights and privileges" means the power to:
2.1	(1) create;
22	(2) deliver;
23	(3) acquire; or
24	(4) sell;
25	a product, a service, or an investment that is available to or offered by
26	national banks domiciled in Indiana.
27	(b) Subject to the conditions set forth in this section, a savings bank
28	may exercise the rights and privileges that are or may be granted to
29	national banks domiciled in Indiana.
80	(c) A savings bank that intends to exercise any rights and privileges
31	that are:
32	(1) granted to national banks; but
3	(2) not authorized for a savings bank under the Indiana Code
34	(except for this section) or any rule adopted under the Indiana
55	Code;
66	shall submit a letter to the department describing in detail the requested
57	rights and privileges granted to national banks that the savings bank
8	intends to exercise. If available, copies of relevant federal law,
9	regulations, and interpretive letters must be attached to the letter
10	submitted by the company.

(d) The department shall promptly notify the requesting savings

bank of the department's receipt of the letter submitted under



1	subsection (c). Except as provided in subsection (f), the savings bank
2	may exercise the requested rights and privileges sixty (60) days after
3	the date on which the department receives the letter unless otherwise
4	notified by the department.
5	(e) The department through its members, may prohibit the savings
6	bank from exercising deny the requested rights and privileges only if
7	the members find department finds that:
8	(1) national banks domiciled in Indiana do not possess the
9	requested rights and privileges; or
10	(2) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the
11	savings bank would adversely affect the safety and soundness of
12	the savings bank;
13	(3) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the
14	savings bank would result in an unacceptable curtailment of
15	consumer protection; or
16	(4) the failure of the department to approve the requested
17	rights and privileges will not result in a competitive
18	disadvantage to the savings bank.
19	(f) The sixty (60) day period referred to in subsection (c) (d) may be
20	extended by the department based on a determination that the savings
21	bank's letter raised issues requiring additional information or additional
22	time for analysis. If the sixty (60) day period is extended under this
23	subsection, the savings bank may exercise the requested rights and
24	privileges only if the savings bank receives prior written approval from
25	the department. However:
26	(1) the members department must:
27	(A) approve or deny the requested rights and privileges; or
28	(B) convene a hearing;
29	not later than sixty (60) days after the department receives the
30	savings bank's letter; and
31	(2) if a hearing is convened, the members department must
32	approve or deny the requested rights and privileges not later than
33	sixty (60) days after the hearing is concluded.
34	(g) The exercise of rights and privileges by a savings bank in
35	compliance with and in the manner authorized by this section is not a
36	violation of any provision of the Indiana Code or rules adopted under
37	IC 4-22-2.
38	(h) Whenever, in compliance with this section, If a savings bank
39	exercises receives approval to exercise the requested rights and
40	privileges granted to national banks domiciled in Indiana, the
41	department shall determine by order whether all savings banks may

exercise the same rights and privileges. if In making the



1	determination required by this subsection, the department by order	
2	determines must ensure that the exercise of the rights and privileges	
3	by all savings banks would will not:	
4	(1) adversely affect their safety and soundness; or	
5	(2) unduly constrain Indiana consumer protection provisions.	
6	(i) If the department denies the request of a savings bank under this	
7	section to exercise any rights and privileges that are granted to national	
8	banks, the savings bank may appeal the decision of the department to	
9	the circuit court with jurisdiction in the county in which the principal	
10	office of the savings bank is located. In an appeal under this section,	- 1
11	the court shall determine the matter de novo.	
12	SECTION 61. IC 28-6.1-7-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. (a) Subject to the	
14	prior written approval of the department, a savings bank may purchase,	
15	hold, and convey real property that is:	
16	(1) improved or to be improved by a single, freestanding building;	4
17	and	
18	(2) to be used, in part, as a branch of the savings bank and, in	
19	part, as rental property for one (1) lessee.	
20	(b) If real estate described in subsection (a) is held by a savings	
21	bank for at least one (1) year without being used as described in	
22	subsection (a), the board of directors of the savings bank shall	
23	state, by resolution, definite plans for the use of the real estate. A	
24	resolution adopted under this subsection shall be made available	
25	for inspection by the department.	
26	(b) (c) Unless a written extension of time is given by the department	
27	under this subsection, the savings bank shall open the branch within	1
28	two (2) not later than three (3) years from after the acquisition date	,
29	of the real estate. The department may grant an extension of time	
30	for the savings bank to open the branch if:	
31	(1) the board of directors of the savings bank, by resolution:	
32	(A) reaffirms annually that the savings bank expects to use	
33	the real estate as described in subsection (a) in the future;	
34	and	
35	(B) explains the reason why the real estate has not yet been	
36	used as described in subsection (a); and	
37	(2) the director determines that:	
38	(A) the continued holding of the real estate by the savings	
39	bank does not endanger the safety and soundness of the	
40	savings bank; and	
41	(B) the savings bank is holding the real estate to use the	
42	real estate in the future for one (1) of the purposes set forth	



1	in subsection (a).
2	(c) (d) If the savings bank:
3	(1) does not open a branch on the real estate within the period
4	specified in subsection (b); (c); or
5	(2) removes its branch from the real estate;
6	the savings bank shall divest itself of all interest in the real estate not
7	more than ten (10) years after the acquisition date of the real estate, if
8	a branch was not opened, or ten (10) years after the removal date of the
9	branch office.
10	(d) (e) Except with the written approval of the department, the sum
11	invested in real property and buildings used for the convenient
12	transaction of the savings bank's business as provided in this section
13	may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the surplus and retained earnings
14	of the savings bank.
15	SECTION 62. IC 28-6.1-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. As used in this
17	chapter, "capital and surplus" and "unimpaired capital and surplus"
18	have the meaning set forth in 12 CFR <del>32.</del> <b>32.2.</b>
19	SECTION 63. IC 28-7-1-0.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2005,
20	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 0.5. The following definitions apply throughout
22	this chapter:
23	(1) "Automated teller machine" (ATM) means a piece of
24	unmanned electronic or mechanical equipment that performs
25	routine financial transactions for authorized individuals.
26	(2) "Branch office" means an office, agency, or other place of
27	business at which deposits are received, share drafts are paid, or
28	money is lent to members of a credit union. The term does not
29	include:
30	(A) the principal office of a credit union;
31	<ul><li>(B) the principal office of a credit union affiliate;</li><li>(C) a branch office of a credit union affiliate;</li></ul>
32 33	
34	(D) an automated teller machine; or
35	<ul><li>(E) a night depository.</li><li>(3) "Credit union" is a cooperative, nonprofit association,</li></ul>
36	incorporated under this chapter, for the purposes of educating its
37	members in the concepts of thrift and to encourage savings among
38	its members. A credit union should provide a source of credit at
39	a fair and reasonable rate of interest and provide an opportunity
40	for its members to use and control their own money in order to



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improve their economic and social condition.

(4) "Department" refers to the department of financial institutions.

1	(5) "Surplus" means the credit balance of undivided earnings after	
2	losses. The term does not include statutory reserves.	
3	(6) "Unimpaired shares" means paid in shares less any losses for	
4	which no reserve exists and for which there is no charge against	
5	undivided earnings.	
6	(7) "Related credit union service organization" means, in	
7	reference to a credit union, a credit union service organization in	
8	which the credit union has invested under section $9(4)(J)$ 9(3)(J)	
9	of this chapter.	
10	(8) "Premises" means any office, branch office, suboffice, service	
11	center, parking lot, real estate, or other facility where the credit	
12	union transacts or will transact business.	
13	(9) "Furniture, fixtures, and equipment" means office furnishings,	
14	office machines, computer hardware, computer software,	
15	automated terminals, and heating and cooling equipment.	_
16	(10) "Fixed assets" means:	
17	(A) premises; and	U
18	(B) furniture, fixtures, and equipment.	
19	(11) "Audit period" means a twelve (12) month period designated	
20	by the board of directors of a credit union.	
21	(12) "Community" means:	4
22	(A) a second class city;	
23	(B) a third class city;	
24	(C) a town;	-
25	(D) a county other than a county containing a consolidated	
26	city;	
27	(E) a census tract;	M
28	(F) a township; or	Y
29	(G) any other municipal corporation (as defined in	
30	IC 36-1-2-10).	
31	(13) "Control of a related interest" refers to a situation in which	
32	an individual directly or indirectly, or through or in concert with	
33	one (1) or more other individuals, possesses any of the following:	
34	(A) The ownership of, control of, or power to vote at least	
35	twenty-five percent (25%) of any class of voting securities of	
36	the related interest.	
37	(B) The control in any manner of the election of a majority of	
38	the directors of the related interest.	
39	(C) The power to exercise a controlling influence over the	
40	management or policies of the related interest. For purposes of	
41	this clause, an individual is presumed to have control,	
42	including the power to exercise a controlling influence over	



1	the management or policies of a related interest, if the	
2	individual:	
3	(i) is an executive officer or a director of the related interest	
4	and directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to	
5	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting	
6	securities of the related interest; or	
7	(ii) directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has the power to	
8	vote more than ten percent (10%) of any class of voting	
9	securities of the related interest and no other person owns,	
10	controls, or has the power to vote a greater percentage of	
11	that class of voting securities.	
12	(14) "Executive officer" includes any of the following officers of	
13	a credit union:	
14	(A) The chairman of the board of directors.	
15	(B) The president.	_
16	(C) A vice president.	
17	(D) The cashier.	
18	(E) The secretary.	
19	(F) The treasurer.	
20	(15) "Immediate family", for purposes of section 17.1 of this	
21	chapter, means the spouse of an individual, the individual's	
22	minor children, and any of the individual's children, including	0
23	adults, residing in the individual's home.	
24	(16) "Officer" means any individual who participates or has the	_
25	authority to participate in major policymaking functions of a	
26	credit union, regardless of whether:	
27	(A) the individual has an official title;	
28	(B) the individual's title designates the individual as an	Y
29	assistant; or	
30	(C) the individual is serving without salary or other	
31	compensation.	
32	(17) "Related interest", with respect to an individual, means:	
33	(A) a partnership, a corporation, or another business	
34	organization that is controlled by the individual; or	
35	(B) a political campaign committee:	
36	(i) controlled by the individual; or	
37	(ii) the funds or services of which benefit the individual.	
38	(18) "Unimpaired "Except as provided in section 9(3)(J) of this	
39	chapter, "unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus" means	
40	the sum of:	
41	(A) undivided profits;	
42	(B) reserve for contingencies;	



1	(C) regular reserve; and
2	(D) allowance for loan and lease losses.
3	SECTION 64. IC 28-7-1-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2005,
4	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. A credit union has the following powers:
6	(1) To issue shares of its capital stock to its members. No
7	commission or compensation shall be paid for securing members
8	or for the sale of shares.
9	(2) To make loans to officers, directors, or committee members
10	under section 17.1 of this chapter.
11	(3) To invest in any of the following:
12	(A) Bonds, notes, or certificates that are the direct or indirect
13	obligations of the United States, or of the state, or the direct
14	obligations of a county, township, city, town, or other taxing
15	district or municipality or instrumentality of Indiana and that
16	are not in default.
17	(B) Bonds or debentures issued by the Federal Home Loan
18	Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1421 through 1449) or the Home Owners'
19	Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1461 through 1468).
20	(C) Interest-bearing obligations of the FSLIC Resolution Fund
21	and obligations of national mortgage associations issued under
22	the authority of the National Housing Act.
23	(D) Mortgages on real estate situated in Indiana which are
24	fully insured under Title 2 of the National Housing Act (12
25	U.S.C. 1707 through 1715z).
26	(E) Obligations issued by farm credit banks and banks for
27	cooperatives under the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C.
28	2001 through 2279aa-14).
29	(F) In savings and loan associations, other credit unions that
30	are insured under IC 28-7-1-31.5, and certificates of
31	indebtedness or investment of an industrial loan and
32	investment company if the association or company is federally
33	insured. Not more than twenty percent (20%) of the assets of
34	a credit union may be invested in the shares or certificates of
35	an association or company; nor more than forty percent (40%)
36	in all such associations and companies.
37	(G) Corporate credit unions.
38	(H) Federal funds or similar types of daily funds transactions
39	with other financial institutions.
40	(I) Mutual funds created and controlled by credit unions, credit
41	union associations, or their subsidiaries. Mutual funds referred
12	to in this clause may invest only in instruments that are



1	approved for credit union purchase under this chapter.
2	(J) Shares, stocks, or obligations of any credit union service
3	organization (as defined in Section 712 of the Rules and
4	Regulations of the National Credit Union Administration) with
5	the approval of the department. Not more than five ten percent
6	(5%) (10%) of the total paid in and unimpaired capital and
7	unimpaired shares of the credit union may be invested under
8	this clause. However, a credit union may invest more than
9	ten percent (10%) of the total paid in and unimpaired
10	capital and unimpaired shares with the prior approval of
11	the department. For purposes of this clause, "unimpaired
12	capital and unimpaired shares" has the meaning set forth
13	in 12 CFR 700.2.
14	(K) For a credit union that is well capitalized (as defined in
15	Section 702 of the Rules and Regulations of the National
16	Credit Union Administration), investment securities, as
17	may be defined by a policy or rule of the department and
18	subject to the following:
19	(i) The department may prescribe, by policy or rule,
20	limitations or restrictions on a credit union's investment
21	in investment securities.
22	(ii) The total amount of any investment securities
23	purchased or held by a credit union may never exceed at
24	any given time ten percent (10%) of the unimpaired
25	capital and surplus of the credit union. However, the
26	limitations imposed by this item do not apply to
27	investments in the direct or indirect obligations of the
28	United States or in the direct obligations of a United
29	States territory or insular possession, or in the direct
30	obligations of the state or any municipal corporation or
31	taxing district in Indiana.
32	(iii) A credit union may not purchase for its own account
33	any bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness that is
34	commonly designated as a security that is speculative in
35	character or that has speculative characteristics. For the
36	purposes of this item, a security is speculative or has
37	speculative characteristics if at the time of purchase the
38	security is in default or is rated below the first four (4)
39	rating classes by a generally recognized security rating
40	service.
41	(iv) A credit union may purchase for its own account a
42	security that is not rated by a generally recognized



1	security rating service if the credit union at the time of
2	purchase obtains financial information that is adequate
3	to document the investment quality of the security.
4	(v) A credit union that purchases a security for its own
5	account shall maintain sufficient records of the security
6	to allow the security to be properly identified by the
7	department for examination purposes.
8	(vi) Except as otherwise authorized by this title, a credit
9	union may not purchase any share of stock of a
10	corporation.
11	(L) Collateralized obligations that are eligible for purchase
12	and sale by federal credit unions. However, a credit union
13	may purchase for its own account and sell the obligations
14	only to the extent that a federal credit union can purchase
15	and sell those obligations.
16	(4) To deposit its funds into:
17	(A) depository institutions that are federally insured; or
18	(B) state chartered credit unions that are privately insured by
19	an insurer approved by the department.
20	(5) To purchase, hold, own, or convey real estate as may be
21	conveyed to the credit union in satisfaction of debts previously
22	contracted or in exchange for real estate conveyed to the credit
23	union.
24	(6) To own, hold, or convey real estate as may be purchased by
25	the credit union upon judgment in its favor or decrees of
26	foreclosure upon mortgages.
27	(7) To issue shares of stock and upon the terms, conditions,
28	limitations, and restrictions and with the relative rights as may be
29	stated in the bylaws of the credit union, but no stock may have
30	preference or priority over the other to share in the assets of the
31	credit union upon liquidation or dissolution or for the payment of
32	dividends except as to the amount of the dividends and the time
33	for the payment of the dividends as provided in the bylaws.
34	(8) To charge the member's share account for the actual cost of a
35	necessary locator service when the member has failed to keep the
36	credit union informed about the member's current address. The
37	charge shall be made only for amounts paid to a person or concern
38	normally engaged in providing such service, and shall be made
39	against the account or accounts of any one (1) member not more
40	than once in any twelve (12) month period.
41	(9) To transfer to an accounts payable account, a dormant

account, or a special account share accounts which have been



1	inactive, except for dividend credits, for a period of at least two
2	(2) years. The credit union shall not consider the payment of
3	dividends on the transferred account.
4	(10) To invest in fixed assets with the funds of the credit union.
5	An investment in fixed assets in excess of five percent (5%) of its
6	assets is subject to the approval of the department.
7	(11) To establish branch offices, upon approval of the department,
8	provided that all books of account shall be maintained at the
9	principal office.
10	(12) To pay an interest refund on loans proportionate to the
11	interest paid during the dividend period by borrowers who are
12	members at the end of the dividend period.
13	(13) To purchase life savings and loan protection insurance for
14	the benefit of the credit union and its members, if:
15	(A) the coverage is placed with an insurance company licensed
16	to do business in Indiana; and
17	(B) no officer, director, or employee of the credit union
18	personally benefits, directly or indirectly, from the sale or
19	
	purchase of the coverage.
20	(14) To sell and cash negotiable checks, travelers checks, and
21	money orders for members.
22	(15) To purchase members' notes from any liquidating credit
23	union, with written approval from the department, at prices agreed
24	upon by the boards of directors of both the liquidating and the
25	purchasing credit unions. However, the aggregate of the unpaid
26	balances of all notes of liquidating credit unions purchased by any
27	one (1) credit union shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of its
28	unimpaired capital and surplus unless special written
29	authorization has been granted by the department.
30	(16) To exercise such incidental powers necessary or requisite to
31	enable it to carry on effectively the business for which it is
32	incorporated.
33	(17) To act as a custodian or trustee of any trust created or
34	organized in the United States and forming part of a tax
35	advantaged savings plan which qualifies or qualified for specific
36	tax treatment under Section 223, 401(d), 408, 408A, or 530 of the
37	Internal Revenue Code, if the funds of the trust are invested only
38	in share accounts or insured certificates of the credit union.
39	(18) To issue shares of its capital stock or insured certificates to
40	a trustee or custodian of a pension plan, profit sharing plan, or
41	stock bonus plan which qualifies for specific tax treatment under
42	Sections 401(d) or 408(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.



1	(19) A credit union may exercise any rights and privileges that
2	are:
3	(A) granted to federal credit unions; but
4	(B) not authorized for credit unions under the Indiana Code
5	(except for this section) or any rule adopted under the Indiana
6	Code;
7	if the credit union complies with section 9.2 of this chapter.
8	(20) To sell, pledge, or discount any of its assets. However, a
9	credit union may not pledge any of its assets as security for the
10	safekeeping and prompt payment of any money deposited, except
11	that a credit union may, for the safekeeping and prompt payment
12	of money deposited, give security as authorized by federal law.
13	(21) To purchase assets of another credit union and to assume the
14	liabilities of the selling credit union.
15	(22) To act as a fiscal agent of the United States and to receive
16	deposits from nonmember units of the federal, state, or county
17	governments, from political subdivisions, and from other credit
18	unions upon which the credit union may pay varying interest rates
19	at varying maturities subject to terms, rates, and conditions that
20	are established by the board of directors. However, the total
21	amount of public funds received from units of state and county
22	governments and political subdivisions that a credit union may
23	have on deposit may not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the total
24	assets of that credit union, excluding those public funds.
25	(23) To join the National Credit Union Administration Central
26	Liquidity Facility.
27	(24) To participate in community investment initiatives under the
28	administration of organizations:
29	(A) exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the
30	Internal Revenue Code; and
31	(B) located or conducting activities in communities in which
32	the credit union does business.
33	Participation may be in the form of either charitable contributions
34	or participation loans. In either case, disbursement of funds
35	through the administering organization is not required to be
36	limited to members of the credit union. Total contributions or
37	participation loans may not exceed one tenth of one percent
38	(0.001) of total assets of the credit union. A recipient of a
39	contribution or loan is not considered qualified for credit union
40	membership. A contribution or participation loan made under this
41	subdivision must be approved by the board of directors.
42	(25) To establish and operate an automated teller machine



1	(ATM):	
2	(A) at any location within Indiana; or	
3	(B) as permitted by the laws of the state in which the	
4	automated teller machine is to be located.	
5	(26) To demand and receive, for the faithful performance and	
6	discharge of services performed under the powers vested in the	
7	credit union by this article:	
8	(A) reasonable compensation, or compensation as fixed by	
9	agreement of the parties;	_
10	(B) all advances necessarily paid out and expended in the	
11	discharge and performance of its duties; and	
12	(C) unless otherwise agreed upon, interest at the legal rate on	
13	the advances referred to in clause (B).	
14	(27) Subject to any restrictions the department may impose, to	
15	become the owner or lessor of personal property acquired upon	_
16	the request and for the use of a member and to incur additional	
17	obligations as may be incident to becoming an owner or lessor of	
18	such property.	
19	SECTION 65. IC 28-7-1-9.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9.2. (a) As used in this	
21	section, "rights and privileges" means the power:	
22	(1) to:	
23	(A) create;	
24	(B) deliver;	
25	(C) acquire; or	
26	(D) sell;	
27	a product, a service, or an investment that is available to or	
28	offered by; or	The state of the s
29	(2) to engage in other activities authorized for;	
30	federal credit unions domiciled in Indiana.	
31	(b) A credit union that intends to exercise any rights and privileges	
32	that are:	
33	(1) granted to federal credit unions; but	
34	(2) not authorized for credit unions under the Indiana Code	
35	(except for this section) or any rule adopted under the Indiana	
36	Code;	
37	shall submit a letter to the department describing in detail the requested	
38	rights and privileges granted to federal credit unions that the credit	
39	union intends to exercise. If available, copies of relevant federal law,	
40	regulations, and interpretive letters must be attached to the letter	
41	submitted by the credit union.	
42	(c) The department shall promptly notify the requesting credit union	



1	of the department's receipt of the letter submitted under subsection (b).
2	Except as provided in subsection (e), the credit union may exercise the
3	requested rights and privileges sixty (60) days after the date on which
4	the department receives the letter unless otherwise notified by the
5	department.
6	(d) The department through its members, may prohibit the credit
7	union from exercising deny the requested rights and privileges only if
8	the members find department finds that:
9	(1) federal credit unions domiciled in Indiana do not possess the
10	requested rights and privileges; or
11	(2) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the credit
12	union would adversely affect the safety and soundness of the
13	credit union;
14	(3) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the
15	credit union would result in an unacceptable curtailment of
16	consumer protection; or
17	(4) the failure of the department to approve the requested
18	rights and privileges will not result in a competitive
19	disadvantage to the credit union.
20	(e) The sixty (60) day period referred to in subsection (c) may be
21	extended by the department based on a determination that the credit
22	union's letter raised issues requiring additional information or
23	additional time for analysis. If the sixty (60) day period is extended
24	under this subsection, the credit union may exercise the requested
25	rights and privileges only if the credit union receives prior written
26	approval from the department. However:
27	(1) the members department must:
28	(A) approve or deny the requested rights and privileges; or
29	(B) convene a hearing;
30	not later than sixty (60) days after the department receives the
31	credit union's letter; and
32	(2) if a hearing is convened, the members department must
33	approve or deny the requested rights and privileges not later than
34	sixty (60) days after the hearing is concluded.
35	(f) The exercise of rights and privileges by a credit union in
36	compliance with and in the manner authorized by this section is not a
37	violation of any provision of the Indiana Code or rules adopted under
38	IC 4-22-2.
39	(g) Whenever, in compliance with this section, If a credit union
40	exercises receives approval to exercise the requested rights and
41	privileges granted to federal credit unions domiciled in Indiana, the

department shall determine by order whether all credit unions may



exercise the same rights and privileges. if In making the determination required by this subsection, the department by order determines must ensure that the exercise of the rights and privileges by all credit unions would will not:

- (1) adversely affect their safety and soundness; or
- (2) unduly constrain Indiana consumer protection provisions.
- (h) If the department denies the request of a credit union under this section to exercise any rights and privileges that are granted to federal credit unions, the credit union may appeal the decision of the department to the circuit court with jurisdiction in the county in which the principal office of the credit union is located. In an appeal under this section, the court shall determine the matter de novo.

SECTION 66. IC 28-7-1-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2005, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 17. (a) Every loan application shall be submitted on a form approved by the board of directors. When making an application, a member shall state the security offered. Loans may be dispersed upon written approval by a majority of the credit committee or a loan officer. If the credit committee or loan officer fails to approve an application for a loan, the applicant may appeal to the board of directors, providing such appeal is authorized by the bylaws.

- (b) Loans to members may be made only under the following terms and conditions:
  - (1) All loans shall be evidenced by notes signed by the borrowing member.
  - (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the terms of any loan to a member with a maturity of more than six (6) months shall provide for principal and interest payments that will amortize the obligation in full within the terms of the loan contract. If the income of the borrowing member is seasonal, the terms of the loan contract may provide for seasonal amortization.

    (3) Loans may be made upon the security of improved or
  - unimproved real estate. Except as otherwise specified in this section, such loans must be secured by a first lien upon real estate prior to all other liens, except for taxes and assessments not delinquent, and may be made with repayment terms other than as provided in subdivision (2). When the amount of a loan is at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), the fair cash value of real estate security shall be determined by a written appraisal made by one (1) or more qualified state licensed or certified appraisers designated by the board of directors. The credit union loan folder for real estate mortgage loans shall include, when

C









1	applicable:	
2	(A) the loan application;	
3	(B) the mortgage instrument;	
4	(C) the note;	
5	(D) the disclosure statement;	
6	(E) the documentations of property insurance;	
7	(F) an appraisal on the real estate for which the loan is made;	
8	and	
9	(G) the attorney's opinion of titles or a certificate of title	
.0	insurance on the real estate upon which the mortgage loan is	1
1	made.	
2	(4) The total unpaid balance of all loans authorized by this	
3	subdivision shall, at no time, exceed thirty-three and one-third	
4	percent (33 1/3%) of the total assets of the credit union at the time	
.5	the loans are granted. This section does not limit unpaid balances	
6	secured by adjustable rate mortgages or loans with a remaining	4
.7	maturity of five (5) years or less. Loans made upon security of	
.8	real estate are subject to the following restrictions:	
9	(A) Real estate loans in which no principal amortization is	
20	required shall provide for the payment of interest at least	
21	annually and shall mature within five (5) years of the date of	ı
22	the loan unless extended and shall not exceed fifty percent	
23	(50%) of the fair cash value of the real estate used as security.	
24	(B) Real estate loans on improved real estate, except for	ı
2.5	variable rate mortgage loans and rollover mortgage loans	
26	provided for in subdivision (5), shall require substantially	_
27	equal payments at successive intervals of not more than one	1
28	(1) year, shall mature within thirty (30) years, and shall not	
29	exceed ninety one hundred percent (90%) (100%) of the fair	
30	cash value of the real estate used as security. unless the excess	
1	of any loan over the authorized percentage of fair cash value	
2	is guaranteed or insured by a government agency or a private	
33	insurer authorized to engage in such business in Indiana.	
34	(C) Real estate loans on unimproved real estate may be made.	
35	The terms of the loan shall:	
66	(i) require substantially equal payments of interest and	
37	principal at successive intervals of one (1) year or less;	
8	(ii) mature within ten (10) years; and	
39	(iii) not exceed eighty-five percent (85%) of the fair cash	
10	value of the real estate used as security.	
1	(D) Loans primarily secured by a mortgage which constitutes	
12	a second lien on improved real estate may be made only if the	



1	aggregate amount of all loans on the real estate does not
2	exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the fair cash value of
3	the real estate after such loan is made. Repayment terms shall
4	be in accordance with subdivision (2).
5	(E) Real estate loans may be made for the construction of
6	improvements to real property. Funds borrowed may be
7	advanced as work on the improvements progresses.
8	Repayment terms must comply with subdivision (2).
9	(5) Subject to the limitations of subdivision (3), variable rate
10	mortgage loans and rollover mortgage loans may be made under
11	the same limitations and rights provided state chartered savings
12	associations under IC 28-1-21.5 (before its repeal) or IC 28-15 or
13	federal credit unions.
14	(6) A credit union may participate with other financial institutions
15	in making loans to credit union members and may sell a
16	participating interest in any of its loans. However, the credit union
17	may not sell more than ninety percent (90%) of the principal of
18	participating loans outstanding at the time of sale.
19	(7) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) through (6), a credit union
20	may make any of the following:
21	(A) Any loan that may be made by a federal credit union.
22	However, IC 24-4.5 applies to any loan that is:
23	(i) made under this clause; and
24	(ii) within the scope of IC 24-4.5.
25	Any provision of federal law that is in conflict with IC 24-4.5
26	does not apply to a loan made under this clause.
27	(B) Subject to subdivision (3), any alternative mortgage loan
28	(as defined in IC 28-15-11-2) that may be made by a savings
29	association (as defined in IC 28-15-1-11) under IC 28-15-11.
30	A loan made under this clause by a credit union is subject to
31	the same terms, conditions, exceptions, and limitations that
32	apply to an alternative mortgage loan made by a savings
33	association under IC 28-15-11.
34	(8) A credit union may make a loan under either:
35	(i) (A) subdivisions (2) through (6); or
36	(ii) (B) subdivision (7);
37	but not both. A credit union shall make an initial determination as
38	to whether to make a loan under subdivisions (2) through (6) or
39	under subdivision (7). If the credit union determines that a loan or
40	category of loans is to be made under subdivision (7), the written
41	loan policies of the credit union must include that determination.
42	A credit union may not combine the terms and conditions that



1	apply to a loan made under subdivisions (2) through (6) with the
2	terms and conditions that apply to a loan made under subdivision
3	(7) to make a loan not expressly described and authorized either
4	under subdivisions (2) through (6) or under subdivision (7).
5	(c) Nothing in this section prevents any credit union from taking an
6	indemnifying or second mortgage on real estate as additional security.
7	SECTION 67. IC 28-7-1-34 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 34. (a) A credit union
9	organized under the laws of another state may establish a branch office
10	in Indiana if:
11	(1) the credit union files an application with the department;
12	(2) the branch office is necessary to serve members within the
13	field of membership of the credit union;
14	(3) the field of membership of the credit union is consistent with
15	the laws of Indiana;
16	(4) the law of the state in which the credit union was organized
17	provides for the establishment of a branch office in that state by
18	an Indiana credit union; and
19	(5) the department approves the application of the credit union.
20	(b) If the credit union that has established a branch office in Indiana
21	is subsequently granted an expansion of its field of membership by its
22	chartering state, the expanded field of membership must be approved
23	by the department before the expanded field of membership can be
24	served in Indiana. If an out-of-state credit union desires to establish a
25	branch office in Indiana and that credit union's field of membership is
26	an incorporated entity, the incorporated entity may not be admitted to
27	do business in Indiana as a foreign corporation by the secretary of
28	state's office until the department has approved the entry of the credit
29	union to establish a branch office.
30	(c) The department shall provide to a credit union desiring to
31	establish a branch office in Indiana an application, which must provide
32	at least the following information:
33	(1) The credit union's financial condition.
34	(2) The credit union's field of membership and the number of
35	members to be served in Indiana.
36	(3) The proposed location of any branch offices.
37	(4) A letter of approval from the supervisory agency in the state
38	in which the credit union's principal office is located, including a
39	statement indicating whether such supervisory agency conducts
40	periodic examinations of the credit union.
41	(5) A statement that the credit union, with respect to its operation

in this state, will comply with all applicable state and federal



1	laws, rules, and regulations, applicable to state or federal credit
2	unions in Indiana. as determined by the director.
3	(d) The department shall approve or deny the application within one
4	hundred twenty (120) days. The department may deny the application
5	or suspend or revoke an application previously approved if it finds any
6	of the following:
7	(1) That the credit union is insolvent or in imminent danger of
8	insolvency.
9	(2) That the credit union does not have the approval of its
10	supervisory agency.
11	(3) That the credit union fails to meet the requirements of
12	subsection (e).
13	(4) A failure to comply with any written agreement or final order
14	of the department or chartering supervisory agency that has
15	regulatory authority over the credit union.
16	(5) That the credit union has been serving an expanded field of
17	membership in Indiana before obtaining the approval of the
18	department for the expansion in the field of membership.
19	(e) Any out-of-state credit union that has been approved to establish
20	branch offices in this state shall, in addition to such other provisions of
21	law applicable to credit unions, comply with the following:
22	(1) Designate a resident agent for the service of process in this
23	state.
24	(2) Submit a copy of all reports required by its supervisory
25	agency, unless otherwise required by the department to submit
26	reports prescribed by the department.
27	(3) Submit a copy of every:
28	(A) regulatory examination report; and
29	(B) insurance examination report;
30	to the department.
31	(4) Conduct its lending activities in accordance with Indiana law.
32	(f) The department may examine such a branch office if it has
33	reason to believe that the branch office is not operating in compliance
34	with laws, rules, or regulations. The reasonable cost of any such
35	examination authorized by this subsection shall be paid by the credit
36	union.
37	(g) For purposes of this section, IC 28-1-2-30 applies to information
38	obtained by or provided to the department concerning branch offices
39	established under this section.
40	(h) The department may enter into cooperative, coordinating, and
41	information sharing agreements with an organization listed in

IC 28-11-3-3 with respect to the periodic examination or other



1	supervision of a branch:
2	(1) in Indiana of an out-of-state credit union; or
3	(2) of an Indiana state credit union in a host state;
4	and the department may accept the organization's reports of
5	examination and reports of investigation instead of conducting the
6	department's own examinations or investigations.
7	(i) The department may enter into agreements with a financial
8	institution supervisory agency that has concurrent jurisdiction over an
9	Indiana state credit union or an out-of-state credit union operating a
10	branch in Indiana under this chapter to:
11	(1) engage the services of the agency's examiners at a reasonable
12	rate of compensation; or
13	(2) provide the services of the department's examiners to the
14	agency at a reasonable rate of compensation.
15	An agreement under this subsection is subject to IC 36-1-7.
16	(j) The department may enter into joint examinations or joint
17	enforcement actions with other credit union supervisory agencies
18	having concurrent jurisdiction over a branch established and
19	maintained in Indiana by an out-of-state credit union or a branch
20	established and maintained by an Indiana state credit union in a host
21	state. The department may take action independently if the department
22	considers the action to be necessary or appropriate to carry out its
23	responsibilities under this chapter or to ensure compliance with Indiana
24	law.
25	(k) An out-of-state credit union that maintains at least one (1)
26	branch in Indiana is subject to IC 28-11-3-5. Fees may be shared with
27	other financial institution supervisory agencies or an organization
28	affiliated with or representing at least one (1) credit union supervisory
29	agency under agreements between those parties and the department.
30	SECTION 68. IC 28-7-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
31	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) Application for a pawnbroker's license shall
33	be submitted on a form prescribed by the department and must include
34	all information required by the department. An application submitted
35	under this section must identify the location or locations at which the
36	applicant proposes to engage in business as a pawnbroker in Indiana.
37	If any business, other than the business of acting as a pawnbroker under
38	this chapter, will be conducted by the applicant or another person at
39	any location identified under this subsection, the applicant shall
40	indicate for each location at which another business will be conducted:
41	(1) the nature of the other business;

(2) the name under which the other business operates;



1	(3) the address of the principal office of the other business;	
2	(4) the name and address of the business's resident agent in	
3	Indiana; and	
4	(5) any other information the director may require.	
5	(b) An application submitted under this section must indicate	
6	whether:	
7	(1) the applicant, at the time of the application, is under	
8	indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or	
9	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	
10	jurisdiction; or	
11	(2) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere	
12	to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under	
13	the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.	
14	(b) (c) The director may request that the applicant provide evidence of	
15	compliance with this section at:	
16	(1) the time of application;	
17	(2) the time of renewal of a license; or	U
18	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.	
19	(c) (d) For purposes of subsection (b), (c), evidence of compliance	
20	with this section may include:	
21	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal	
22	history check by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;	
23	(2) credit histories; and	
24	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.	_
25	SECTION 69. IC 28-7-5-10.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
26	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
27	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10.1. A licensee that decides to	
28	cease engaging in business as a pawnbroker in Indiana shall do the	Y
29	following not later than thirty (30) days before closing the	
30	licensee's pawnbroking business:	
31	(1) Notify the department of:	
32	(A) the licensee's intention to cease engaging in business as	
33	a pawnbroker in Indiana; and	
34	(B) the date on which the licensee's pawnbroking business	
35	will cease.	
36	(2) Surrender the license to the department.	
37	(3) Provide the following to all pledgers that have loans	
38	outstanding with the licensee:	
39	(A) Notice of:	
40	(i) the licensee's intention to cease engaging in business	
41	as a pawnbroker in Indiana; and	
42	(ii) the date on which the licensee's pawnbroking	



1	business will cease.
2	(B) Instructions, approved by the director, on how pledged
3	articles may be redeemed before the date identified under
4	clause (A)(ii).
5	SECTION 70. IC 28-7-5-10.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
6	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
7	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10.6. (a) This section applies if,
8	after a person has been issued a license or renewal license under
9	this chapter, any of the following apply:
0	(1) The licensee is under indictment for a felony involving
1	fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana
12	or any other jurisdiction.
13	(2) The licensee has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or
14	nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or
15	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
6	jurisdiction. (b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the
8	department the information required under section 4(b) of this
9	chapter:
20	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee:
21	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or
22	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo
23	contendere to the felony;
24	whichever applies; or
25	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 11
26	of this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision
27	(1), along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under
28	section 11 of this chapter.
29	SECTION 71. IC 28-7-5-21, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
30	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 21. (a) The pawnbroker shall, at the time of
32	making a loan, deliver to the pledger or the pledger's agent a
33	memorandum or ticket on which shall be legibly written or printed the
34	following information:
35	(1) The name of the pledger.
36	(2) The name of the pawnbroker and the place where the pledge
37	is made.
88	(3) The article or articles pledged, and a description of the
39	articles. However, if multiple articles of a similar nature that do
10	not contain an identification or serial number (such as precious
11	metals, gemstones, musical recordings, video recordings, books,

or hand tools) are delivered together in one (1) transaction, the



1	description of the articles is adequate if the description contains
2	the quantity of the articles delivered and a physical description of
3	the type of articles delivered, including any other unique
4	identifying marks, numbers, names, letters, or special features.
5	(4) The amount of the loan.
6	(5) The date of the transaction.
7	(6) The serial number of the loan.
8	(7) The sum of the interest as provided in section 28 of this
9	chapter and the charge as provided in section 28.5 of this chapter
10	stated as an annual percentage rate computed in accordance with
11	regulations issued by the Federal Reserve Board under the
12	Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (as defined in
13	IC 24-4.5-1-302).
14	(8) The amount of interest.
15	(9) The amount of charge and principal due at maturity.
16	(10) A copy of sections 28, 28.5, and 30 of this chapter.
17	(11) The date of birth of the pledger.
18	(12) The type of government issued identification used to verify
19	the identity of the pledger, together with the name of the
20	governmental agency that issued the identification, and the
21	identification number present on the government issued
22	identification.
23	(13) The last date on which the pledged article or articles may be
24	redeemed before the article or articles may be sold if the loan is
25	not redeemed, renewed, or extended. The language setting forth
26	the information described in this subdivision must be in 14 point
27	boldface type.
28	(14) A statement that:
29	(A) notifies the pledger that the pawnbroking transaction
30	is regulated by the department; and
31	(B) includes a toll free telephone number for the
32	department.
33	(b) A pawnbroker may insert in such ticket any other terms and
34	conditions not inconsistent with this chapter. However, nothing
35	appearing on a pawn ticket shall relieve the pawnbroker of the
36	obligations to exercise reasonable care in the safekeeping of articles
37	pledged with the pawnbroker.
38	SECTION 72. IC 28-7-5-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
39	SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 30. (a) Subject to subsection subsections (b) and
41	(c), upon the expiration of two (2) months from the maturity of the

loan, a pawned article becomes the property of the pawnbroker and is

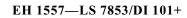


1	subject to sale.	
2	(b) Subsection (a) applies only if the pledger is given a reasonable	
3	opportunity during:	
4	(1) the term of the loan; and	
5	(2) the two (2) month period described in subsection (a);	
6	to repay the loan and redeem the pawned article.	
7	(c) During the term of the loan and the two (2) month period	
8	described in subsection (a), the pawnbroker may not allow the	
9	public to have access to the pawned article.	
10	SECTION 73. IC 28-8-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. Any two (2) or more	
12	banks or trust companies may invest in a bank service corporation an	
13	amount not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the sound capital and	
14	surplus of each of them as defined in IC 28-1-1.	
15	SECTION 74. IC 28-8-4-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
16	SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
17	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 24. An application must contain the following:	,
18	(1) The name of the applicant.	
19	(2) The applicant's principal address.	
20	(3) A fictitious or trade name, if any, used by the applicant in the	
21	conduct of its business.	
22	(4) The location of the applicant's business records.	
23	(5) The history of the applicant's:	
24	(A) material litigation; and	
25	(B) criminal indictments, convictions, for the five (5) years	
26	before the date of the application. and guilty or nolo	
27	contendere pleas for felonies involving fraud, deceit, or	•
28	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	_
29	jurisdiction.	1
30	(6) A description of:	
31	(A) the activities conducted by the applicant;	
32	(B) the applicant's history of operations; and	
33	(C) the business activities in which the applicant seeks to be	
34	engaged in Indiana.	
35	(7) A list identifying the applicant's proposed authorized delegates	
36	in Indiana.	
37	(8) A sample authorized delegate contract, if applicable.	
38	(9) A sample form of payment instrument, if applicable.	
39	(10) The location or locations at which the applicant and its	
40	authorized delegates propose to conduct the licensed activities in	
41	Indiana. If any business, other than the business of money	
42	transmission under this chapter, will be conducted by the	



1	applicant or another person at any location identified under this
2	subdivision, the applicant shall indicate for each location at which
3	another business will be conducted:
4	(A) the nature of the other business;
5	(B) the name under which the other business operates;
6	(C) the address of the principal office of the other business;
7	(D) the name and address of the business's resident agent in
8	Indiana; and
9	(E) any other information that the director may require.
10	However, the applicant is not required to submit the
11	information required by this subdivision if the location at
12	which the other business will be conducted is the place of
13	business of an authorized delegate that is not under common
14	control with the applicant.
15	(11) The name and address of the clearing bank or banks on
16	which the applicant's payment instruments will be drawn or
17	through which such payment instruments will be payable.
18	(12) Documents revealing that the applicant has a net worth of at
19	least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), calculated in
20	accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
21	(13) In addition to the requirements of subdivision (12), an
22	applicant that sells payment instruments at more than one (1)
23	location or through authorized delegates must have an additional
24	net worth of the lesser of:
25	(A) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each location in
26	Indiana;
27	(B) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each authorized
28	delegate located in Indiana; or
29	(C) five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).
30	SECTION 75. IC 28-8-4-25 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25. In addition to the
32	items listed in section 24 of this chapter, if an applicant is a
33	corporation, the applicant must provide the following items and
34	information relating to the applicant's corporate structure:
35	(1) State of incorporation.
36	(2) Date of incorporation.
37	(3) A certificate from the state in which the applicant was
38	incorporated stating that the corporation is in good standing.
39	(4) A description of the corporate structure of the applicant,
40	including the following:
41	(A) The identity of the parent of the applicant.
42	(B) The identity of each subsidiary of the applicant.

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1	(C) The names of the stock exchanges in which the applicant,
2	the parent, and the subsidiaries are publicly traded.
3	(5) The:
4	(A) name;
5	(B) business address;
6	(C) residence address; and
7	(D) employment history; for the five (5) years preceding the
8	date of the application;
9	for each executive officer, key shareholder, and officer or
10	manager who will be in charge of the applicant's licensed
11	activities.
12	(6) The:
13	(A) history of material litigation; for the five (5) years
14	preceding the date of the application; and
15	(B) the history of criminal indictments, convictions, for the
16	five (5) years preceding the date of the application; and guilty
17	or nolo contendere pleas for felonies involving fraud,
18	deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or
19	any other jurisdiction;
20	for each executive officer, key shareholder, and director of the
21	applicant.
22	(7) Except as provided in subdivision (8), copies of the applicant's
23	audited financial statements for the current year and, if available,
24	for the preceding two (2) years, including a:
25	(A) balance sheet;
26	(B) statement of income or loss;
27	(C) statement of changes in shareholder equity; and
28	(D) statement of changes in financial position.
29	(8) If the applicant is a wholly owned subsidiary of:
30	(A) a corporation publicly traded in the United States,
31	financial statements for the current year or the parent
32	corporation's Form 10K reports filed with the United States
33	Securities and Exchange Commission for the preceding three
34	(3) years may be submitted with the applicant's unaudited
35	financial statements; or
36	(B) a corporation publicly traded outside the United States,
37	similar documentation filed with the parent corporation's
38	non-United States regulator may be submitted with the
39	applicant's unaudited financial statements.
40	(9) Copies of filings, if any, made by the applicant with the
41	United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or with a
42	similar regulator in a country other than the United States, not



1	more than one (1) year before the date of filing of the application.	
2	SECTION 76. IC 28-8-4-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 26. In addition to the	
4	items listed in section 24 of this chapter, if the applicant is not a	
5	corporation, the applicant must provide the following:	
6	(1) The:	
7	(A) name;	
8	(B) residence address;	
9	(C) business address;	
10	(D) personal financial statement federal tax returns with	
11	schedules for the five (5) three (3) years preceding the date of	
12	the application; and	
13	(E) employment history; for the five (5) years preceding the	
14	date of the application;	
15	for each principal and each person who will be in charge of the	
16	applicant's licensed activities.	
17	(2) Evidence that the applicant is registered or qualified to do	
18	business in Indiana.	
19	(3) The date on which the applicant registered or qualified to do	
20	business in Indiana.	
21	(4) The:	
22	(A) history of material litigation; for the five (5) years	
23	preceding the date of the application; and	
24	(B) the history of criminal <b>indictments</b> , convictions, for the	_
25	five (5) years preceding the date of the application; and guilty	
26	and nolo contendere pleas for felonies involving fraud,	
27	deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or	
28	any other jurisdiction;	<b>Y</b>
29	for each individual having an ownership interest in the applicant,	
30	and each individual who exercises supervisory responsibility with	
31	respect to the applicant's activities.	
32	(5) Copies of the applicant's audited financial statements for the	
33	current year and, if available, for the preceding two (2) years,	
34	including a:	
35	(A) balance sheet;	
36	(B) statement of income or loss; and	
37	(C) statement of changes in financial position.	
38	SECTION 77. IC 28-8-4-32 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 32. (a) An application	
40	must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee as fixed by	
41	the department under IC 28-11-3-5.	
42	(b) If a license is granted, the application fee constitutes the license	



1	fee for the applicant's activities through December 31 of the year in	
2	which the initial license is granted.	
3	SECTION 78. IC 28-8-4-37 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 37. The department	
5	shall fix an annual fee for renewal of a license under IC 28-11-3-5. The	
6	annual fee shall be paid on or before January † March 31 of each year.	
7	SECTION 79. IC 28-8-4-38, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-2006,	
8	SECTION 58 AND P.L.57-2006, SECTION 58, IS AMENDED TO	
9	READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 38. (a) A	
10	licensee may renew a license by complying with the following:	
11	(1) Filing with the director the annual report in the form that is	
12	prescribed by the director and sent by the director to each licensee	
13	not less than three (3) months immediately preceding the date	
14	established by the director for license renewal. The report must	
15	include the following:	
16	(A) <del>include:</del> Either:	
17	(i) a copy of the licensee's most recent audited consolidated	
18	annual financial statement, including a balance sheet, a	
19	statement of income or loss, a statement of changes in	
20	shareholder's equity, and a statement of changes in financial	
21	position; or	
22	(ii) if the licensee is a wholly owned subsidiary, the <b>parent</b>	y
23	corporation's most recent consolidated audited annual	
24	financial statement of the parent corporation or the parent	
25	corporation's Form 10K reports filed with the Securities	
26	and Exchange Commission for the previous three (3)	
27	years, along with the licensee's unaudited annual financial	
28	statement.	
29	A financial statement required to be submitted under this	
30	clause must be prepared by a certified public accountant	
31	authorized to do business in the United States in accordance with AICPA Statements on Standards for	
32		
33	Accounting and Review Services (SSARS). A financial statement not covering the immediately preceding twelve	
34 35	(12) month period is not considered the most recent	
36	statement for purposes of license renewal under this	
37	section.	
38	(B) The number of payment instruments sold by the licensee	
39	in Indiana, the dollar amount of those instruments, and the	
40	dollar amount of outstanding payment instruments sold by the	
41	licensee calculated from the most recent quarter for which data	
-T T	incensee carculated from the most recent quarter for which data	

is available before the date of the filing of the renewal



1	application, but in no event more than one hundred twenty
2	(120) days before the renewal date.
3	(C) Material changes to the information submitted by the
4	licensee on its original application that have not been reported
5	previously to the director on any other report required to be
6	filed under this chapter.
7	(D) A list of the licensee's permissible investments. and
8	(E) A list of the locations within Indiana at which business
9	regulated by this chapter will be conducted by either the
10	licensee or its authorized delegate, including information
11	concerning any business, other than the business of money
12	transmission under this chapter, that will be conducted at each
13	identified location, as required under section 24(10) of this
14	chapter.
15	(2) Paying the annual renewal fee described under section 37 of
16	this chapter.
17	(b) A licensee that:
18	(1) does not:
19	(A) file:
20	(i) a renewal report; or pay the renewal fee
21	(ii) any financial statements required by subsection
22	(-)(1)(A).
22	(a)(1)(A);
23	(a)(1)(A); by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or
23	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or
23 24	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and
23 24 25	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the
23 24 25 26	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in
23 24 25 26 27	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);
23 24 25 26 27 28	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the director may department shall require a daily late fee beginning with
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the director may department shall require a daily late fee beginning with the date the renewal report, the financial statements, or the annual
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the director may department shall require a daily late fee beginning with the date the renewal report, the financial statements, or the annual renewal fee is required by this chapter in an amount fixed by the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the director may department shall require a daily late fee beginning with the date the renewal report, the financial statements, or the annual renewal fee is required by this chapter in an amount fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5.  (c) The director may, for good cause shown, waive any requirement of this section.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the director may department shall require a daily late fee beginning with the date the renewal report, the financial statements, or the annual renewal fee is required by this chapter in an amount fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5.  (c) The director may, for good cause shown, waive any requirement of this section.  SECTION 80. IC 28-8-4-40.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.57-2006,
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the director may department shall require a daily late fee beginning with the date the renewal report, the financial statements, or the annual renewal fee is required by this chapter in an amount fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5.  (c) The director may, for good cause shown, waive any requirement of this section.  SECTION 80. IC 28-8-4-40.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 59, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE]
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	by the renewal filing deadline set by the director; and or  (B) pay the renewal fee by March 31 of each year; and  (2) has not been granted an extension of time to do so by the director department to meet the requirements described in subdivision (1);  shall be notified by the director, department, in writing, that a hearing will be scheduled at which the licensee will be required to show cause why its license should not be suspended pending compliance with these requirements. If after the hearing the license is not suspended, the director may department shall require a daily late fee beginning with the date the renewal report, the financial statements, or the annual renewal fee is required by this chapter in an amount fixed by the department under IC 28-11-3-5.  (c) The director may, for good cause shown, waive any requirement of this section.  SECTION 80. IC 28-8-4-40.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.57-2006,



following apply:

1	(1) Any business, other than the business of money transmission
2	under this chapter, will be conducted by the licensee or another
3	person, other than an authorized delegate that is not under
4	common control with the applicant, at any location in Indiana
5	in which the licensee conducts the business of money
6	transmission under this chapter.
7	(2) Any information concerning other business conducted at the
8	locations identified in the licensee's application under section
9	24(10) of this chapter changes.
10	(b) For each location described in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2), the
11	licensee shall provide to the department the information required under
12	section 24(10) of this chapter with respect to that location:
13	(1) not later than fifteen (15) days after the other business begins
14	operating at the location; or
15	(2) if the licensee's next application for a renewal license under
16	section 38 of this chapter is due before the date described in
17	subdivision (1), in the licensee's next application for a renewal
18	license under section 38 of this chapter.
19	SECTION 81. IC 28-8-4-40.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 40.6. (a) This section applies if,
22	after a person has been issued a license or renewal license under
23	this chapter, any of the following apply:
23 24	this chapter, any of the following apply: (1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6)
	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
24	(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6)
24 25	(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony
24 25 26	(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
24 25 26 27 28	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6)</li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded</li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<ol> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> </ol>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ol> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the</li> </ol>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ol> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> </ol>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the department the information required under section 24(5)(B), 25(6)(B), or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies:</li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the department the information required under section 24(5)(B), 25(6)(B), or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies:</li> <li>(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or</li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the department the information required under section 24(5)(B), 25(6)(B), or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies:</li> <li>(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter:</li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the department the information required under section 24(5)(B), 25(6)(B), or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies: <ol> <li>(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter:</li> <li>(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the department the information required under section 24(5)(B), 25(6)(B), or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies: <ol> <li>(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter:</li> <li>(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or</li> <li>(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the department the information required under section 24(5)(B), 25(6)(B), or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies: <ol> <li>(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter:</li> <li>(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or</li> <li>(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to the felony;</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.</li> <li>(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the department the information required under section 24(5)(B), 25(6)(B), or 26(4)(B) of this chapter, whichever applies: <ol> <li>(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or individual described in section 25(6) or 26(4) of this chapter:</li> <li>(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or</li> <li>(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo</li> </ol> </li> </ul>



1	of this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision
2	(1), along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under
3	section 37 of this chapter.
4	SECTION 82. IC 28-8-4-47 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 47. (a) Notwithstanding
6	any other provision of law, all information or reports obtained by the
7	director from an applicant, a licensee, or an authorized delegate,
} }	whether obtained through reports, applications, examination, audits,
	investigation, or otherwise, including: but not limited to:
	(1) all information contained in or related to:
	(A) examination;
	(B) investigation;
	(C) operation; or
	(D) condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use
	of the director; or
	(2) financial statements, balance sheets, or authorized delegate
	information;
	are confidential and may not be disclosed or distributed outside the
	department by the director or any officer or employee of the
	department, except as provided in subsection (b).
	(b) The director may provide for the release of information to
	representatives of: state or federal:
	(1) financial institution supervisory agencies;
	(2) law enforcement agencies; or
	(3) prosecutorial agencies or offices;
	that of a state (as defined in IC 28-2-17-19), the United States, or a
	foreign country. An agency or office that receives information
	from the director under this subsection shall maintain the
	confidentiality of the information as described in IC 28-1-2-30.
	(c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the director from releasing
	to the public a list of persons licensed under this chapter or from
	releasing aggregated financial data on such licensees.
	SECTION 83. IC 28-8-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) This chapter does
	not apply to a financial institution organized under IC 28 or federal
	law.
	(b) This chapter does not apply to persons engaged in the business
	of cashing checks if:
	(1) the transaction is incidental to the retail sale of goods or
	services; and
	(2) consideration (as defined in section 3 of this chapter) for
	cashing checks does not exceed the greater of:



1	(A) one two percent (1%) (2%) of the face amount of the	
2	check; or	
3	(B) one dollar (\$1).	
4	(B) two dollars (\$2).	
5	SECTION 84. IC 28-8-5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
6	SECTION 62, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
7	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 11. (a) A person shall not engage in the business	
8	of cashing checks for consideration without first obtaining a license.	
9	(b) Each application for a license shall be in writing in such form as	
10	the director may prescribe and shall include all of the following:	
11	(1) The following information pertaining to the applicant:	
12	(A) Name.	
13	(B) Residence address.	
14	(C) Business address.	
15	(2) The following information pertaining to corporate directors of	
16	the applicant, officers of the applicant, owners of the applicant (if	
17	a proprietorship), and partners of the applicant, if applicable:	
18	(A) Name.	
19	(B) Residence address.	
20	(C) Business address.	
21	(D) Whether the person:	
22	(i) is, at the time of the application, under indictment for	U
23	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation	
24	under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or	
25	(ii) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo	
26	contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit, or	
27	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any	V
28	other jurisdiction.	
29 30	(3) The address where the applicant's office or offices will be located. If any business, other than the business of cashing checks	
31	under this chapter, will be conducted by the applicant or another	
32	person at any of the locations identified under this subdivision,	
33	the applicant shall indicate for each location at which another	
34	business will be conducted:	
35	(A) the nature of the other business;	
36	(B) the name under which the other business operates;	
37	(C) the address of the principal office of the other business;	
38	(D) the name and address of the business's resident agent in	
39	Indiana; and	
40	(E) any other information that the director may require.	
41	(4) Such other data, financial statements, and pertinent	
42	information as the director may require.	



1	(c) The application shall be filed with a nonrefundable fee fixed by
2	the department under IC 28-11-3-5.
3	SECTION 85. IC 28-8-5-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
4	SECTION 63, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12. (a) The department shall determine the
6	financial responsibility, business experience, character, and general
7	fitness of the applicant before issuing the license.
8	(b) The department may refuse to issue a license if:
9	(1) an applicant who is an individual has been convicted of a
10	felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the
11	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction; or
12	(2) the application was submitted for the benefit of, or on behalf
13	of, a person who does not qualify for a license.
14	(c) The director of the department may request evidence of
15	compliance with this section by the licensee at:
16	(1) the time of application;
17	(2) the time of renewal of the licensee's license; or
18	(3) any other time considered necessary by the director.
19	(d) For purposes of subsection (c), evidence of compliance may
20	include:
21	(1) criminal background checks, including a national criminal
22	history check by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
23	(2) credit histories; and
24	(3) other background checks considered necessary by the director.
25	SECTION 86. IC 28-8-5-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 17. (a) Except as
27	otherwise provided in this chapter, a licensee may not charge check
28	cashing fees in excess of:
29	(1) the greater of five ten dollars $(\$5)$ (\\$10) or ten percent $(10\%)$
30	of the face amount of a check, in the case of a personal check;
31	or
32	(2) the greater of five dollars (\$5) or five percent (5%) of the
33	face amount of a check, in the case of all other checks.
34	(b) Except as provided in this chapter, a licensee or the licensee's
35	agent may not accept multiple checks from a:
36	(1) person;
37	(2) person's spouse; or
38	(3) person's agent;
39	drawn on the person's account with the intent that the licensee may
40	collect multiple or increased fees for cashing the checks.
41	SECTION 87. IC 28-8-5-18.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
42	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18.4. (a) This section applies if,
2	after a person has been issued a license or renewal license under
3	this chapter, any of the following apply:
4	(1) The licensee, or any individual described in section
5	11(b)(2) of this chapter, is under indictment for a felony
6	involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws
7	of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.
8	(2) The licensee, or any individual described in section
9	11(b)(2) of this chapter, has been convicted of or pleaded
10	guilty or nolo contendere to a felony involving fraud, deceit,
11	or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other
12	jurisdiction.
13	(b) If this section applies, the licensee shall provide to the
14	department the information required under section 11(b)(2)(D) of
15	this chapter:
16	(1) not later than thirty (30) days after the licensee or
17	individual described in section 11(b)(2) of this chapter:
18	(A) has been put on notice of the indictment; or
19	(B) has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or nolo
20	contendere to the felony;
21	whichever applies; or
22	(2) if the licensee's next license renewal fee under section 15
23	of this chapter is due before the date described in subdivision
24	(1), along with the licensee's next license renewal fee under
25	section 15 of this chapter.
26	SECTION 88. IC 28-10-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,
27	SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. A reference to a federal law or federal
29	regulation in IC 28 is a reference to the law or regulation in effect
30	<del>January 1, 2006.</del> <b>December 31, 2006.</b>
31	SECTION 89. IC 28-11-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) The department
33	of financial institutions is established.
34	(b) The department:
35	(1) is an independent agency in the executive branch of state
36	government; and
37	(2) exercises essential public functions.
38	(c) The expenses of the department in administering the
39	financial institutions subject to the department's oversight are paid
40	by financial institutions through fees established by the department
41	under IC 28-11-3-5.
42	(d) Subject to subsection (e), the department's regulatory and



1	budgetary functions are not subject to oversight by the following:	
2	(1) The office of management and budget (notwithstanding	
3	IC 4-3-22-14).	
4	(2) The budget agency (notwithstanding IC 4-12-1).	
5	(3) The state personnel department (notwithstanding	
6	IC 4-15-1.8).	
7	(4) The Indiana department of administration	
8	(notwithstanding IC 4-13-1).	
9	(5) The office of technology (notwithstanding IC 4-13.1).	
10	(e) The department's funds, accounts, and financial affairs shall	4
11	be examined biennially by the state board of accounts under	
12	IC 5-11-1-9(c).	
13	SECTION 90. IC 28-11-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
14	SECTION 68, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
15	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) The ultimate authority for and the powers,	
16	duties, management, and control of the department are vested in the	4
17	following seven (7) members:	
18	(1) The director of the department, who serves as an ex officio,	
19	voting member.	
20	(2) The following six (6) members appointed by the governor as	
21	follows:	
22	(A) Two (2) Three (3) members must have practical	
23	experience at the executive level of a:	
24	(i) state chartered bank;	
25	(ii) state chartered savings association; or	
26	(iii) state chartered savings bank.	
27	(B) One (1) member must have practical experience at the	\
28	executive level of a state chartered savings association or a	
29	state chartered savings bank.	
30	(C) (B) One (1) member must have practical experience at the	
31	executive level as a lender licensed under IC 24-4.5.	
32	(D) (C) One (1) member must have practical experience at the	
33	executive level of a state chartered credit union.	
34	(E) (D) One (1) member must be appointed with due regard	
35	for the consumer, agricultural, industrial, and commercial	
36	interests of Indiana.	
37	(b) Not more than three (3) members appointed by the governor	
38	under subsection (a)(2) after June 30, 2006, may be affiliated with the	
39	same political party.	
40	SECTION 91. IC 28-11-1-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 13. The members may	
42	by resolution establish policies and procedures in order to facilitate:	



1	(1) the supervision of financial institutions by the department;	
2	and	
3	(2) the licensing and regulation of persons and entities by the	
4	department under:	
5	(A) this title; and	
6	(B) IC 24.	
7	SECTION 92. IC 28-11-1-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. All assignments,	
9	deeds, instruments, notices, orders, rules, and other documents of the	
10	department shall be (1) executed in the name of "The Department of	
11	Financial Institutions" by the director or, in case of the director's	
12	absence or disability, by:	
13	(A) (1) the chairman;	
14	(B) the vice chairman; (2) an officer elected by the members;	
15	or	
16	(C) (3) an employee of the department designated in writing by	
17	the director or the chairman. <del>and</del>	
18	(2) attested by the secretary.	
19	SECTION 93. IC 28-11-1-15 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
20	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 15. If the governor:	
22	(1) declares, under IC 10-14-3-12, a state of emergency in all	
23	or part of Indiana; or	
24	(2) in the absence of a declaration under subdivision (1), gives	_
25	prior approval to the director;	
26	the director is authorized to take necessary and appropriate action	
27	to establish or preserve safe and sound methods of banking and to	
28	safeguard the interests of depositors, debtors, consumers, and	y
29	creditors.	
30	SECTION 94. IC 28-11-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.141-2005,	
31	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
32	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) The director, on behalf of the department,	
33	shall employ qualified individuals as assistants, deputies, supervisors,	
34	and other necessary employees. Individuals employed by the director	
35	are not subject to job classifications or compensation schedules	
36	established under IC 4-15. The technical or professional qualification	
37	of an applicant shall be determined by examination, by professional	
38	rating, or as the director determines. Salaries and benefits for	
39 40	employees of the department shall be:	
40 41	(1) established by the members, upon recommendation of the	
41 42	director; and  (2) paid from the financial institutions fund established by	



1	section 9 of this chapter.
2	In making a recommendation under subdivision (1), the director
3	may recommend salaries and benefits substantially equivalent to
4	those paid by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or other
5	federal agencies that supervise financial institutions.
6	(b) The director may retain enter into contracts, including
7	contracts for the services of a qualified independent contractor to
8	assist the department in the examination process under this article.
9	Notwithstanding IC 4-13-2-14.1, contracts executed under this
10	section must comply with state contracting laws and the contracting
11	policies and procedures of the Indiana department of administration.
12	are not subject to the approval of:
13	(1) the director of the budget agency; or
14	(2) the commissioner of the Indiana department of
15	administration.
16	SECTION 95. IC 28-11-2-6.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
17	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6.1. (a) The members, the
19	director, and the employees of the department are:
20	(1) under the jurisdiction of, and subject to the rules adopted
21	by, the state ethics commission; and
22	(2) subject to all other ethics rules and requirements that
23	apply to the executive branch of state government.
24	(b) The department may adopt additional ethics rules and
25	requirements that:
26	(1) apply to the members, the director, and the employees of
27	the department;
28	(2) are not less stringent than the rules adopted by the state
29	ethics commission; and
30	(3) are consistent with state law.
31	SECTION 96. IC 28-11-2-6.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
32	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
33	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6.2. Except as otherwise provided
34	by law, the department is subject to the following:
35	(1) IC 5-14-1.5.
36	(2) IC 5-15-3.
37	SECTION 97. IC 28-11-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. The director may
	The state of the s
39	disclose or make available to a:
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	disclose or make available to a:



1	(4) private insurer of deposit accounts or share accounts of a	
2	financial institution; or	
3	(5) state or federal agency responsible for licensing,	
4	registering, chartering, or supervising any regulated:	
5	(A) business; or	
6	(B) nonprofit activity;	
7	confidential information described under IC 28-1-2-30 or pertaining	
8	to a regulated business or nonprofit activity.	
9	SECTION 98. IC 28-11-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006,	
10	SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	1
11	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) If the director determines that a director, an	
12	officer, or an employee of a financial institution has:	•
13	(1) committed a violation of a statute, a rule, a final cease and	
14	desist order, any condition imposed in writing by the director in	
15	connection with the grant of any application or other request by	
16	the financial institution, or any written agreement between the	4
17	financial institution and the director;	1
18	(2) engaged or participated in an unsafe or unsound practice in	
19	connection with the financial institution;	
20	(3) committed or engaged in an act, an omission, or a practice that	
21	constitutes a breach of fiduciary duty as director, officer, or	
22	employee; or	
23	(4) been <del>charged in a complaint, an indictment, or an information</del>	
24	with the commission of or participation in a crime involving	
25	dishonesty or breach of trust that is punishable by imprisonment	
26	for a term exceeding one (1) year under federal law or the law of	
27	a state; convicted of, has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to,	1
28	or is under indictment for, a felony involving fraud, deceit, or	1
29	misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other	
30	jurisdiction;	
31	the director, subject to subsection (b), may issue and serve upon the	
32	officer, director, or employee a notice of the director's intent to issue an	
33	order removing the person from the person's office or employment, an	
34	order prohibiting any participation by the person in the conduct of the	
35	affairs of any financial institution, or an order both removing the person	
36	and prohibiting the person's participation.	
37	(b) A violation, practice, or breach specified in subdivision (a) is	
38	subject to the authority of the director under subsection (a) if the	
39	director finds any of the following:	
40	(1) By reason of the violation, practice, or breach, the financial	

institution has suffered or will probably suffer substantial



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financial loss or other damage.

1	(2) The interests of the financial institution's depositors could be	
2	seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, practice, or breach	
3	of fiduciary duty.	
4	(3) The violation, practice, or breach involves personal dishonesty	
5	on the part of the officer, director, or employee involved.	
6	(4) The violation, practice, or breach demonstrates a willful or	
7	continuing disregard by the officer, director, or employee for the	
8	safety and soundness of the financial institution.	
9	(c) A person convicted of a:(1) felony; or(2) crime involving	
10	dishonesty or breach of trust; who:	
11	(1) is under indictment for;	•
12	(2) has been convicted of; or	
13	(3) has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to;	
14	a felony involving fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the	
15	laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction may not serve as a director,	
16	an officer, or an employee of a financial institution, or serve in any	- (
17	similar capacity, unless the person obtains the written consent of the	•
18	department.	
19	(d) A financial institution that willfully permits a person to serve the	
20	financial institution in violation of subsection (b) or (c) is subject to a	
21	civil penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each day the violation	
22	continues. A civil penalty paid under this subsection must be deposited	
23	into the financial institutions fund established by IC 28-11-2-9.	
24	SECTION 99. IC 28-12-11-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) This section	
26	applies only to a corporation that is <b>organized or reorganized under</b>	
27	Indiana law and is any of the following:	1
28	(1) A bank and trust company.	
29	(2) A bank.	
30	(3) A stock savings bank.	
31	(4) A trust company.	
32	(5) A savings association.	
33	(6) An industrial loan and investment company.	
34	(7) A credit union.	
35	(8) A corporate fiduciary.	
36	(9) A bank of discount and deposit.	
37	(10) A loan and trust and safe deposit company.	
38	(b) The department shall determine the minimum amount of the	
39	capital of a corporation organized or reorganized under this title after	
40	giving consideration to:	
41	(1) the potential deposit liability to be anticipated, in the case of	



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a proposed new corporation; or

1	(2) the existing deposit liability, in the case of a corporation to be
2	reorganized.
3	SECTION 100. IC 28-12-11-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) This section
5	applies only to a corporation that is organized or reorganized under
6	Indiana law and is any of the following:
7	(1) A bank and trust company.
8	(2) A bank.
9	(3) A stock savings bank.
10	(4) A trust company.
11	(5) A savings association.
12	(6) An industrial loan and investment company.
13	(7) A credit union.
14	(8) A corporate fiduciary.
15	(9) A bank of discount and deposit.
16	(10) A loan and trust and safe deposit company.
17	(b) Notwithstanding section 1 of this chapter, the amount of capital
18	stock of a corporation to be organized under this title shall be one
19	hundred dollars (\$100) if an existing corporation will be merged into
20	or otherwise acquired by the corporation for which application has
21	been made.
22	(c) The new corporation may not transact business before the
23	merger except as incidental to the merger.
24	(d) Before completion of the merger, the department may
25	conduct any examination into the affairs and records of any party
26	to the merger, as determined by the director to be necessary.
27	(d) (e) Upon completion of the merger, the resulting corporation is
28	subject to the paid-in capital requirement of section 1 of this chapter.
29	this title.
30	SECTION 101. IC 28-13-4-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) The department
32	may, if the department considers it necessary for the protection of the
33	depositors, require any bank or trust company, savings bank, or savings
34	association to increase the sound capital and surplus or to reduce the
35	amount of the deposits of the bank or trust company, savings bank, or
36	savings association. The department shall, in arriving at a decision
37	whether to order a bank or trust company, savings bank, or savings
38	association to increase the sound capital and surplus or reduce the
39	amount of the deposits for the protection of the depositors of the bank
40	or trust company, savings bank, or savings association, take into

(1) Quality of management.



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41 42 consideration the following:

1	(2) Liquidity of assets.
2	(3) History of earnings and the retention of earnings.
3	(4) Quality and character of ownership.
4	(5) Burden of occupancy expenses.
5	(6) Potential volatility of deposit structure.
6	(7) Quality of operating procedures.
7	(8) Capacity to meet present and future needs of the area served,
8	considering its competition.
9	(b) If the department determines that an increase in the sound
10	capital and surplus or decrease in the deposits is necessary, the
11	department shall enter an order fixing the amount of the increase or
12	decrease. The order shall be complied with within the time period fixed
13	by the order.
14	(c) The department may require a corporate fiduciary to increase its
15	capital. In deciding whether to order a corporate fiduciary to increase
16	its capital, the department shall take into consideration the following:
17	(1) Quality of management.
18	(2) Liquidity of assets.
19	(3) History of earnings and the retention of earnings.
20	(4) Quality and character of ownership.
21	(5) Burden of occupancy expenses.
22	(6) Quality of operating procedures.
23	(7) Ability to administer fiduciary accounts in a prudent manner
24	consistent with applicable laws or regulations.
25	(d) If the department determines that an increase in capital under
26	subsection (c) is necessary, the department shall enter an order fixing
27	the amount of the increase. The order must be complied with within the
28	period fixed by the order.
29	SECTION 102. IC 28-13-9-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as
31	provided in subsection (c), every director must, during the director's
32	whole term of service, be a citizen of the United States. A director must
33	be at least eighteen (18) years of age. At least three-fifths (3/5)
34	one-half (1/2) of the directors must reside in Indiana or within a
35	distance of not to exceed fifty (50) miles of any office of the
36	corporation of which the director is a director.
37	(b) The articles of incorporation or bylaws may prescribe other
38	qualifications for directors. A director need not be a shareholder of the
39	corporation unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws so prescribe.
40	(c) The director of the department may waive the United States

citizenship requirement set forth in subsection (a) for a particular corporation if the waiver would affect only a minority of the total



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1	number of directors of the corporation.	
2	SECTION 103. IC 28-15-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this	
4	section, "rights and privileges" means the power:	
5	(1) to:	
6	(A) create;	
7	(B) deliver;	
8	(C) acquire; or	
9	(D) sell;	
10	a product, a service, or an investment that is available to or	
11	offered by; or	
12	(2) to engage in other activities authorized for;	
13	federal savings associations domiciled in Indiana.	
14	(b) Subject to this section, savings associations may exercise the	
15	rights and privileges that are granted to federal savings associations.	
16	(c) A savings association that intends to exercise any rights and	
17	privileges that are:	
18	(1) granted to federal savings associations; but	
19	(2) not authorized for savings associations under:	
20	(A) the Indiana Code (except for this section); or	
21	(B) a rule adopted under IC 4-22-2;	<b>=</b> 4
22	shall submit a letter to the department, describing in detail the	
23	requested rights and privileges granted to federal savings associations	
24	that the savings association intends to exercise. If available, copies of	
25	relevant federal law, regulations, and interpretive letters must be	
26	attached to the letter.	
27	(d) The department shall promptly notify the requesting savings	
28	association of its receipt of the letter submitted under subsection (c).	V
29	Except as provided in subsection (f), the savings association may	
30	exercise the requested rights and privileges sixty (60) days after the	
31	date on which the department receives the letter unless otherwise	
32	notified by the department.	
33	(e) The department through its members, may prohibit the savings	
34	association from exercising deny the requested rights and privileges	
35	only if the members find department finds that:	
36	(1) federal savings associations in Indiana do not possess the	
37	requested rights and privileges; or	
38	(2) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the	
39	savings association would adversely affect the safety and	
40	soundness of the savings association;	
41	(3) the exercise of the requested rights and privileges by the	
12	savings association would result in an unaccentable	



1	curtailment of consumer protection; or	
2	(4) the failure of the department to approve the requested	
3	rights and privileges will not result in a competitive	
4	disadvantage to the savings association.	
5	(f) The sixty (60) day period referred to in subsection (d) may be	
6	extended by the department based on a determination that the savings	
7	association letter raises issues requiring additional information or	
8	additional time for analysis. If the sixty (60) day period is extended	
9	under this subsection, the savings association may exercise the	
10	requested rights and privileges only if the savings association receives	
11	prior written approval from the department. However:	
12	(1) the members department must:	
13	(A) approve or deny the requested rights and privileges; or	
14	(B) convene a hearing;	
15	not later than sixty (60) days after the department receives the	
16	savings association's letter; and	
17	(2) if a hearing is convened, the members department must	
18	approve or deny the requested rights and privileges not later than	
19	sixty (60) days after the hearing is concluded.	
20	(g) The exercise of rights and privileges by a savings association in	
21	compliance with and in the manner authorized by this section does not	
22	constitute a violation of any provision of the Indiana Code or rules	
23	adopted under IC 4-22-2.	
24	(h) Whenever, in compliance with this section, If a savings	
25	association exercises receives approval to exercise the requested	
26	rights and privileges granted to national savings associations domiciled	_
27	in Indiana, the department shall determine by order whether all	
28	savings associations may exercise the same rights and privileges. if In	<b>Y</b>
29	making the determination required by this subsection, the	
30	department by order determines must ensure that the exercise of the	
31	rights and privileges by all savings associations would will not:	
32	(1) adversely affect their safety and soundness; or	
33	(2) unduly constrain Indiana consumer protection provisions.	
34	(i) If the department denies the request of a savings association	
35	under this section to exercise any rights and privileges that are	
36	granted to national savings associations, the company may appeal	
37	the decision of the department to the circuit court with jurisdiction	
38	in the county in which the principal office of the savings association	
39	is located.	
40	SECTION 104. An emergency is declared for this act.	



### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill 1557, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 10, line 12, after "benefits" insert ",".

Page 12, line 11, after "value" insert "to the debtor".

Page 12, line 11, after "benefits" insert ",".

Page 25, line 22, after "hundred" insert "fifty".

Page 25, line 22, strike "(\$500);" and insert "(\$550);".

Page 25, line 29, delete "dollars (\$500)" and insert "**fifty dollars** (\$550)".

Page 26, line 4, before "dollars" insert "fifty".

Page 26, line 4, strike "(\$500)" and insert "(\$550)".

Page 26, line 5, after "five hundred" insert "fifty".

Page 26, line 6, strike "(\$500)." and insert "(\$550).".

Page 26, line 7, delete "dollars (\$500)" and insert "**fifty dollars** (\$550)".

Page 26, delete lines 31 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 24. IC 24-4.5-7-401, AS AMENDED BY P.L.57-2006, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 401. (1) A small loan may not be made for a term of less than fourteen (14) days.

- (2) After the borrower's fifth If five (5) consecutive small loan, loans have been made to a borrower after the borrower's initial small loan, another small loan may not be made to that borrower within seven (7) days after the fifth consecutive small loan is paid in full. After the borrower's fifth consecutive small loan, the balance must be paid in full. However, the borrower and lender may agree to enter into a simple interest loan, payable in installments, under IC 24-4.5-3 within seven (7) days after the due date of the fifth consecutive small loan.
- (3) Subject to subsection (4), whenever a borrower has entered into an initial small loan followed by three (3) consecutive small loans, the lender shall offer the borrower the option to repay:
  - (a) the third consecutive small loan; and
  - (b) subject to subsection (2), any small loan entered into after the third consecutive small loan;

under an extended payment plan. At the time of execution of a small loan described in subdivision (a) or (b), the lender shall disclose to the borrower the extended payment plan option by

EH 1557—LS 7853/DI 101+











providing the borrower a written description of the extended payment plan option in a separate disclosure document approved by the director.

- (4) A lender shall offer an extended payment plan under subsection (3) under the following terms and conditions:
  - (a) A borrower shall be permitted to request an extended payment plan at any time during the term of a third or subsequent consecutive small loan if the borrower has not defaulted on the outstanding small loan.
  - (b) An extended payment plan must allow the outstanding small loan to be paid in at least four (4) equal installments over a period of not less than sixty (60) days.
  - (c) The lender may not assess any fee or charge on a borrower for entering into an extended payment plan.
  - (d) An agreement for an extended payment plan must be in writing and acknowledged by both the borrower and the lender.
  - (e) A borrower may not enter into another small loan transaction while engaged in an extended payment plan.
- (5) An agreement for an extended payment plan under subsection (3):
  - (a) shall be considered an extension of the outstanding small loan; and
  - (b) may not be considered a new loan.".

Page 27, delete lines 1 through 11.

Page 27, line 19, strike "fifteen" and insert "twenty".

Page 27, line 19, strike "(15%)" and insert "(20%)".

Page 28, line 11, after "hundred" insert "fifty".

Page 28, line 11, strike "(\$500),".

Page 28, line 13, before "excluding" insert "(\$550),".

Page 28, line 16, delete "dollars (\$500)" and insert "**fifty dollars** (\$550)".

Page 32, line 13, delete "twenty dollars (\$20)" and insert "twenty-five dollars (\$25)".

Page 45, line 5, reset in roman "In an appeal under this section, the court shall determine the".

Page 45, reset in roman line 6.

Page 69, line 23, reset in roman "In an appeal under this section, the".

Page 69, reset in roman line 24.

Page 76, line 41, reset in roman "In an appeal under this section,".

Page 76, reset in roman line 42.

# EH 1557—LS 7853/DI 101+



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Page 80, line 27, strike ""Unimpaired" and insert "Except as provided in section 9(3)(J) of this chapter, "unimpaired".

Page 80, line 27, reset in roman "unimpaired".

Page 80, line 27, reset in roman "means the sum".

Page 80, reset in roman line 28.

Page 80, line 28, beginning with "(A)" begin a new line double block indented.

Page 80, line 28, beginning with "(B)" begin a new line double block indented.

Page 80, line 28, beginning with "(C)" begin a new line double block indented.

Page 80, line 29, reset in roman "regular reserve; and (D) allowance for loan and lease losses.".

Page 80, line 29, delete "has".

Page 80, line 29, beginning with "(D)" begin a new line double block indented.

Page 80, delete line 30.

Page 81, line 37, delete "an" and insert "and".

Page 81, line 39, after "department." insert "For purposes of this clause, "unimpaired capital and unimpaired shares" has the meaning set forth in 12 CFR 700.2.".

Page 87, line 37, reset in roman "In an appeal under".

Page 87, reset in roman line 38.

Page 106, delete lines 9 through 21, and insert:

"SECTION 87. IC 28-8-5-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 17. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a licensee may not charge check cashing fees in excess of:

- (1) the greater of five ten dollars (\$5) (\$10) or ten percent (10%) of the face amount of a check, in the case of a personal check; or
- (2) the greater of five dollars (\$5) or five percent (5%) of the face amount of a check, in the case of all other checks.
- **(b)** Except as provided in this chapter, a licensee or the licensee's agent may not accept multiple checks from a:
  - (1) person;
  - (2) person's spouse; or
  - (3) person's agent;

drawn on the person's account with the intent that the licensee may collect multiple or increased fees for cashing the checks.".



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Page 107, line 9, delete "JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]:" and insert "JULY 1, 2007]:".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1557 as introduced.)

BARDON, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 10, nays 0.

#### HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1557 be amended to read as follows:

Page 13, line 37, delete "in compliance with" and insert "under the authority of".

Page 15, line 1, delete "The" and insert "Subject to subsection (11), the".

Page 15, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(11) The director's authority to designate an automated central licensing system and repository under subsection (10) is subject to the following:
  - (a) The director or the director's designee may not require any person exempt from licensure under this article, or any employee or agent of an exempt person, to:
    - (i) submit information to; or
    - (ii) participate in;

the automated central licensing system and repository.

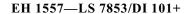
- (b) Information stored in the automated central licensing system and repository is subject to the confidentiality provisions of IC 28-1-2-30 and IC 5-14-3. A person may not:
  - (i) obtain information from the automated central licensing system and repository, unless the person is authorized to do so by statute; or
  - (ii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained from the automated central licensing system if the information is not otherwise available to the person under any other state law; or
  - (iii) initiate any civil action based on information obtained from the automated central licensing system if the person could not have initiated the action based on information otherwise available to the person under any other state

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law.

- (c) Documents, materials, and other forms of information in the control or possession of the automated central licensing system and repository that are furnished by the director, the director's designee, or a licensee, or that are otherwise obtained by the automated central licensing system and repository, are confidential and privileged by law and are not:
  - (i) subject to inspection under IC 5-14-3;
  - (ii) subject to subpoena;
  - (iii) subject to discovery; or
  - (iv) admissible in evidence in any civil action.

However, the director or the director's designee may use the documents, materials, or other information available to the director or the director's designee in furtherance of any action brought in connection with the director's duties under this article.

- (d) Disclosure of documents, materials, and information:
  - (i) to the director or the director's designee; or
- (ii) by the director or the director's designee; under this subsection does not result in a waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality with respect to the documents, materials, or information.
- (e) Information provided to the automated central licensing system and repository is subject to IC 4-1-11.
- (f) This subsection does not limit or impair a person's right to:
  - (i) obtain information;
  - (ii) use information as evidence in a civil action or proceeding; or
- (iii) use information to initiate a civil action or proceeding; if the information may be obtained from the director or the director's designee under any law.
- (g) The director may require a licensee required to submit information to the automated central licensing system and repository to pay a processing fee considered reasonable by the director.".

Page 29, line 32, delete "A lender shall cause the record of a borrower's loan to be" and insert "If a borrower presents evidence to a lender that a loan has been discharged in bankruptcy, the lender shall cause the record of the borrower's loan to be updated in the database described in subsection (4)(b) to reflect the bankruptcy discharge."

Page 29, delete lines 33 through 35.



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Page 29, line 37, delete "deleted from a database described in subsection (4)(b) upon: and insert "updated in the database described in subsection (4)(b) to reflect:.

Page 30, delete lines 20 through 42.

Page 31, delete lines 1 through 21.

Page 110, delete line 21.

Page 110, line 22, delete "(2)" and insert "(1)".

Page 110, line 23, delete "(3)" and insert "(2)".

Page 114, between lines 37 and 38, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 102. IC 28-13-9-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), every director must, during the director's whole term of service, be a citizen of the United States. A director must be at least eighteen (18) years of age. At least three-fifths (3/5) one-half (½) of the directors must reside in Indiana or within a distance of not to exceed fifty (50) miles of any office of the corporation of which the director is a director.

- (b) The articles of incorporation or bylaws may prescribe other qualifications for directors. A director need not be a shareholder of the corporation unless the articles of incorporation or bylaws so prescribe.
- (c) The director of the department may waive the United States citizenship requirement set forth in subsection (a) for a particular corporation if the waiver would affect only a minority of the total number of directors of the corporation.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1557 as printed February 2, 2007.)

**BURTON** 

#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions, to which was referred House Bill No. 1557, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to House Bill 1557 as printed February 20, 2007.)

PAUL, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 9, Nays 0.

EH 1557—LS 7853/DI 101+











## SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1557 be amended to read as follows:

Page 7, line 14, after "means." insert "However, during the period beginning July 1, 2007, and ending June 30, 2009, this subdivision does not apply to an affiliate or a subsidiary of a financial corporation issued a certificate of authority to operate as an industrial loan and investment company under IC 28-5 if all of the following apply:

- (i) The industrial loan and investment company notifies the department in writing that an affiliate or a subsidiary of the industrial loan and investment company engages or plans to engage in activity involving Indiana residents at an out of state location. The notification required by this clause must list all states other than Indiana in which consumer loans may be made and must describe the nature of the proposed transactions.
- (ii) The industrial loan and investment company provides written consent allowing the department to consult with and review information provided by other state regulators, as may be requested by the department, concerning the activities identified in clause (i) of any affiliate or subsidiary engaging in consumer lending to Indiana residents in the states identified under clause (i)."

(Reference is to EHB 1557 as printed March 23, 2007.)

**BECKER** 



